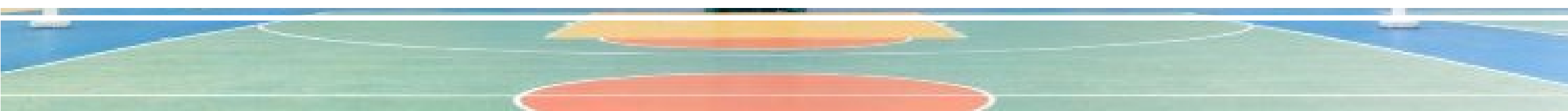
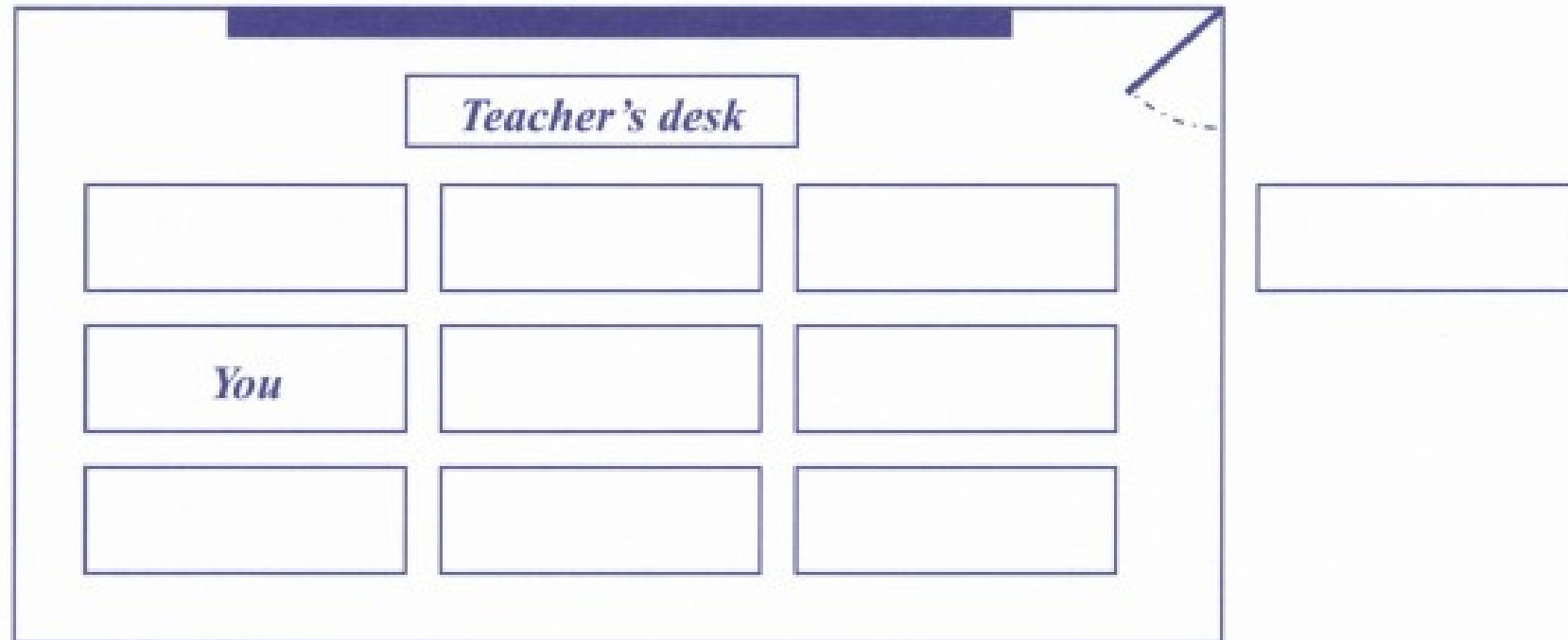




**Cantonese I
Week 9**



🔊 D. Suppose you are facing the blackboard and the teacher's desk, listen to the recording and write down where Philip, Mary, Susan, David, Stanley, Peter, Amy and Tom are. 🎧 (Track 267)



A. To ask and tell the subjects studied at school 🎧 (Track 203)



School subjects list: 🎧 (Track 204)

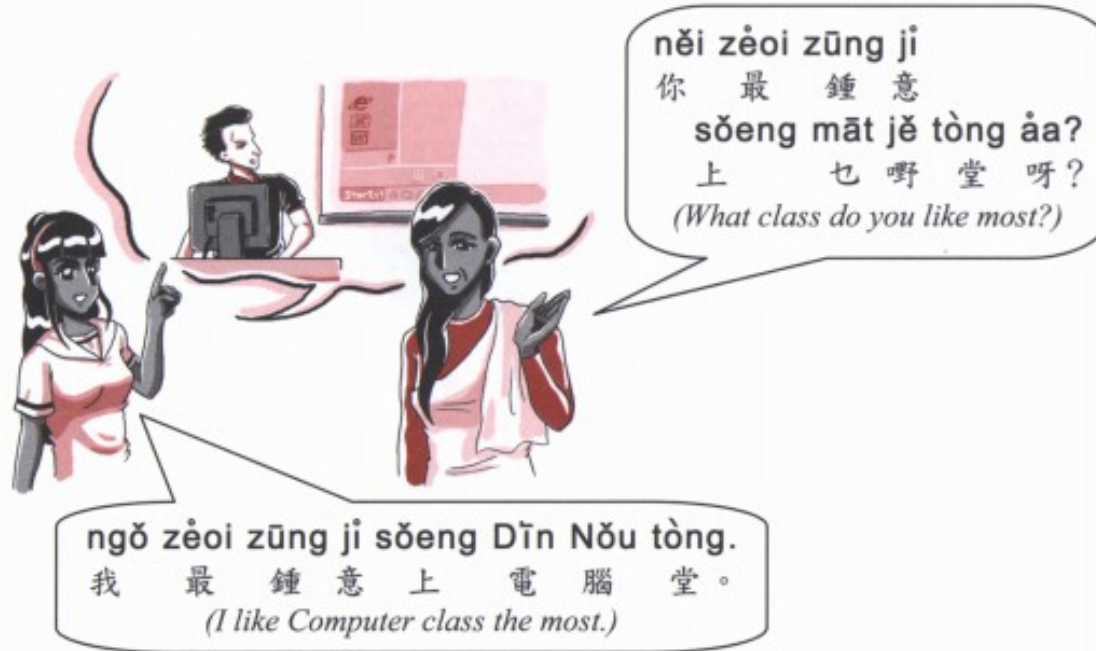
1. Zūng Mán 中文 (Chinese)	14. Fàa Hòk 化學 (Chemistry)
2. Jīng Mán 英文 (English)	15. Sāng Māt 生物 (Biology)
3. Sòu Hòk 數學 (Mathematics)	16. Fū Gāa Sòu Hòk 附加數學 (Additional Mathematics)
4. Zǔng Hāp Fō Hòk 綜合科學 (Integrated Science)	17. Sōeng Jīp 商業 (Commerce)
5. Dēi Lěi 地理 (Geography)	18. Gīng Zài 經濟 (Economics)
6. Līk Sí 歷史 (History)	19. Gīng Zài Kāp Gūng Gūng Sī Mǒu 經濟及公共事務 (Economics and Public Affairs)
7. Zūng Gwòk Līk Sí 中國歷史 (Chinese History)	20. Gāa Zīng 家政 (Home Economics)
8. Póu Tūng Wáa 普通話 (Putonghua)	21. Wūi Gài 會計 (Accounting)
9. Tái Jūk 體育 (Physical Education)	22. Zūng Gāau 宗教 (Religious Studies)
10. Dīn Nǒu 電腦 (Computer)	23. Tūng Sīk Gāau Jūk 通識教育 (Liberal Studies)
11. Jām Ngòk 音樂 (Music)	24. Ngòl Gwòk Jǔ Jìn 外國語言 (Foreign Languages)
12. Měi Sēot 美術 (Art)	
13. Māt Lěi 物理 (Physics)	

Chinese Studies

中文研究

zung1 man4 jin4 gau3

B. The superlative degree with 'zèoi' 🎧 (Track 205)



<u>Subject</u>	zèoi 最 (most)	zūng jì 鍾意 (like)	<u>Object.</u> (Noun/Verbal Phrase)
-----------------------	---------------------	-------------------------	---

ngǒ 我 (I)

- | | | |
|---------------------|------|----------------------|
| 1. Càn lǎu sī | 陳老師 | (Teacher Chan) |
| 2. Dīn Nǒu fō | 電腦科 | (ICT subject) |
| 3. sǎng Līk Sí tòng | 上歷史堂 | (have History Class) |
| 4. hǒk Zūng Mán | 學中文 | (learn Chinese) |
| 5. dūk sū | 讀書 | (study) |

Subject

zèoi
最
(most)

m̄ zūng jī
唔 鍾 意
(dislike)

Object.
(Noun/Verbal Phrase)

1. lǎu sī 老師 (teacher)
2. ngǒ 我 (I)
3. màa māa 媽媽 (mother)
4. bàa bāa 爸爸 (father)

1. lǎan hōk sāang 懶學生 (lazy student)
2. cì dòu 遲到 (be late)
3. lők jǔ 落雨 (rain)
4. sāk cē 塞車 (traffic congestion)

C. To use two adjectives to describe something (Track 206)

Dīn Nǒu tòng jǎu hóu wán, jǎu jǎu jǔng.
 電 腦 堂 又 好 玩， 又 有 用。
 (ICT is fun and also useful.)



<u>Topic / Subject</u>	jǎu 又 (and)	<u>Adjective 1,</u>	jǎu 又 (and)	<u>Adjective 2.</u>
------------------------	-------------------	---------------------	-------------------	---------------------

- 1. gāo 高 (tall)
- 2. fèi 肥 (fat)
- 3. dà 大 (big)
- 4. nán 難 (difficult)
- 5. lěng 靚 (pretty)

- 1. sǎo 瘦 (thin)
- 2. ái 矮 (short)
- 3. lěng 靚 (beautiful)
- 4. mǔn 悶 (boring)
- 5. hóu jàn 好人 (kind)

- 1. Wàng lǎo sī 王老師 (Teacher Wong)
- 2. Lǐ hǎo zǎng 李校長 (Principal Lee)
- 3. Hōng Góng Hǒk Hǎu 香港學校 (Hong Kong School)
- 4. Lìk Sí tòng 歷史堂 (History class)
- 5. Chán jī sāng 陳醫生 (Doctor Chan)

D. To ask and express one's feeling or thinking (Track 207)

něi gòk dāk Wòng lǎo sī dím ǎa?
 你 覺 得 王 老 師 點 呀?
 (How do you like Teacher Wong?)



ngǒ gòk dāk Wòng lǎo sī hóu jìim.
 我 覺 得 王 老 師 好 嚴。
 (I think that Teacher Wong is very strict.)

něi 你

Q:	<u>Subject</u>	gòk dāk 覺得 (feel/think)	<u>Topic</u>	dím ǎa? 點 呀? (how)
----	----------------	-------------------------------	--------------	--------------------------

A:	<u>Subject</u>	gòk dāk 覺得 (feel/think)	<u>Topic</u>	<u>Comment.</u> (Adverb + Adjective)
----	----------------	-------------------------------	--------------	---

ngǒ 我

1. Hōeng Góng 香港 (Hong Kong)
2. Hò síu zé 何小姐 (Miss Ho)
3. Gwóng Dūng Còi 廣東菜 (Cantonese cuisine)
4. gūng fò 功課 (homework)
5. Dīn Nǎu tòng 電腦堂 (Computer class)

1. hóu sài 好細 (very small)
2. hóu hóu jàn 好好人 (very nice)
3. m̄ hóu sīk 唔好食 (not tasty)
4. tǎai dō 太多 (too many)
5. jǎu hóu wáan, 又好玩 (interesting and useful)
jǎu jǎu jūng 又有用

E. The verb 'teach' can take two objects (Track 208)



Wòng lǎo sī gǎu ngǒ dēi dīn nǒu fō.
 王 老師 教 我 哋 電 腦 科。
 (Teacher Wong teaches us ICT.)

<u>Person 1</u> (Subject)	gǎu 教 (teach)	<u>Person 2</u> (Indirect Object)	<u>Skill.</u> (Direct Object)
-------------------------------------	----------------------------	---	---

- 1. hǎu zóeng 校長 (principal)
- 2. lǎo sī 老師 (teacher)
- 3. bàa bāa 爸爸 (father)
- 4. màa māa 媽媽 (mother)
- 5. gò gō 哥哥 (elder brother)

- 1. hōk sāang 學生 (student)
- 2. ngǒ dēi 我哋 (we)
- 3. zè zē 姐姐 (elder sister)
- 4. mùi múi 妹妹 (younger sister)
- 5. kěoi nēoi pàng jǎu 佢女朋友 (his girlfriend)

- 1. cōeng gō 唱歌 (singing)
- 2. dǎa bō 打波 (playing ball game)
- 3. jàu séoi 游水 (swimming)
- 4. zýu fāan 煮飯 (cooking)
- 5. wǎak wáa 畫畫 (drawing)



Mom : nǚ gān nìn dūk géi dō fō áa?
你 今 年 讀 幾 多 科 呀?
(How many subjects do you study this year?)



Farah : ngǒ gān nìn dūk sǎp jāt fō.
我 今 年 讀 十 一 科。
(I study eleven subjects this year.)



Mom : nǚ zèoi zūng jǐ sǒeng māt jě tòng,
你 最 鍾 意 上 乜 嘢 堂,
(Which class do you like to attend most?)

zèoi m zūng jǐ sǒeng māt jě tòng áa?
最 唔 鍾 意 上 乜 嘢 堂 呀?
(Which class do you dislike to attend most?)



Farah : ngǒ zèoi zūng jǐ sǒeng Dīn Nǚu tòng,
我 最 鍾 意 上 電 腦 堂,
(I like to attend Computer class most.)

ngǒ gòk dāk Dīn Nǚu tòng jǎu hóu wáan, jǎu jǎu jūng.
我 覺 得 電 腦 堂 又 好 玩, 又 有 用。
(I think that computer class is very fun and useful.)

ngǒ zèoi m zūng jǐ sǒeng Līk Sí tòng,
我 最 唔 鍾 意 上 歷 史 堂,
(I don't like to attend History class most.)

ngǒ gòk dāk gūng fò tǎai dō.
我 覺 得 功 課 太 多。
(I think that there is too much homework.)



Mom : bīn gò lǒu sī gǎau Dīn Nǚu fō áa?
邊 個 老 師 教 電 腦 科 呀?
(Which teacher teaches computer subject?)



Farah : Wòng lǒu sī gǎau ngǒ dēi Dīn Nǚu fō.
王 老 師 教 我 哋 電 腦 科。
(Teacher Wong teaches us computer subject.)

kǒi hóu jìim, bāt gwǒ hóu hóu jàn.
佢 好 嚴, 不 過 好 好 人。
(He is very strict, but he is very kind.)

A. Read the following sentences, and fill in the timetable in English.

- 1) sīng kèi jāt, ngǔ sǒeng Zūng Mán tòng sīn.
- 2) sīng kèi jāt, sǒeng zǎu sǎp dím bủn, ngǔ sǒeng Sủu Hǒk tòng.
- 3) sīng kèi jāt, hǎa zǎu jāt dím bủn, ngǔ sǒeng Lĩk Sí tòng.
- 4) sīng kèi jĩ, gáu dím tùng sǎp dím bủn, ngǔ dōu sǒeng Jĩng Mán tòng.
- 5) sīng kèi jĩ, hǎa zǎu jāt dím bủn, ngǔ sǒeng Dĩn Nǒu tòng.
- 6) zūng nǚ sǎp jĩ dím sĩk fǎan.
- 7) ảan zǎu sǎam dím zūng fỏng hỏk.
- 8) sīng kèi jāt, ảan zǎu sǎam dím zūng, ngǔ hỏk jàu sẻoi.
- 9) sīng kèi jĩ, sǎam dím zūng, ngǔ sǒeng Gwóng Dũng Wǎa tòng.
- 10) sīng kèi jāt tùng sīng kèi jĩ, ngǔ ảan zǎu sẻi dím hẻoi bủu zǎap.

	<i>Monday</i>	<i>Tuesday</i>
9:00 – 10:30		
10:30 – 12:00		
12:00 – 1:30		
1:30 – 3:00		
3:00		
3:00 – 4:00		
4:00 – 5:00		

Answer the following questions in Cantonese.

1) nǐ zěoi zūng jǐ sīk māt jě ǎa?

2) nǐ zěoi zūng jǐ sǒeng māt jě tòng ǎa?

3) nǐ zěoi m̀ zūng jǐ dūk māt jě fō ǎa?

C. Re-arrange the various parts of the following sentences in their right order.

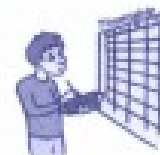
1) zèoi / ngǒ / wáan dīn nǒu / zūng jǐ / . /



2) bàa bāa / cáai dāan cē / gò gō / gǎau / . /



3) gām nìn / bǎat fō / dūk / ngǒ / . /



4) Tony / sùu pín / gòk dāk / hóu hóu sīk / . /



5) nī gāan / màa mǎa / tái gwǎi / gòk dāk / cāan tēng / . /



6) jǎu / nī gīn / jǎu / pèng / dāan gōu / hóu sīk / . / . /

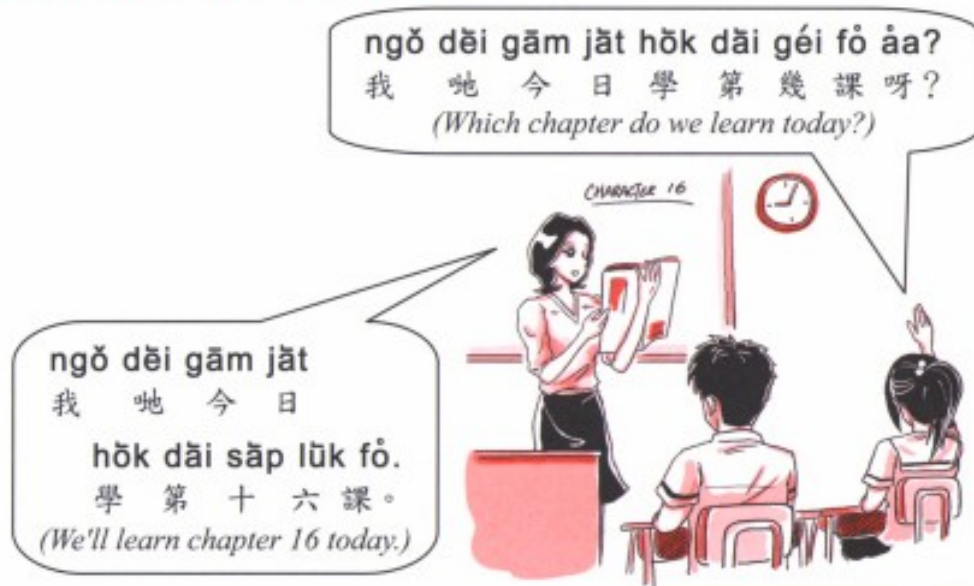


邊個	Who	Bin1 go6
咩 / 乜嘢	what	Me1 / Mat1 je5
邊度	Where	Bin1 dou6
幾多	How many/ much	Gei2 do1
幾時	When	Gei2 si4

點解	Why	dim2 gaai2
因為	Because	jan1 wai6

鍾意	To like	zung1 ji3	m4 zung1 ji3
識	To know (a skill, a person)	sik1	m4 sik1
知	To know (information, news)	zi1	m4 zi1
明白 / 明	To understand	ming5 baak6 / ming5	M4 ming5 baak6 / M4 ming5
去	To go	heoi3	m4 heoi3
有	To have	jau5	Mou5 (冇)
要	To want (object) / have to (do something)	jiu3	M4 jiu3 (for object)/ M4 sai2 (for action)
想	To want (to do something)	soeng2	M4 soeng2
講	To speak	gong2	M4 gong2
做	To do	zou6	M4 zou6
覺得	To think (feeling/opinion)	Gok3 dak1	M4 gok3 dak1
溫習	To revise	Wan1 zaap6	M4 wan1 zaap6

A. The ordinal numbers (Track 211)



dāi
第
[rank]

Number

1. dāi jāt 第一 (the first)
2. dāi jī 第二 (the second)
3. dāi sāam 第三 (the third)
4. dāi géi? 第幾? (what rank?)

dāi 第 [rank]	<u>Number</u>	<u>MW</u>	<u>Noun</u>
--------------------	---------------	-----------	-------------

1. dāi jāt fò (s̄yū) 第一課(書) (the first chapter [of textbook])
2. dāi jī tòng (fò) 第二堂(課) (the second period [of lesson])
3. dāi sāam gāan fóng 第三間房 (the third [space of] room)
4. dāi s̄ei gò dāi dái 第四個弟弟 (the fourth younger brother)
5. dāi géi + MW (+ N)? 第幾 + MW (+ N)? (what rank?)



1. dāi jāt m̀ng 第一名 (*champion*)
2. dāi jī m̀ng 第二名 (*first runner-up*)
3. dāi sāam m̀ng 第三名 (*second runner-up*)

B. To specify 'every' and 'each' people or objects 🎧 (Track 212)

něi mǔi jāt sǒng géi dō tòng áa?

你 每 日 上 幾 多 堂 呀?

(How many classes do you attend each day?)



ngǒ mǔi jāt sǒng lùk tòng.

我 每 日 上 六 堂。

(I attend six classes every day.)

	MON	TUE	WED
8:15 - 8:30		Assembly	
8:30 - 9:25	Chinese	Maths	Putonghua
9:25 - 10:20	Maths	Home Econ	Computer
10:20 - 10:40		break	
10:40 - 11:15	Engg	English	Chinese
11:15 - 12:30	History	Chinese	English
12:30 - 1:30		lunch time	
1:30 - 2:15	English	Chinese	Maths
		History	
2:15 - 2:35		break	
2:35 - 3:30	Music	Integrated Science	Engg
3:30		Arts class	

Adverbs of frequency:

mǔi

每

(every; each)

(MW)

Time Period

- | | | |
|--------------------|------|-----------------|
| 1. mǔi nìn* | 每年 | (every year) |
| 2. mǔi gǒ jǔt | 每個月 | (every month) |
| 3. mǔi gǒ sīng kèi | 每個星期 | (every week) |
| 4. mǔi jāt* | 每日 | (every day) |
| 5. mǔi gǒ zūng tàu | 每個鐘頭 | (every hour) |
| 6. mǔi fān zūng* | 每分鐘 | (every minute) |
| 7. mǔi zīu* | 每朝 | (every morning) |
| 8. mǔi mǎan* | 每晚 | (every night) |

* Note that there are some nouns that behave like measure words, so not requiring another measure word in the above pattern.

mǔi 每 (each; every)	<u>MW</u>	<u>(Noun)</u>
---------------------------	-----------	---------------

1. gāan 間 [for rooms/buildings]
2. gò 個 [for people]
3. bún 本 [for books]
4. gǎa 架 [for vehicles]
5. tòng 堂 [for a period of lesson]
6. bāan 班 [for classes]

1. hǒk hǎau 學校 (school)
2. lǎu sī 老師 (teacher)
3. sīu 書 (book)
4. cē 車 (car)
5. (fò) 課 (lesson)
6. (hǒk sāang) 學生 (student)

C. The preposition 'jàu...?' indicating the starting point (Track 213)

dāi jāt tòng jàu géi dím hōi cí àa?
 第一堂由幾點開始呀?
 (From what time does the first period start?)



dāi jāt tòng jàu bàat dím bün hōi cí.
 第一堂由八點半開始。
 (The first period starts from 8:30.)

kěoi 佢

<u>Topic / Subject</u>	jàu 由 (from)	<u>Time / Place</u>	<u>Verb / Verbal phrase.</u>
------------------------	---------------------------	---------------------	------------------------------

- | | | |
|------------------------|-------|-----------------|
| 1. sèi dím | 四點 | (4:00) |
| 2. cāt jÿut | 七月 | (July) |
| 3. jāt gáu gáu cāt nìn | 一九九七年 | (year 1997) |
| 4. Zīm Sāa Zéoi | 尖沙嘴 | (Tsim Sha Tsui) |
| 5. Gām Zūng | 金鐘 | (Admiralty) |
| 6. bāa sí zāam | 巴士站 | (bus stop) |

- | | | |
|-----------------------|------|----------------------|
| 1. zōu gūng fò | 做功課 | (do homework) |
| 2. fòng sÿu gāa | 放暑假 | (on summer vacation) |
| 3. hái Hōeng Góng zÿu | 喺香港住 | (live in Hong Kong) |
| 4. hēoi gēi còeng | 去機場 | (go to the airport) |
| 5. cǒ dīk sí | 坐的士 | (ride on a taxi) |
| 6. hàang fāan ūk kái | 行返屋企 | (walk home) |

D. The preposition 'dòu...' indicating the ending point (Track 214)

něi mǔi jāt jàu géi dím dòu géi dím sīk àan zǎu fāan àa?
 你 每 日 由 幾 點 到 幾 點 食 晏 晝 飯 呀?
 (From what time until when do you have lunch each day?)



ngǒ jàu sǎp jī dím bǔn dòu jāt dím bǔn sīk àan zǎu fāan.
 我 由 十 二 點 半 到 一 點 半 食 晏 晝 飯。
 (I have lunch from half past twelve to half past one.)

<u>Topic/Subject</u>	jàu 由 (from)	<u>Time 1/Place 1</u> (starting point)	dòu 到 (to; until)	<u>Time 2/Place 2</u> (ending point)	<u>Activity.</u>
----------------------	---------------------------	---	--------------------------------	---	------------------

- 1. sīng kèi jāt 星期一 (Monday)
- 2. gáu dím 九點 (9:00)
- 3. Sām Zǎn 深圳 (Shenzhen)
- 4. dēi háa 地下 (ground floor)

- 1. ngǒ 我
- 2. bàa bāa 爸爸
- 3. kǎoi 佢
- 4. nī dǒu 呢度

- 1. sīng kèi nǎ 星期五 (Friday)
- 2. nǎ dím 五點 (5:00)
- 3. Hōeng Góng 香港 (Hong Kong)
- 4. cāt láu 七樓 (7th floor)

- 1. fāan hōk 返學 (go to school)
- 2. fāan gūng 返工 (go to work)
- 3. lǎoi hàng 旅行 (travel)
- 4. hāi fò sāt 係課室 (to be classroom)

School timetable:

		sīng kèi jāt 星期 一 Monday	sīng kèi jī 星期 二 Tuesday	sīng kèi sāam 星期 三 Wednesday	sīng kèi sèi 星期 四 Thursday	sīng kèi nǎ 星期 五 Friday
8:15 – 8:30		zǎap wúì 集會 (Assembly)				
8:30 9:25	dāi jāt tòng 第一堂 (the first period)	Zūng Mán 中文 Chinese	Sòu Hòk 數學 Mathematics	Póu Tūng Wáa 普通話 Putonghua	Līk Sí 歷史 History	Jīng Mán 英文 English
9:25 10:20	dāi jī tòng 第二堂 (the second period)	Sòu Hòk 數學 Mathematics	Gāa Zīng 家政 Home Economics	Dīn Nǎu 電腦 ICT	Tái Jūk 體育 Physical Education	Zūng Gwòk Līk Sí 中國歷史 Chinese History
10:20 – 10:40		síu sīk 小息 (break)				
10:40 11:35	dāi sāam tòng 第三堂 (the third period)	Dēi Lēi 地理 Geography	Jīng Mán 英文 English	Zūng Mán 中文 Chinese	Sòu Hòk 數學 Mathematics	Tái Jūk 體育 Physical Education
11:35 12:30	dāi sèi tòng 第四堂 (the fourth period)	Līk Sí 歷史 History	Zūng Mán 中文 Chinese	Jīng Mán 英文 English	Gīng Zài 經濟 Economics	Měi Sēot 美術 Art
12:30 – 1:30		nǎ fān sì gǎan 午飯時間 (lunch time)				
1:30 2:25	dāi nǎ tòng 第五堂 (the fifth period)	Jīng Mán 英文 English	Zūng Gwòk Līk Sí 中國歷史 Chinese History	Sòu Hòk 數學 Mathematics	Jīng Mán 英文 English	Zūng Mán 中文 Chinese
2:25 – 2:35		síu sīk 小息 (break)				
2:35 3:30	dāi lūk tòng 第六堂 (the sixth period)	Jām Ngòk 音樂 Music	Zōng Hǎp Fō Hòk 綜合科學 Integrated Science	Dēi Lēi 地理 Geography	Zūng Mán 中文 Chinese	Sòu Hòk 數學 Mathematics
3:30		fòng hòk 放學 (finish school)				

E. To form a compound time expression indicating 'before' or 'after'

(Track 215)

ngǒ zūng nǚ sīk fǎan zī cìn sǒeng sèi tòng.

我 中 午 食 飯 之 前 上 四 堂。

(Before lunch, I attend four classes.)



ngǒ zūng nǚ sīk fǎan zī hǎu

我 中 午 食 飯 之 後

sǒeng lǒeng tòng.

上 兩 堂。

(After lunch, I attend two classes.)

<u>Subject</u>	<u>Time/Action</u>	zī cìn 之 前 (before...)	<u>Activity.</u>
	<u>Time/Action</u>	zī hǎu 之 後 (after...)	

ngǒ 我

1. cāt dím 七點 (7:00)
2. héi sǎn 起身 (get up)
3. sīk zóu cān 食早餐 (eat breakfast)
4. sīk fǎan 食飯 (have a meal)
5. sāam sǎp sèoi 三十歲 (30 years old)
6. sǒeng tòng 上堂 (attend a class)



1. fāan hōk 返學 (go to school)
2. zōu wǎn dǔng 做運動 (do exercise)
3. cǎat ngà 刷牙 (brush teeth)
4. jám tōng 飲湯 (eat soup)
5. git fān 結婚 (get married)
6. wǎn zǎap 溫習 (do revision)

3. To mark the repetition of an action with 'zòì' 🎧 (Track 216)

sǒng zǎu sǒng sèi tòng, hǎa zǎu zòì sǒng lǒng tòng.
 上 畫 上 四 堂，下 畫 再 上 兩 堂。
 (I attend four classes in the morning and attend two more classes in the afternoon.)

(the 1 st period) 8:30 – 9:25 am dǎi jāt tòng	(the 2 nd period) 9:25 – 10:20 am dǎi jī tòng	(the 3 rd period) 10:40 – 11:35 am dǎi sāam tòng	(the 4 th period) 11:35 – 12:30 n dǎi sèi tòng	12:30 n – 1:30 pm (lunch time)	(the 5 th period) 1:30 – 2:25 pm dǎi nǚ tòng	(the 6 th period) 2:35 – 3:30 pm dǎi lūk tòng

<u>Subject</u>	zòì 再 (again)	<u>Verb / Verbal phrase.</u>
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- | | |
|---|------------|
| 1. tīng jāt zòì gǐn!
(See you again tomorrow!) | 聽日再見! |
| 2. m̄ gōi nēi zòì góng jāt chí.
(Please say it again.) | 唔該你再講一次。 |
| 3. ngǒ sóeng zòì wáan jāt zǎn.
(I want to play a little while more.) | 我想再玩一陣。 |
| 4. ngǒ sóeng zòì jiu jāt gò gāau dói.
(I'd like to have one more plastic bag.) | 我想再要一個膠袋。 |
| 5. nēi jāt zǎn zòì dǎa dīn wáa lài lāa!
(Please call again later.) | 你一陣再打電話嚟啦! |

nēi jāt zǎn zòì dǎa lài lāa!
 你 一 陣 再 打 嚟 啦!
 (Please call again later.)





Mom : nēi mǐ jāt sǒeng géi dō tòng áa?
你 每 日 上 幾 多 堂 呀?
(How many classes do you attend each day?)



Farah : ngǒ mǐ jāt sǒeng lùk tòng.
我 每 日 上 六 堂。
(I attend six classes every day.)

Time	Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday
8:30 - 8:50	Assembly		
9:00 - 9:20	Chinese	Maths	Putonghua
9:25 - 9:50	Maths	Home Econ	Computer
10:00 - 10:20	Break		
10:25 - 10:45	Eng	English	Chinese
10:50 - 11:10	History	Chinese	English
11:20 - 11:40	Search class		
11:45 - 12:05	English	Chinese	Maths
12:10 - 12:30	History		
12:35 - 1:00	Break		
1:05 - 1:30	Music	Integrated Science	Comp.
1:35 - 1:55	Search class		



mǐ tòng nǚ sǎp nǚ fān zūng.
每 堂 五 十 五 分 鐘。
(There are 55 minutes for each period.)

dāi jāt tòng jàu bǎat dím bǔn hōi cí.
第 一 堂 由 八 點 半 開 始。
(The first period starts from 8:30.)

dāi jī tòng zī hǎu, jǎu jī sǎp fān zūng síu sīk.
第 二 堂 之 後, 有 二 十 分 鐘 小 息。
(There is a 20-minute break after the second period.)

jàu sǎp jī dím bǔn dòu jāt dím bǔn sīk àan zàu fāan.
由 十 二 點 半 到 一 點 半 食 晏 晝 飯。
(I have lunch from 12:30 to 1:30.)

hǎa zàu zòì sǒeng löeng tòng, sāam dím bǔn fòng hōk.
下 晝 再 上 兩 堂, 三 點 半 放 學。
(I attend two more classes in the afternoon and finish school at 3:30.)



Mom : nēi pìng sì hēoi bīn dòu sīk àan zàu fāan gǎa?
你 平 時 去 邊 度 食 晏 晝 飯 㗎?
(Where do you go for lunch normally?)



Farah : hōk hǎau hǎu mīn jǎu jāt tiu sīk gāai,
學 校 後 面 有 一 條 食 街,
(There is a food street behind the school.)

ngǒ zūng jī tòng tòng hōk jāt cài hēoi gó dòu sīk fāan.
我 鍾 意 同 同 學 一 齊 去 嗰 度 食 飯。
(I like to go together with classmates to have a meal there.)



Mom : gám, nēi hái hōk hǎau zǎap m̄ zǎap gwǎan áa?
噉, 你 喺 學 校 習 唔 習 慣 呀?
(So, well, are you accustomed to *life at school*?)



Farah : cō sì m̄ zǎap gwǎan, jì gāa zǎap gwǎan làa.
初 時 唔 習 慣, 而 家 習 慣 喇。
(I wasn't accustomed to it at the beginning, but I'm accustomed to it now.)

Tell us how you spend a typical week

For example:

From Monday to Friday wake up at Go to school from ... to ...

Finish school at ...

After school I go to [some activity] at ...

Saturday...

Sunday...

A. Write the answers to the following questions in Cantonese.

1) něi mǔi zīu géi dím héi sān gǎa?



2) něi mǔi gǒ jǚt dǎap cē jiù géi dō cín ǎa?



3) něi mǔi gǒ sīng kèi fāan géi dō jāt hōk ǎa?



4) něi mǔi jāt jàu géi dím dōu géi dím sīk ǎan zǎu fāan ǎa?



5) něi sīng kèi sāam zūng nǚ sīk fāan zī cìn sǒeng māt jě tòng ǎa?



6) něi sīng kèi nǚ dǎi jī tòng hǎi māt jě tòng ǎa?



7) něi sǒeng Gwóng Dūng Wáa tòng zī hǎu zōu māt jě ǎa?



B. Translate the following into Cantonese.

1) The fifth lesson is Physical Education.

2) The first room is my younger brother's room.

3) I am the champion.

4) Each teacher is very strict.

5) From last year to this year, I have studied Cantonese.

6) I am not so accustomed to Hong Kong in the beginning.

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C. What would you ask or say in Cantonese in the following situations?

1) You want to ask what your friend does before going to school.

2) You want to ask what she/he does after dinner.

3) You want to request someone to repeat what he said.

4) You want to tell your younger sister to wash her hands first before having dinner.

5) You want to ask your teacher, from what time until when you have a break.
