

školní rok 2016/2017, kurz Bi6405

Metody molekulární biologie - cvičení

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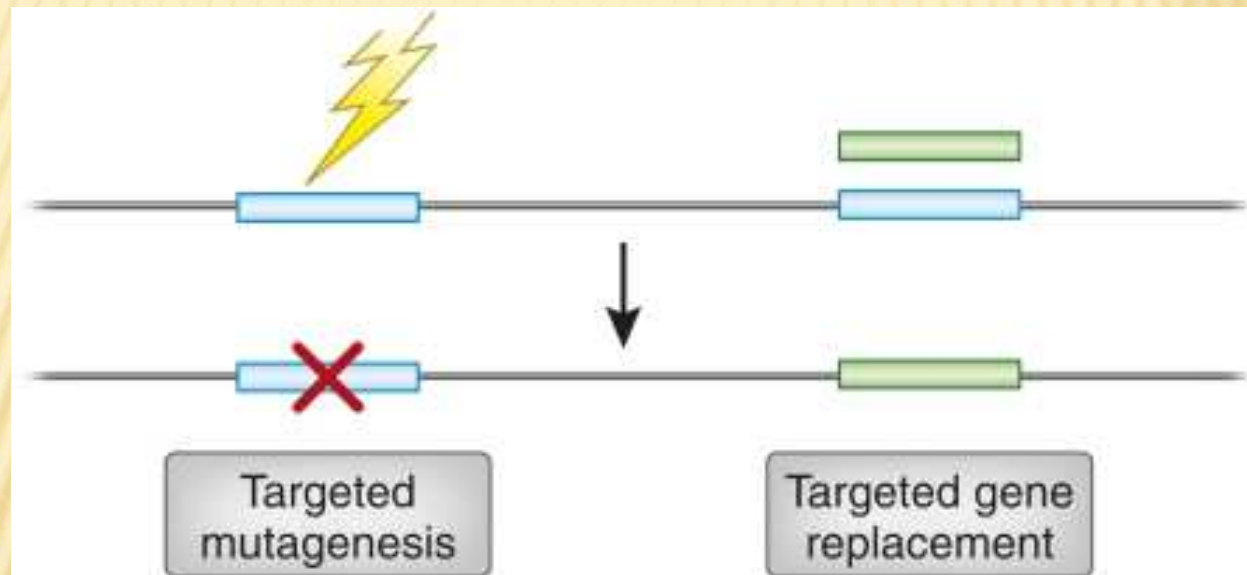
Cíl cvičení

Potlačení/umlčení exprese vybraného genu

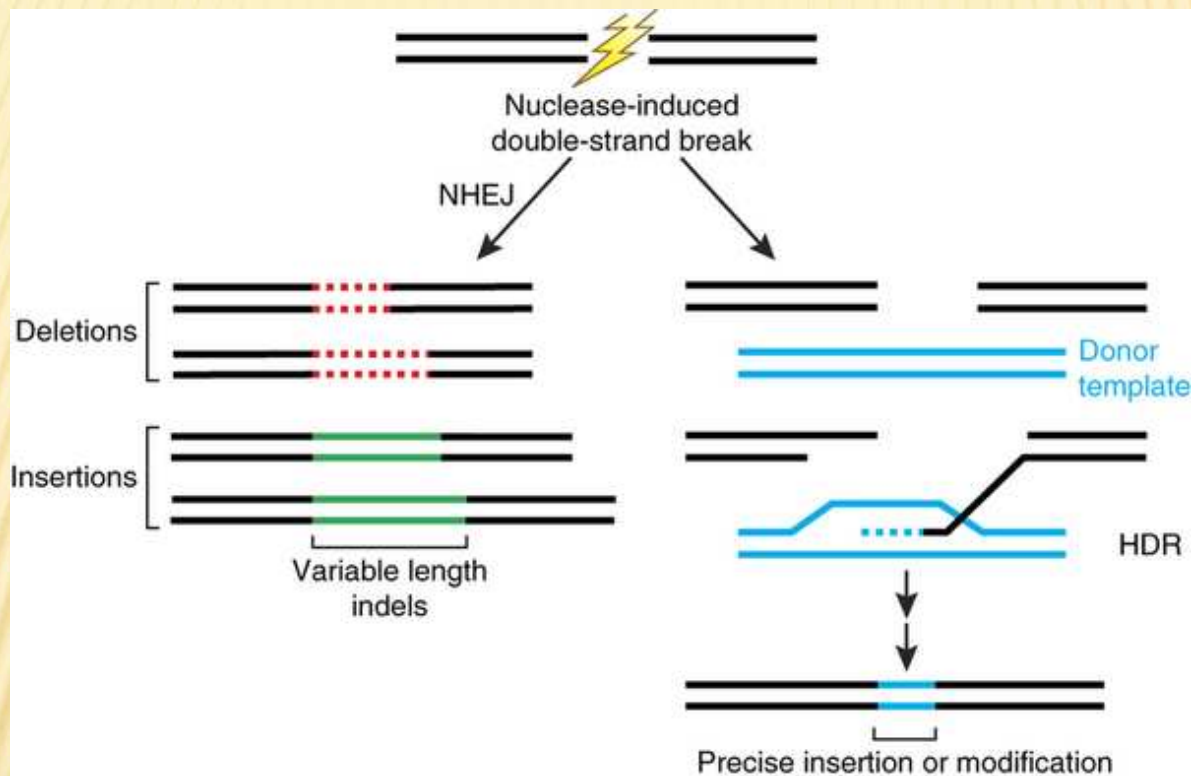
- a) mutageneze v genomu pomocí metody CRISPR/Cas9
- a) post-transkripčním umlčením exprese pomocí shRNA

→ funkce genu

Cílená mutageneze přímo v genomech



Cílená mutagenéze přímo v genomech



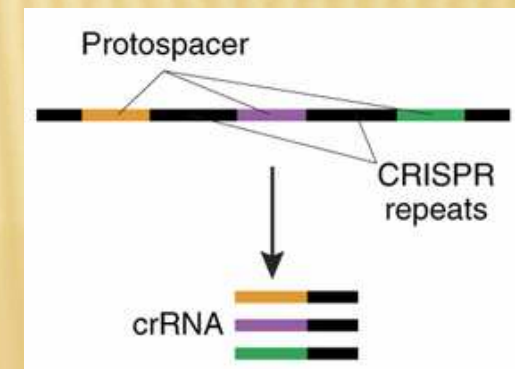
- od 80. let - četnost homologické rekombinace je zvýšena indukci dsDNA zlomů
- snaha o vývoj systému pro sekvenčně specifickou tvorbu dsDNA zlomů

CRISPR/Cas9

- × CRISPR-associated protein 9 - nukleáza ze *Streptococcus pyogenes*
- × adaptivní imunita bakterií proti virům (obecně cizorodé DNA)
- × RGN - RNA-guided nuclease
- × sekvenční specifita je dána **interakcí DNA-RNA**

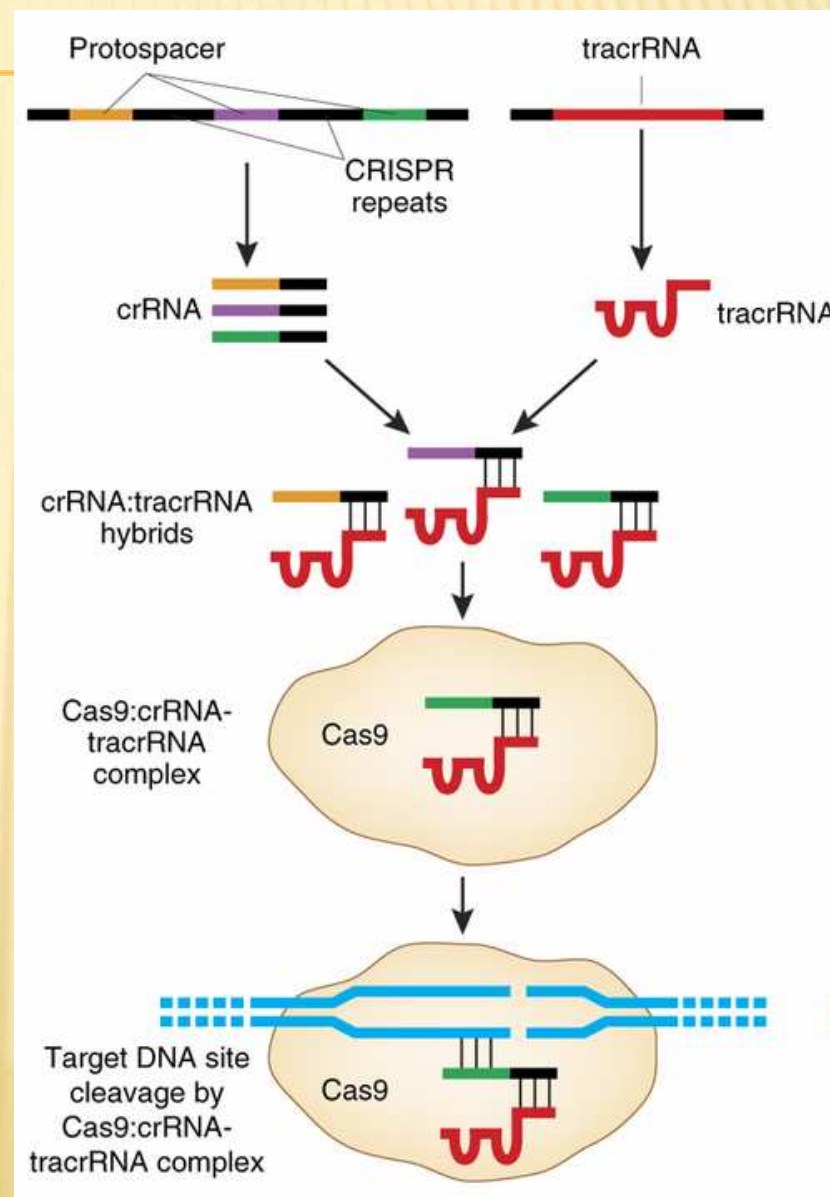
Bakterie - inkorporace cizorodé DNA do CRISPR repetit v genomu
- tyto následně přepsány do RNA (crRNA)

crRNA - protospacer - fragment cizorodé DNA
- CRISPR repetici



CRISPR/Cas9

- crRNA poté hybridizuje s transaktivující CRISPR RNA (tracrRNA)
- tento komplex RNA interaguje s Cas9 nukleázou
- protospacer RNA navede celý komplex k cizorodé DNA (komplementarita sekvencí)
- výsledný ribonukleoproteinový komplex štěpí cizorodou komplementární DNA



CRISPR/Cas9

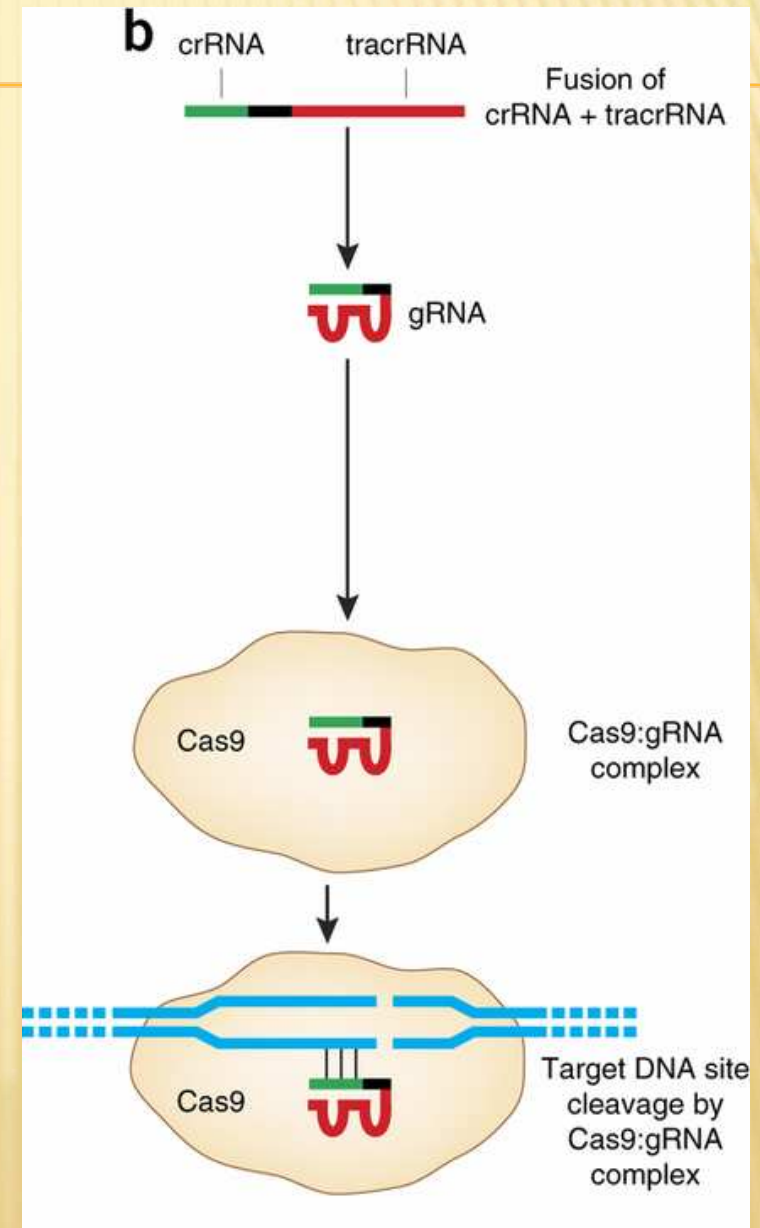
- celý systém modifikován pro cílenou mutagenezi

Vektor:

- guideRNA (gRNA) = crRNA + tracrRNA

- součástí gRNA i 20nt komplementární úsek k cílovému místu v genomové DNA

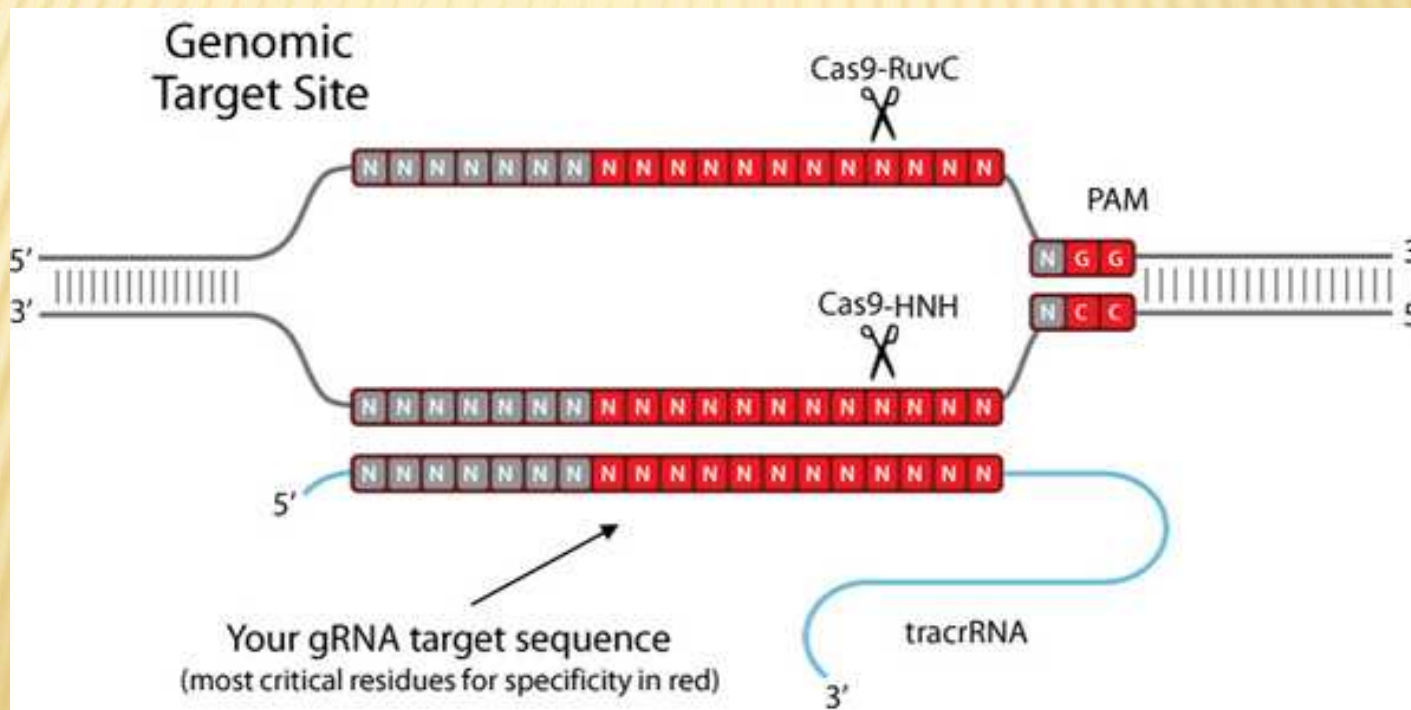
+ koexprese Cas9 nukleázy



CRISPR/Cas9

PAM - protospacer adjacent motif

- sekvence v těsném sousedství s gDNA
- nutná pro účinné štěpení Cas9 nukleázou
- původní systém „NGG“ (ale vývoj systémů s jinými sekvencemi)
- dle systému cílová sekvence musí být ve formátu N₂₀GG



CRISPR/Cas9 - zvýšení specificity

Pouze 20 nt naváděcí sekvence

→ off-target efekty

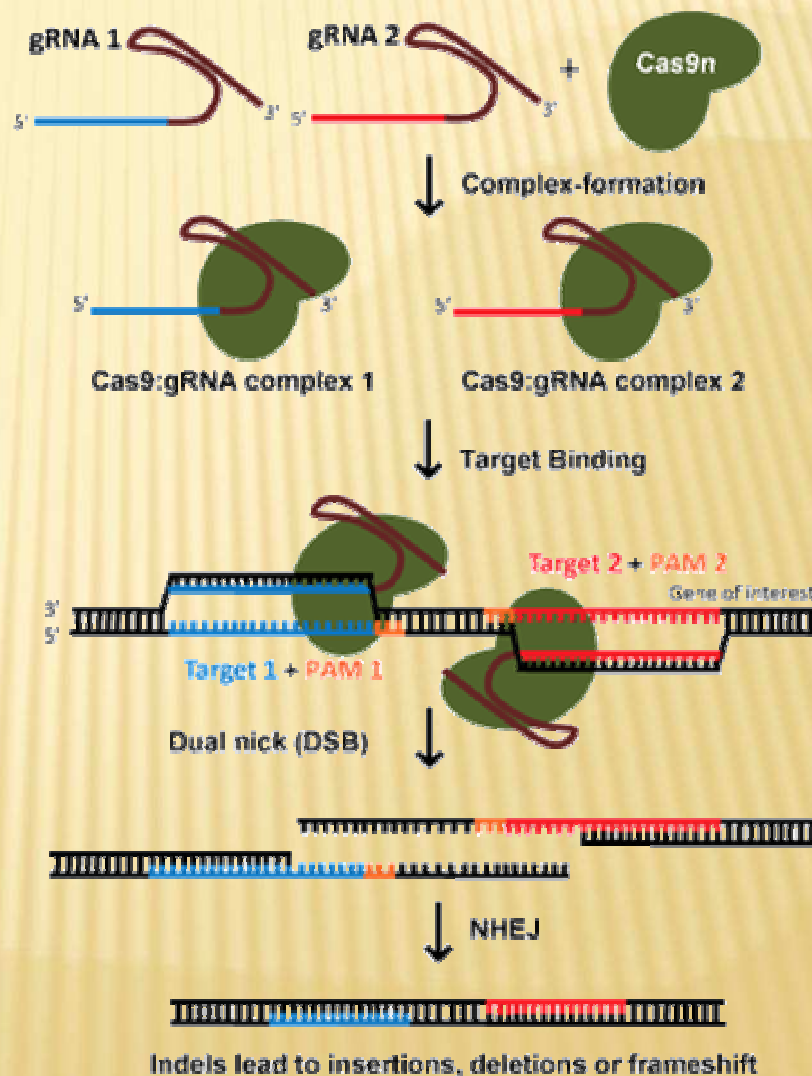
Cas9 - 2 nukleázové domény (RuvC, HNH)

Cas9 nikázy - mutanti v jedné doméně
- indukce cílených SSB

-design - 2x SSB blízko sebe
- a na opačných řetězcích

↓
DSB

vyšší specifita



CRISPR/Cas9

<http://genome-engineering.org/gecko/>

<http://www.addgene.org/crispr/>

- dostupné vektory
- knihovny gDNA pro různé organismy
- validované gRNA
- ...



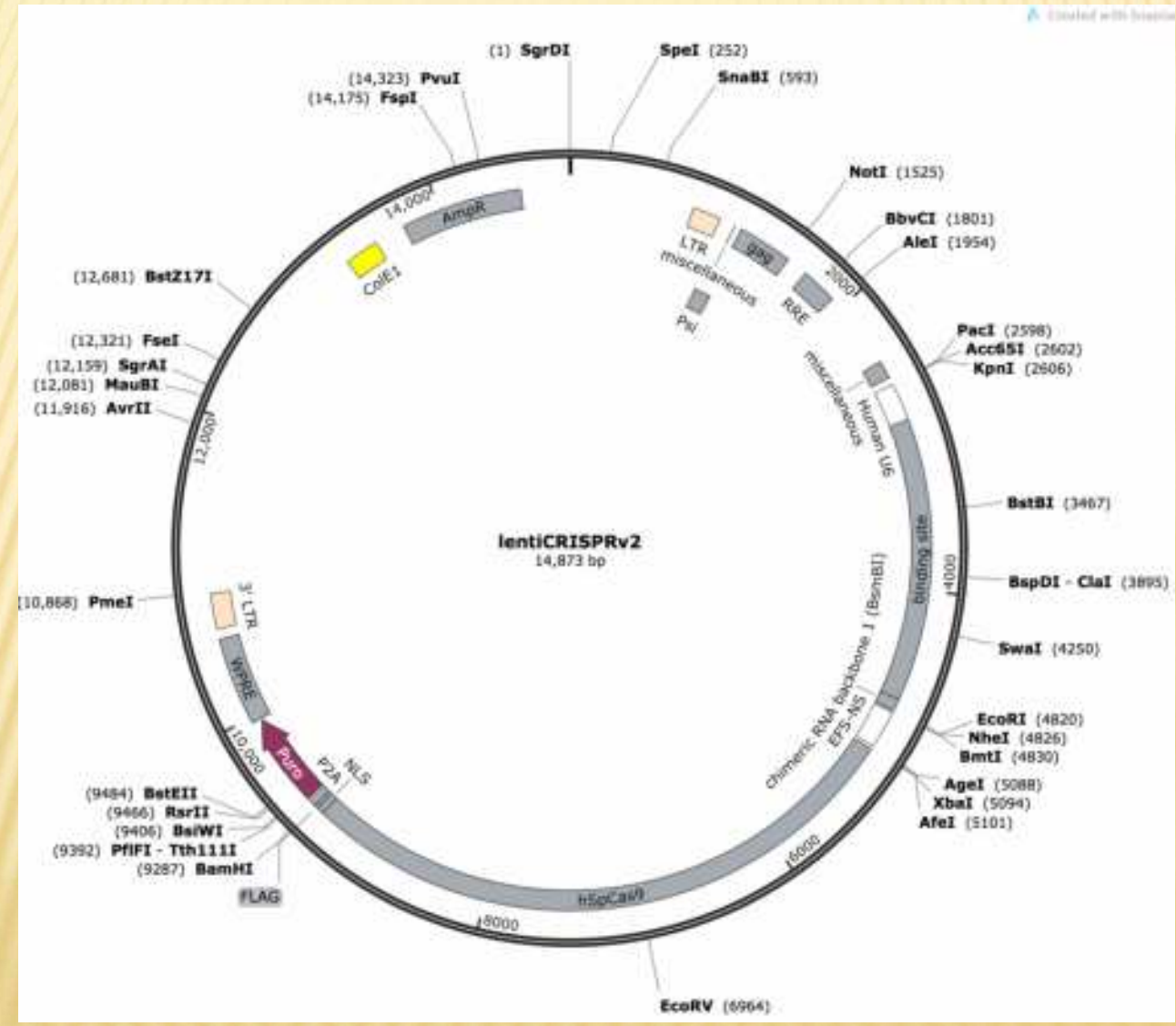
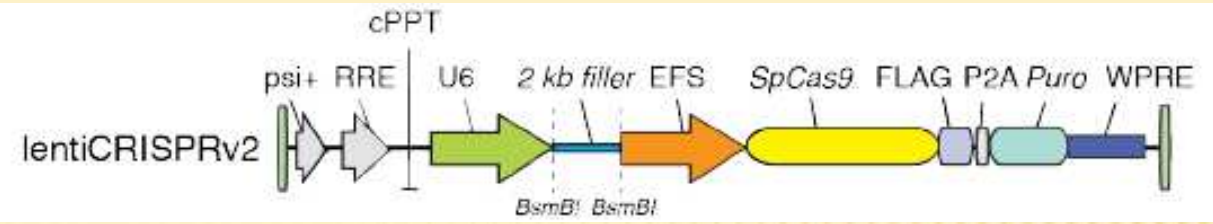
- různé firmy - různé platformy (modifikace původního systému)
- pro design lze využít dostupný software

- <http://crispr.mit.edu/>
- <http://www.e-crisp.org/E-CRISP/>
- <https://omictools.com/crispr-cas9-category>

+ všechny větší i menší Lifetech firmy

<http://www.addgene.org/52961/>

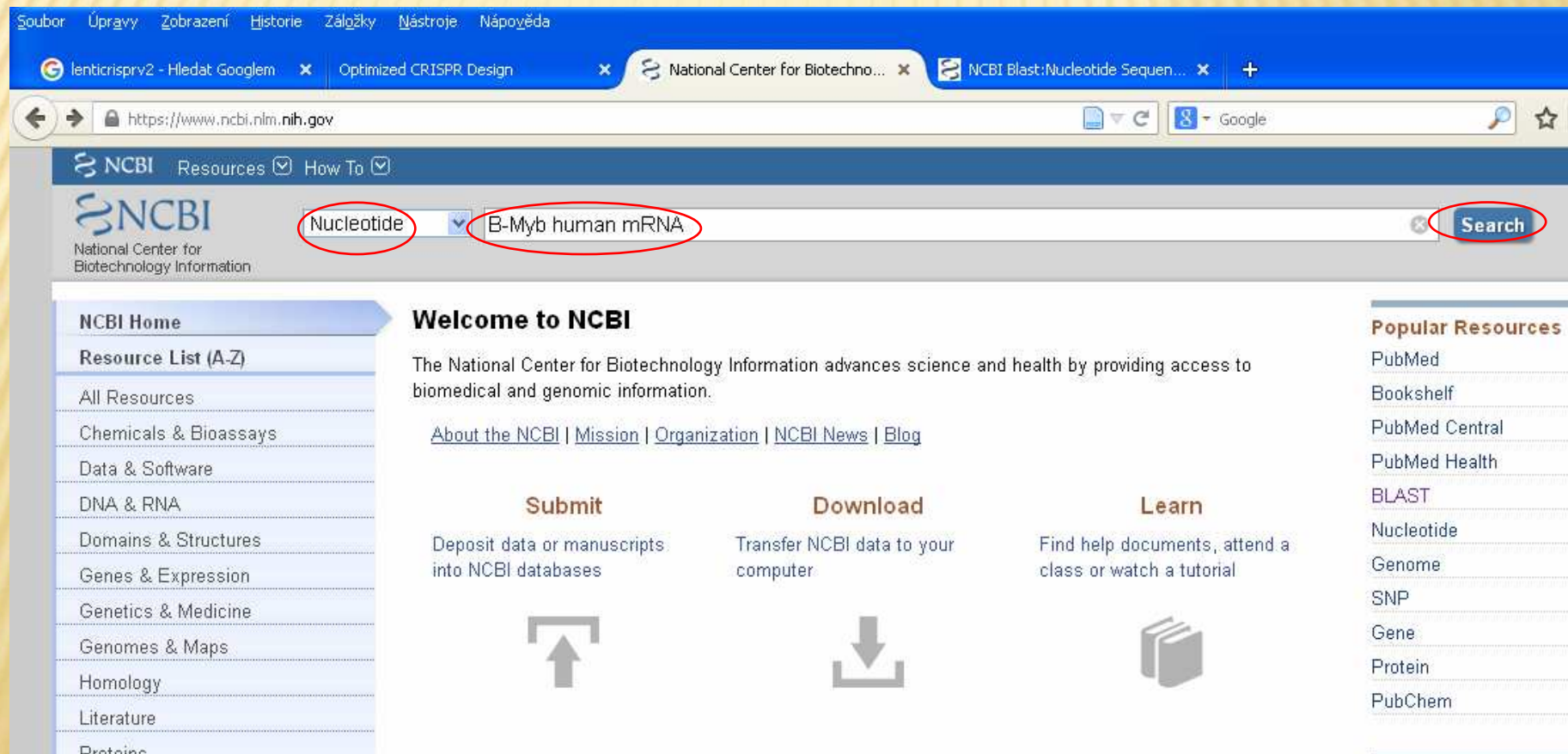
lentiCRISPRv2



design CRISPR/Cas9

Sekvence genu včetně znalosti kde začínají a končí exony

<https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/>



The screenshot shows the NCBI website interface. The search bar is located at the top right, with a dropdown menu set to 'Nucleotide' and the search term 'B-Myb human mRNA' entered. The search button is labeled 'Search'. The website header includes the NCBI logo and navigation links like 'Resources' and 'How To'. The main content area features a 'Welcome to NCBI' message and three columns: 'Submit', 'Download', and 'Learn'. A 'Popular Resources' sidebar is on the right, listing various databases and tools.

Nucleotide Nucleotide b-myb human mrna Search

Create alert Advanced

Help

Species

- Animals (34)
- Plants (7)
- Fungi (3)
- Bacteria (1)
- Customize ...

Molecule types

- genomic DNA/RNA (18)
- mRNA (27)
- Customize ...

Source databases

- INSDC (GenBank) (12)
- RefSeq (33)
- Customize ...

Sequence length

Custom range...

Release date

Custom range...

Revision date

Custom range...

Clear all

Show additional filters

Summary 20 per page Sort by Default order

Send: Filters: Manage Filters

See MYBL2 (BMYB) MYB proto-oncogene like 2 in the Gene database
bmyb reference sequences Transcript (2) Protein (2)

Items: 1 to 20 of 45

<< First < Prev Page 1 of 3 Next > Last >>

Found 67 nucleotide sequences. Nucleotide (45) EST (22)

- [Mus musculus strain C57BL/6J chromosome 2, GRCm38.p4 C57BL/6J](#)
- 1. 182,113,224 bp linear DNA
Accession: NC_000068.7 GI: 372099108
[GenBank](#) [FASTA](#) [Graphics](#)
- [Xenopus laevis strain J chromosome 9_10S, Xenopus laevis_v2, whole genome shotgun sequence](#)
- 2. 104,563,341 bp linear DNA
Accession: NC_030741.1 GI: 1051343558
[GenBank](#) [FASTA](#) [Graphics](#)
- [Homo sapiens chromosome 20, GRCh38.p7 Primary Assembly](#)
- 3. 64,444,167 bp linear DNA
Accession: NC_000020.11 GI: 568815578
[GenBank](#) [FASTA](#) [Graphics](#)
- [Homo sapiens chromosome 20, alternate assembly CHM1_1.1, whole genome shotgun sequence](#)
- 4. 62,914,916 bp linear DNA
Accession: NC_018931.2 GI: 528476541
[GenBank](#) [FASTA](#) [Graphics](#)
- [Danio rerio strain Tuebingen chromosome 11, GRCz10](#)
- 5. 45,107,271 bp linear DNA
Accession: NC_007122.6 GI: 685508231
[GenBank](#) [FASTA](#) [Graphics](#)
- [Aspergillus fumigatus Af293 chromosome 1, whole genome shotgun sequence](#)
- 6. 4,918,979 bp linear DNA
Accession: CM000169.1 GI: 67471107
[GenBank](#) [FASTA](#) [Graphics](#)
- [Aspergillus fumigatus Af293 chromosome 1, whole genome shotgun sequence](#)

Results by taxon

Top Organisms [Tree]

- Homo sapiens (25)
- Oryza sativa Japonica Group (5)
- Mus musculus (3)
- Aspergillus fumigatus Af293 (3)
- Gallus gallus (2)
- All other taxa (7)
- More...

Find related data

Database: Select

Find items

Search details

b-myb[All Fields] AND ("Homo sapiens"[Organism] OR human[All Fields]) AND mrna[All Fields]

Search

See more...

Recent activity

Turn Off Clear

- Q b-myb human mma (45) Nucleotide
- Q c-myb human mrna (979) Nucleotide
- Q c-Myb (8323) Nucleotide
- Q c-Myb mma (2877) Nucleotide

Nucleotide Advanced Help

- Species**
Animals (2)
Customize ...
- Molecule types**
mRNA (2)
Customize ...
- Source databases**
RefSeq (2)
Customize ...
- Sequence length**
Custom range...
- Release date**
Custom range...
- Revision date**
Custom range...
- [Clear all](#)
- [Show additional filters](#)

Summary Sort by Default order

Items: 2

- [Homo sapiens MYB proto-oncogene like 2 \(MYBL2\), transcript variant 2, mRNA](#)
1. 2,713 bp linear mRNA
Accession: NM_001278610.1 GI: 519666782
[GenBank](#) [FASTA](#) [Graphics](#)
- [Homo sapiens MYB proto-oncogene like 2 \(MYBL2\), transcript variant 1, mRNA](#)
2. 2,785 bp linear mRNA
Accession: NM_002466.3 GI: 519666781
[GenBank](#) [FASTA](#) [Graphics](#)

Send: **Filters:** [Manage Filters](#)

Analyze these sequences

Run BLAST

Find related data

Database:

Recent activity

-
- RefSeq RNA Links for Gene (Select 4605) (2) Nucleotide
- Homo sapiens MYB proto-oncogene like 2 (MYBL2), transcript variant 1, mRNA Nucleotide
- mybl2 mna (586) Nucleotide
- MYBL2 MYB proto-oncogene like 2 [Homo sapiens] Gene
- b-myb AND (alive[prop]) (71) Gene

[See more...](#)

You are here: NCBI > DNA & RNA > Nucleotide Database

[Support Center](#)

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 - NCBI FTP Site
 - NCBI on Facebook
 - NCBI on Twitter
 - NCBI on YouTube

Nucleotide Nucleotide Search

Advanced Search Nucleotide Help

GenBank

Send: Change region shown

Homo sapiens MYB proto-oncogene like 2 (MYBL2), transcript variant 1, mRNA

NCBI Reference Sequence: NM_002466.3

[FASTA](#) [Graphics](#)

Go to:

LOCUS NM_002466 2785 bp mRNA linear PRI 07-OCT-2016
DEFINITION Homo sapiens MYB proto-oncogene like 2 (MYBL2), transcript variant 1, mRNA.
ACCESSION NM_002466
VERSION NM_002466.3
KEYWORDS RefSeq.
SOURCE Homo sapiens (human)
ORGANISM [Homo sapiens](#)
Eukaryota; Metazoa; Chordata; Craniata; Vertebrata; Euteleostomi; Mammalia; Eutheria; Euarchontoglires; Primates; Haplorrhini; Catarrhini; Hominidae; Homo.
REFERENCE 1 (bases 1 to 2785)
AUTHORS Krakstad C, Tangen IL, Hoivik EA, Halle MK, Berg A, Werner HM, Raeder MB, Kusonmano K, Zou JX, Oyan AM, Stefansson I, Trovik J, Kalland KH, Chen HW and Salvesen HB.
TITLE ATAD2 overexpression links to enrichment of B-MYB-translational signatures and development of aggressive endometrial carcinoma
JOURNAL Oncotarget 6 (29), 28440-28452 (2015)
PUBMED [26308378](#)
REMARK GeneRIF: Data indicate that gene expression alterations in endometrial carcinoma samples with high ATAD2 expression showed upregulation of several cancer-related genes including B-MYB gene.
REFERENCE 2 (bases 1 to 2785)
AUTHORS Tao D, Pan Y, Jiang G, Lu H, Zheng S, Lin H and Cao F.
TITLE B-Myb regulates snail expression to promote epithelial-to-mesenchymal transition and invasion of breast cancer cell
JOURNAL Med. Oncol. 32 (1), 412 (2015)
PUBMED [25502082](#)
REMARK GeneRIF: We found that B-Myb upregulated expression of the key epithelial-to-mesenchymal transition regulator snail and that it mediated epithelial-to-mesenchymal transition activation and cell invasion by B-Myb.
REFERENCE 3 (bases 1 to 2785)
AUTHORS Tao D, Pan Y, Lu H, Zheng S, Lin H, Fang H and Cao F.
TITLE B-myb is a gene implicated in cell cycle and proliferation of breast cancer

Customize view

Analyze this sequence

- Run BLAST
- Pick Primers
- Highlight Sequence Features
- Find in this Sequence

Articles about the MYBL2 gene

- A human interactome in three quantitative dimensions organized by stoichiometry [Cell. 2015]
 - ATAD2 overexpression links to enrichment of B-MYB-translational signature [Oncotarget. 2015]
 - The BioPlex Network: A Systematic Exploration of the Human Interactome. [Cell. 2015]
- See all...

Pathways for the MYBL2 gene

- TFAP2A acts as a transcriptional repressor during retinoic acid induced cell differentiation
 - Transcriptional regulation by the AP-2 (TFAP2) family of transcription factors
 - Polo-like kinase mediated events
- See all...

Reference sequence information

- RefSeq alternative splicing
- See the other reference mRNA sequence splice variant for the MYBL2 gene (NM_001278610.1).

exon	286..379 /gene="MYBL2" /gene_synonym="E-MYB; BMYB" /inference="alignment:Splice:1.39.8"
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exon	1631..1770 /gene="MYBL2" /gene_synonym="E-MYB; BMYB" /inference="alignment:Splice:1.39.8"
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CDS

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myeloblastosis viral oncogene homolog-like 2; v-myb avian  
myeloblastosis viral oncogene homolog-like 2"  
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/db_xref="CCDS:CCDS13322.1"  
/db_xref="GeneID:4605"  
/db_xref="HGNC:HGNC:7548"  
/db_xref="HPRD:03247"  
/db_xref="MIM:601415"  
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```


ORIGIN

```

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2701 ggtgctcctg tgetcaccct ctcttggtgc atttttttgg aagaataaaa ttgctctct
2761 ctttgtgctg gtctggaaaa aaaaa

```

//

human B-Myb

266

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```

Kódující sekvence genu s vyznačenými exony

- max 250 nt dlouhá
- <http://crispr.mit.edu/>

[Homo sapiens MYB proto-oncogene like 2 \(MYBL2\), transcript variant 2, mRNA](#)

3. 2,713 bp linear mRNA

Accession: NM_001278610.1 GI: 519666782

[GenBank](#) [FASTA](#) [Graphics](#)

[Homo sapiens MYB proto-oncogene like 2 \(MYBL2\), transcript variant 1, mRNA](#)

4. 2,785 bp linear mRNA

Accession: NM_002466.3 GI: 519666781

[GenBank](#) [FASTA](#) [Graphics](#)

https://blast.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/Blast.cgi?PAGE_TYPE=blastSearch&BLAST_SPEC=blast2seq&LINK_LOC=align2seq

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Align Sequences Nucleotide BLAST

blastn blastp blastx tblastn tblastx

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Enter Query Sequence

Enter accession number(s), gi(s), or FASTA sequence(s) Query subrange
NM_001278610.1 From
To

Or, upload file Soubor nevybrán.

Job Title
Enter a descriptive title for your BLAST search

Align two or more sequences

Enter Subject Sequence

Enter accession number(s), gi(s), or FASTA sequence(s) Subject subrange
NM_002466.3 From
To

Or, upload file Soubor nevybrán.

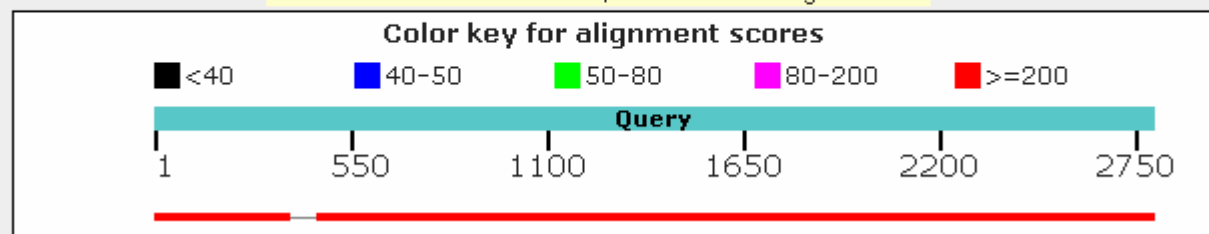
Program Selection

Optimize for Highly similar sequences (megablast)
 More dissimilar sequences (discontiguous megablast)
 Somewhat similar sequences (blastn)
Choose a BLAST algorithm

Search nucleotide sequence using Megablast (Optimize for highly similar sequences)
 Show results in a new window

Distribution of the top 2 Blast Hits on 1 subject sequences

Mouse over to see the title, click to show alignments



266

```
atgtctcggcggacgcgctg cgaggatctggatgagctgcactaccaggacacagattcagatgtgccggagcag  
agggatagcaagtgcaaggtcaaatggacccatgaggaggacgagcagctgagggcctggtgagggcagtttggg  
cagcagga ctggaagttcctggccagccacttcctaacgcactgaccagcaatgccagtacaggtggctgaga  
gttttgaa tccagaccttgtcaaggggccatggaccaaagaggaagaccaaaaa
```

- u transkriptu 2 chybí 3. exon (zelený)

Submit

Batch Mode Single Sequence

Submit a single sequence for CRISPR design and analysis.

search name * B-myb

email address * pbenes@sci.muni.cz

sequence type other region (23-500 nt) [demo] unique genomic region (23-500 nt) [demo]

target genome human (hg19) mouse (mm9) zebrafish (danRer7)

sequence atgctcggcggacgcgctgagggatctggatgagctgcactacc
aggcacacagattcagatgtgccggagcagagggatagcaagtgc
aaggcctaaatggaccatgaggaggacgagcagctgagggcct
ggtgaggcagttggacagcaggactggaagttcctggccagccac
ttcctaaccgcactgaccagcaatgccagtacaggtggctgaga

By submitting your query, you agree that the results obtained from this web tool will only be used as a reference for non-clinical research purposes.

Agree and Submit

CRISPR Job Submission "B-myb"

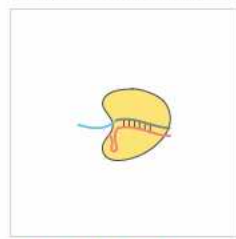
Status: Job is complete..

Results

[Downloads](#) [Job Info](#) [Results](#)

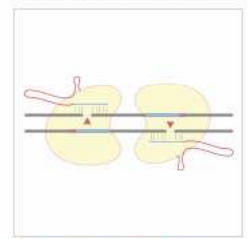
View online results for B-myb.

Guides & offtargets



[Download as genbank](#)

Nickase analysis



[Download as genbank](#)

The “zipper-like” annealing mechanics may explain why mismatches between the target sequence in the 3' seed sequence completely abolish target cleavage, whereas mismatches toward the 5' end are permissive for target cleavage.

job is not mapped to the genome

Double Nickase Design

All Pairs

Sorted by score...

[Export all pairs to GENBANK](#)

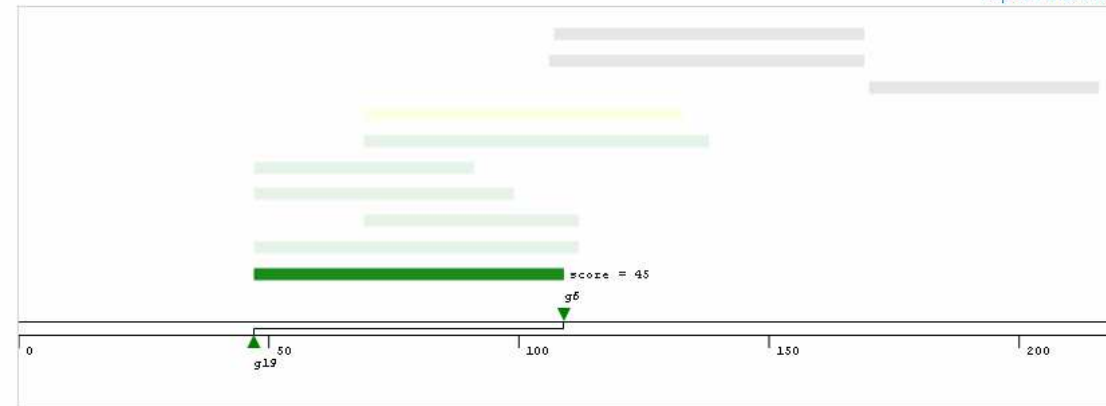
	range	score
#1	47 .. 109	44
#2	47 .. 112	42
#3	69 .. 112	41
#4	47 .. 99	32
#5	47 .. 91	32
#6	69 .. 138	20
#7	69 .. 133	13
#8	170 .. 216	0
#9	106 .. 169	0
#10	107 .. 169	0
#11	175 .. 216	0
#12	107 .. 169	0
#13	69 .. 127	0
#14	106 .. 154	0
#15	106 .. 159	0

Top Pairs

View top pairs by overhang subregion.

- No filter (finds all guide pairs in the query sequence).
- Guide pairs overlapping a subregion from base(s) 112 to 112 (drag below specify a region)

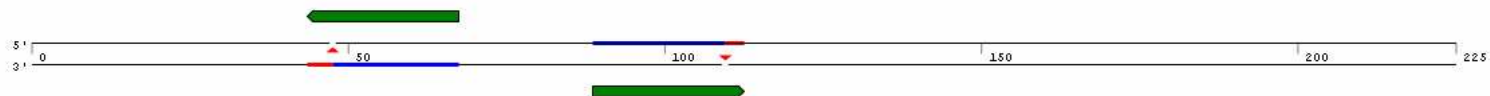
[Explain this View](#)

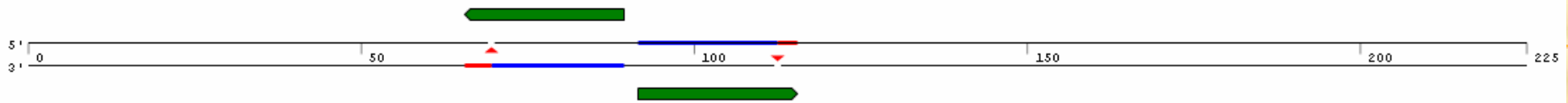


47 .. 109

(click to select 47..109)

[Export to GENBANK](#)





Overhang region

ATGTCTCGGCGGACGCGCTGCGAGGATCTGGATGAGCTGCACTACCAGGACACATTTGAGATGTGCGGGAGCAGAGGGATAGCAAGTGCATGGTCAAATGGACCCATGAGGAGGACGAGCAGATGGTGGCCCTG

Guide A

59

quality
high
cuts after position
69 in query
sequence
CACTTGCTATCCCTCTGCTCCGG
offtargets
237
genic offtargets
33
[Export off-targets to .csv](#)

Guide B

71

quality
high
cuts after position
112 in query
sequence
GGTCAAATGGACCCATGAGGAGG
offtargets
151
genic offtargets
16
[Export off-targets to .csv](#)

Pair score, A & B

42

quality
high
offtarget pairs of A & B
0
genic OT pairs of A & B
0

- obě sekvence lze vklonovat do jediného vektoru s mutantní formou Cas9 (nikázou)

CRISPR Job Submission "B-myb"

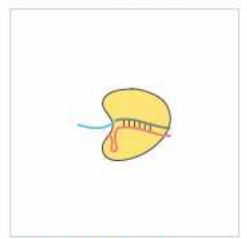
Status: Job is complete..

Results

[Downloads](#) [Job Info](#) [Results](#)

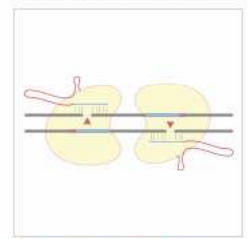
View online results for B-myb.

Guides & offtargets



[Download as genbank](#)

Nickase analysis

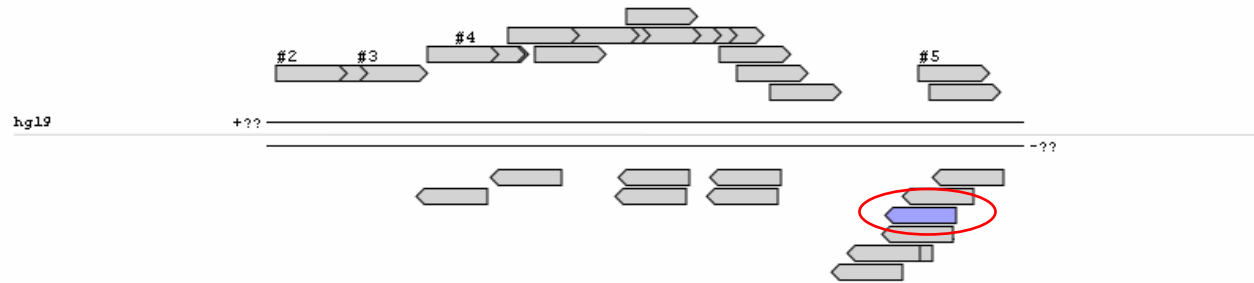


[Download as genbank](#)

"B-myb"

Spacers

Interactive results: mouse over a guide or explore below for details



all guides

scored by inverse likelihood of offtarget binding
 mouse over for details [... show legend](#)

guide #1 quality score: 86

guide sequence: CATTGCTGGTCAGTGC GGTT **AGG**
on-target locus: unknown
number of offtarget sites: 100 (11 are in genes)

	score	sequence
Guide #1	86	CATTGCTGGTCAGTGC GGTT AGG
Guide #2	85	GTCTCGGCGGACCGCTGCG AGG
Guide #3	82	TCTGGATGAGCTGCACTACC AGG
Guide #4	80	ATTCAGATGTGCCGGAGCAG AGG
Guide #5	80	CTGACCAGCAATGCCAGTAC AGG
Guide #6	75	CAAGGTCAAATGGACCCATG AGG
Guide #7	73	GCCACCTGTACTGGCATTGC TGG
Guide #8	71	GGTCAAATGGACCCATGAGG AGG
Guide #9	70	ACCAGCAATGCCAGTACAGG TGG
Guide #10	70	GCGGACGCGCTGCGAGGATC TGG
Guide #11	70	GGTCAGTGC GGTTAGGGAAG TGG
Guide #12	70	TTCAGATGTGCCGGAGCAGA GGG
Guide #13	67	GCTGTCCAACTGCCTCACC AGG
Guide #14	65	ATTGCTGGTCAGTGC GGTTA GGG
Guide #15	62	GGTGAGGCAGTTGGACAGC AGG
Guide #16	61	GGACACAGATTCAGATGTGC CGG

top 20 genome-wide off-target sites show all exonic

sequence	score	mismatches	UCSC gene	locus
GATTTCGTACAGTGC GGTT CAG	0.8	4MMs [1:5:9:10]		chr3:+128839272
TACTGCTAGTCCGGTGC GGTT CAG	0.7	4MMs [1:3:8:12]		chr3:+193871562
TAGTGTGGGCAAGTGTGTTAGG	0.6	4MMs [1:3:10:17]		chrX:+64899769
CATGGTTTCTCAGTGC GGTTGAG	0.5	4MMs [4:6:8:9]		chr9:+126101702
CTTTGCTCGTCAGGGCGGTTGGG	0.4	3MMs [2:8:14]	NR_027018	chr11:-3829338
CATTGCTGGCCAGTGC GTAAAG	0.4	3MMs [10:17:20]	NM_201551	chr11:+20949992
GAGTGTGGTGTGTGC GGTT CAG	0.4	4MMs [1:3:11:12]		chr12:+110541575
CGGTGTGTCTCAGTGC AGTT CAG	0.4	4MMs [2:3:9:17]	NM_013402	chr11:-61579938
CCTTGTGTGTGAGTGC CGTTAGG	0.4	3MMs [2:11:18]		chr11:+68869605
CACTACTGATCAGTGC GTTAAG	0.4	4MMs [3:5:9:17]		chr1:+76254707
CTCTGCTTGTCAAGTGC GATTGGG	0.3	4MMs [2:3:8:18]		chr12:+123202933
CTCTGCTTGTCAAGTGC GATTGGG	0.3	4MMs [2:3:8:18]		chr12:+123189486
CATTTGTGGACAATGC GGTTAAG	0.3	4MMs [5:6:10:13]		chrY:+17926685
GATGGCTGGCCAGTGC GTTTGGG	0.3	4MMs [1:4:10:18]		chr20:-62085902

266

```

atgtctcggcgggacgogctgagga tctggatgagctg cactaccagga cacagattcagatgtg ccggagcag
agggatagcaagtgcaaggtcaa atggacccatgaggaggacgagcagctgagggccttggtgagggcagtttggg
cagcaggactggaagtctctggccagccacttccctaa ccgcaactgacagcaatg ccagtacaggtggctgaga
gttttgaa tccagaccttgtcaaggggccatggaccaa agaggaagaccaa aaaagtc atcgagctgg ttaagaag

```

```

CATTGCTGGTCAGTGC GGTT ☹
GTC TCGGCGGACGCGCTGCG ☹
TCTGGATGAGCTGCACTACC ok

```

```

CACCG TCTGGATGAGCTGCACTACC
AAAC GGTAGTGCAGCTCATCCAGA C

```

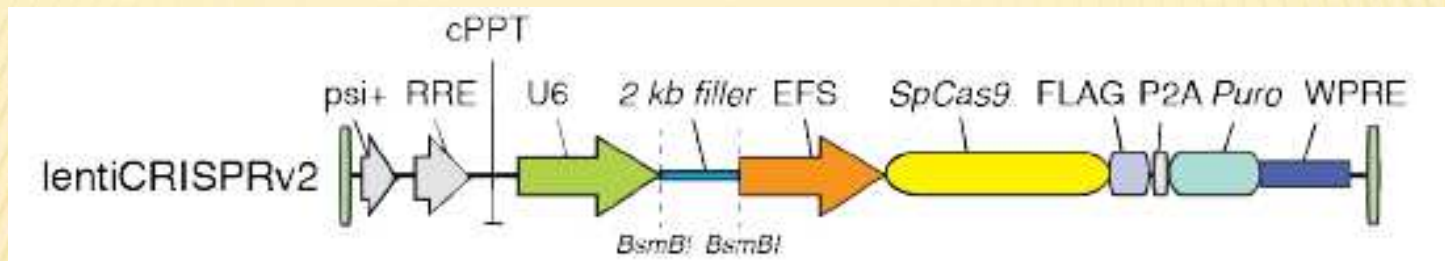
Target Guide Sequence Cloning Protocol

In order to clone the target sequence into the lentiCRISPRv2 or lentiGuide-Puro backbone, synthesize two oligos of the following form. **All plasmids have the same overhangs** after *BsmBI* digestion and the same oligos can be used for cloning into lentiCRISPRv2, lentiGuide-Puro or lentiCRISPRv1.

Oligo 1 → 5' - ^{Target Sequence: 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 NGG PAM} CACCGNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNN - 3'
 3' - CNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNCAAA - 5' ← Oligo 2

Example oligo design: Note that the NGG PAM is **not** included in the designed oligos.

Genomic 5' - ...GACCA**CAGTCTGATCAGTTTTCCTT**GGGCTGCAA... - 3'
 Sequence 3' - ...CTGGT**GTCAGACTAGTCAAAGGAA**CCCGACGTT... - 5'
 Oligo 1 → 5' - CACCG**CAGTCTGATCAGTTTTCCTT** - 3'
 3' - **CGTCAGACTAGTCAAAGGAA**CAAA - 5' ← Oligo 2

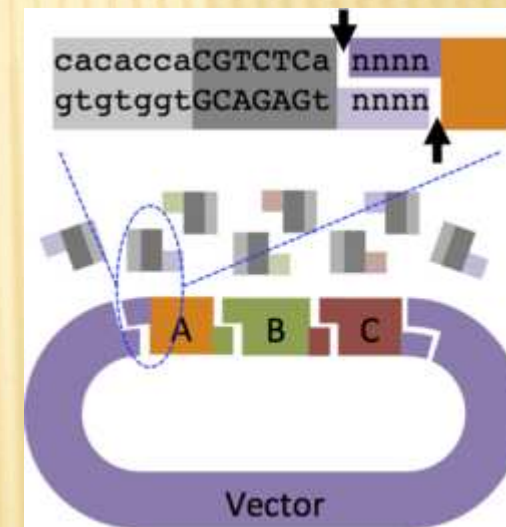


CACCGTCTGGATGAGCTGCACTACC

AAACGGTAGTGCAGCTCATCCAGAC

CACCGTCTGGATGAGCTGCACTACC
CAGACCTACTCGACGTGATGGCAA

RE BsmBI (ESp3I)



ligace, transformace E. coli ligační směsí, expanze klonů, izolace plazmidové DNA, sekvenace

další postup ...

- přenos plazmidu do eukaryotických buněk (transfekce)
- selekce a expanze puromycin-rezistentních buněk
- příprava jednotlivých klonů metodou limitního ředění
- analýza exprese cílového genu na úrovni proteinu (westernův přenos)
- izolace genomové DNA klonu(ů) s nulovou expresí cílového proteinu
- amplifikace cíleného úseku genomové DNA (200-400 nt)

Genomová DNA:

```
caataaaaataaagtgaagcagaagtgcctatgtcttaaaaagaagaaaaagtaagagcctctctccccagacct  
ttccttaggggtgggctggccgctgcctacacgttctccattatgtaaaacatatggacacaccatccttgacct  
tggcctgctttcccatagcgaggatctggatgagctgcactaccaggacacagattcagatgtgccggagcaga  
gggatagcaagtgcaaggtcaaatggacccatgaggaggtgagtgccatggggaagagaggggttgatggcagctg  
ggggctgtccagaggaactgagcctggagtgatatttgatgtctcatcagatgggatgaagaggaggagccggtga  
aggaagggatgggtcctctgattgtcctcatgcctcttctcagagcattctgggggattctcaatttgaggact  
cagtgggtgggaaggggatgtgtgtcctagacctcagggcccattgtgtctcctgagcagctgccatgttctatg  
tcatggacattgattgtgctttttgccttttgactgctaggaggtttggccaaatctgtaactccccaccctt
```

XhoI

GAGC **CTCGAG** AAGTGAAGCAGAAGTGCCTATG

GAGC **AAGCTT** ACCTCCTAGCAGTCAAAAGGC

HindIII

další postup ...

- klonování zacíleného úseku genomové DNA do plazmidu vhodného pro sekvenaci (např. pGL3)
- sekvenace určitého počtu klonů (2 alely genu - min. 4 klony)
- analýza sekvenačních výstupů, identifikace mutací a jejich významu (ORF)

Jaké mutace lze očekávat?

- jakékoli (nejčastěji malé inserce/delece)
- Cas9 štěpí DNA 3-4 nukleotidy upstream od PAM sekvence
- ideální jsou malé posunové mutace, které mění čtecí rámeček
→ předčasný stop kodon

<https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/orffinder>

ORF finder searches for open reading frames (ORFs) in the DNA sequence you enter. The program returns the range of each ORF, along with its protein translation. Use ORF finder to search newly sequenced DNA for potential protein encoding segments, verify predicted protein using newly developed SMART BLAST or regular BLASTP.

This web version of the ORF finder is limited to the subrange of the query sequence up to 50 kb long. Stand-alone version, which doesn't have query sequence length limitation, is available for Linux x64.

Examples (click to set values, then click Submit button) :

- NC_011604 Salmonella enterica plasmid pWES-1; genetic code: 11; 'ATG' and alternative initiation codons; minimal ORF length: 300 nt
- NM_000059; genetic code: 1; start codon: 'ATG only'; minimal ORF length: 150 nt



Enter Query Sequence

Enter accession number, gi, or nucleotide sequence in FASTA format:

[Large empty text input area for entering the query sequence]

From: [dropdown] To: [dropdown]

Choose Search Parameters

Minimal ORF length (nt): 75 [dropdown]
Genetic code: 1. Standard [dropdown]
ORF start codon to use:
 "ATG" only
 "ATG" and alternative initiation codons
 Any sense codon
Ignore nested ORFs:

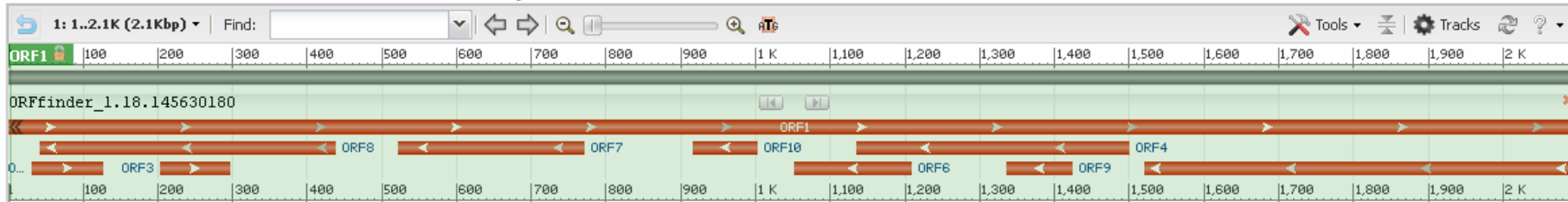
Start Search / Clear

B-Myb

Open Reading Frame Viewer

Sequence

ORFs found: 10 Genetic code: 1 Start codon: 'ATG' only



ORF1 (700 aa)

Display ORF as...

Mark

```
>1c1|ORF1
MSRRTRCEDLDELHYQDTS DVPPEQRDSKCRVKWTHEEDE
QLRALVRFQCGQDQWFLASHFPNRTDQCCQYRWLRVLPND
LVKCPWTKEDQKVIELVKYGTQKQWTLIAKHLKGRCLKQ
CRERWVHMLNPEVKKSCWTREEDRIICEAHKVLGNRWAERI
AKMLPGRTDNAVKNHWNSTIKRRVDTGCFLESKDCPPV
YLLLELEDKDCGLQSAQPTFCQCSLLTNWPSVPTIKEEN
SEELAAATTSKEQEPICDLDLAVRTPEPLEEFPKREDQE
GSPPETSLPYKVVVEAANLLIPAVGSSLSALDLIESDPD
AWCDLSKFDLPEEPSAEDSINNSLVQLQASHQQVLPFRQ
PSALVPSVTEYRLDCHTISDLSRSSRGELIPISPSDEVGC
SGIGTPPSVLKRQKRRVALSPVTENSTLSFLDSCNSLT
PKSTPVKTLFPFSPSQFLNFWNRQDTLELESPLTSTPVCS
QKVVVTIPLHRDRTPLHQKHAAFVTPDQKYSMDNTPHTPT
```

SmartBLAST ORF1

BLAST ORF1 BLAST marked set

BLAST Database:

UniProtKB/Swiss-Prot (swissprot)

Mark subset...

Marked: 0

Download marked set

as Protein FASTA

Label	Strand	Frame	Start	Stop	Length (nt aa)
ORF1	+	1	<1	2103	2103 700
ORF5	-	2	2093	1521	573 190
ORF8	-	2	437	42	396 131
ORF4	-	1	1500	1135	366 121
ORF7	-	2	770	522	249 82
ORF6	-	2	1208	1053	156 51
ORF2	+	2	32	127	96 31
ORF3	+	3	204	296	93 30
ORF9	-	3	1423	1337	87 28
ORF10	-	2	1002	917	87 28

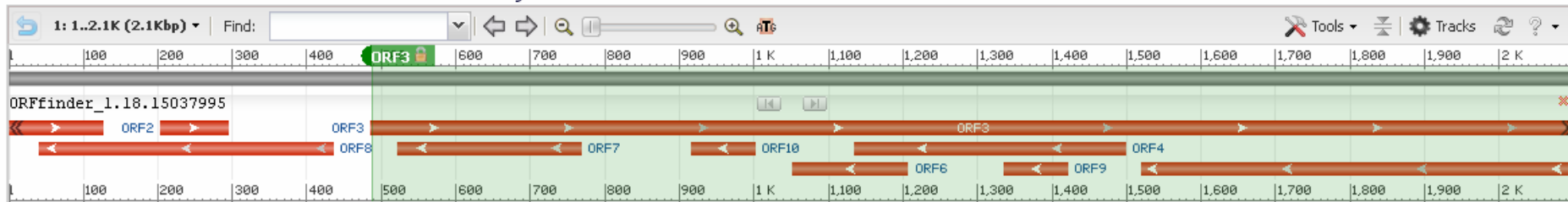
Add six-frame translation track

B-Myb - mutovaný

Open Reading Frame Viewer

Sequence

ORFs found: 10 Genetic code: 1 Start codon: 'ATG' only



ORF3 (538 aa)

Display ORF as...

Mark

```
>1c1|ORF3
MLPGRIDNAVKNHWNSTIKRRVDTCGFLSESKDCKPPVYL
LLELEDKDLQSAQPTTECQCSLLTNWPSVPPTIKEENSE
EELAAATTSKEQEPICITDLDVAVRTPEPLEEFPKREDQEGS
PPETSLPYKVVVEAANLLIPAVGSSLSALDLIESDPDAW
CDLSKFDLPEEPSAEDSINNSLVQLQASHQQVLP RPQS
ALVPSVTEYRLDCHTISDLSRSSRCELIPISPSTEVCSSC
IGTPPSVLKRRKRRVALSPVTENSTSLSFLDSCNSLTPK
STPVKTLFPSPSQFLNFWNRQDTLELESPLSTPVCSSQK
VVVITPLHRDKTPLHQKHAAPVTPDQKYSMDNTPHTPTPF
KNALEKYGPLKPLPQTPHLEEDLKEVLRSEAGIELIIEDD
IRPEKQKRPGLRRSPIKKVRKSLALDIVDEDVKLMMSTL
PKSLSLPTTAPSNSSSLTLSGIKEDNSLLNQCFLOAKPEK
AAVAQKPRSHFTTPAPMSSAWKTVACGGTRDQLFMQEKAR
```

SmartBLAST ORF3

BLAST ORF3

BLAST marked set

BLAST Database:

UniProtKB/Swiss-Prot (swissprot)

Mark subset...

Marked: 0

Download marked set

as Protein FASTA

Label	Strand	Frame	Start	Stop	Length (nt aa)
ORF3	+	3	486	>2102	1617 538
ORF5	-	2	2092	1520	573 190
ORF8	-	2	436	41	396 131
ORF4	-	1	1499	1134	366 121
ORF7	-	2	769	521	249 82
ORF6	-	2	1207	1052	156 51
ORF1	+	1	<1	126	126 41
ORF2	+	2	203	295	93 30
ORF9	-	3	1422	1336	87 28
ORF10	-	2	1002	916	87 28

Add six-frame translation track

Organizace cvičení (CRISPR)

- skupiny po 12 lidech (2x 6 hod praktických cvičení)

Každá skupina

... před praktickou částí cvičení ...

- přidělen jeden cílový gen
- návrh strategie cílené mutageneze tohoto genu metodou CRISPR (miniprojekt)
- zaslání **nejpozději** v poslední neděli před začátkem cvik na pbenes@sci.muni.cz

... po praktické části cvičení ...

- výsledky získané na cvičeních budou zpracovány do tohoto miniprojektu
- včetně analýzy sekvenčních výstupů
- včetně vyhodnocení významu vzniklých mutací pro translaci cílového genu

Miniprojekt (.doc)

- stručný úvod + cíl
 - detailní popis návrhu gRNA sekvencí pro vybraný gen
-
- stručný popis výsledků dílčích kroků cílené mutageneze z praktických cvičení
 - analýza výstupů ze sekvenace genomové DNA získaných klonů
 - závěr

RNA interference

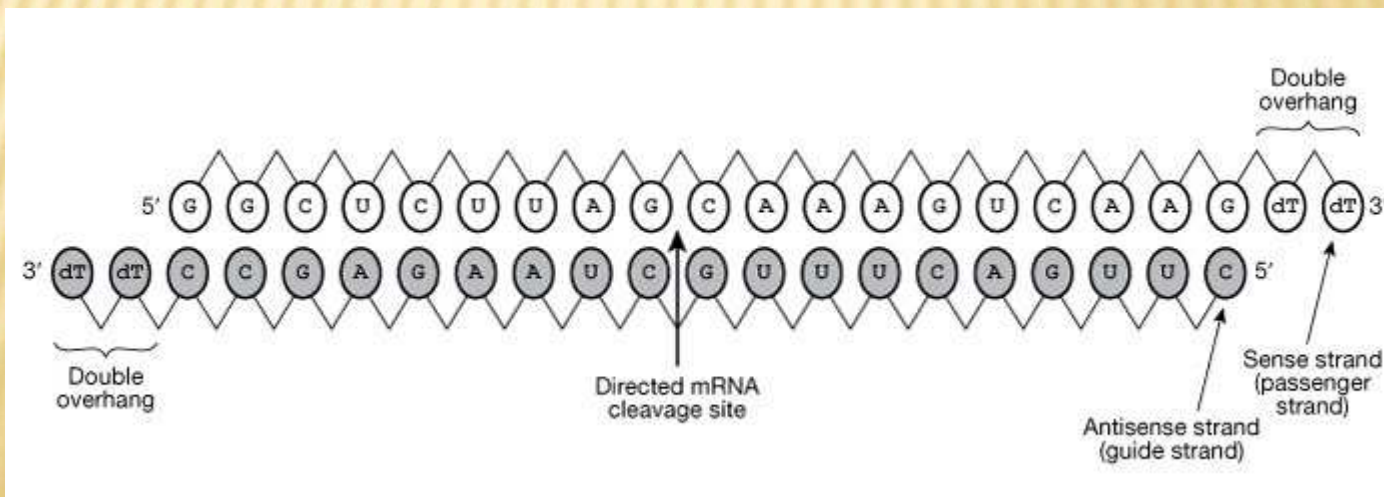
- <http://www.nature.com/nrg/multimedia/rnai/animation/index.html>
- mechanismus **post-transkripčního** umlčování genů
- využívá **dvouřetězcové RNA** pro interferenci s genovou expresí

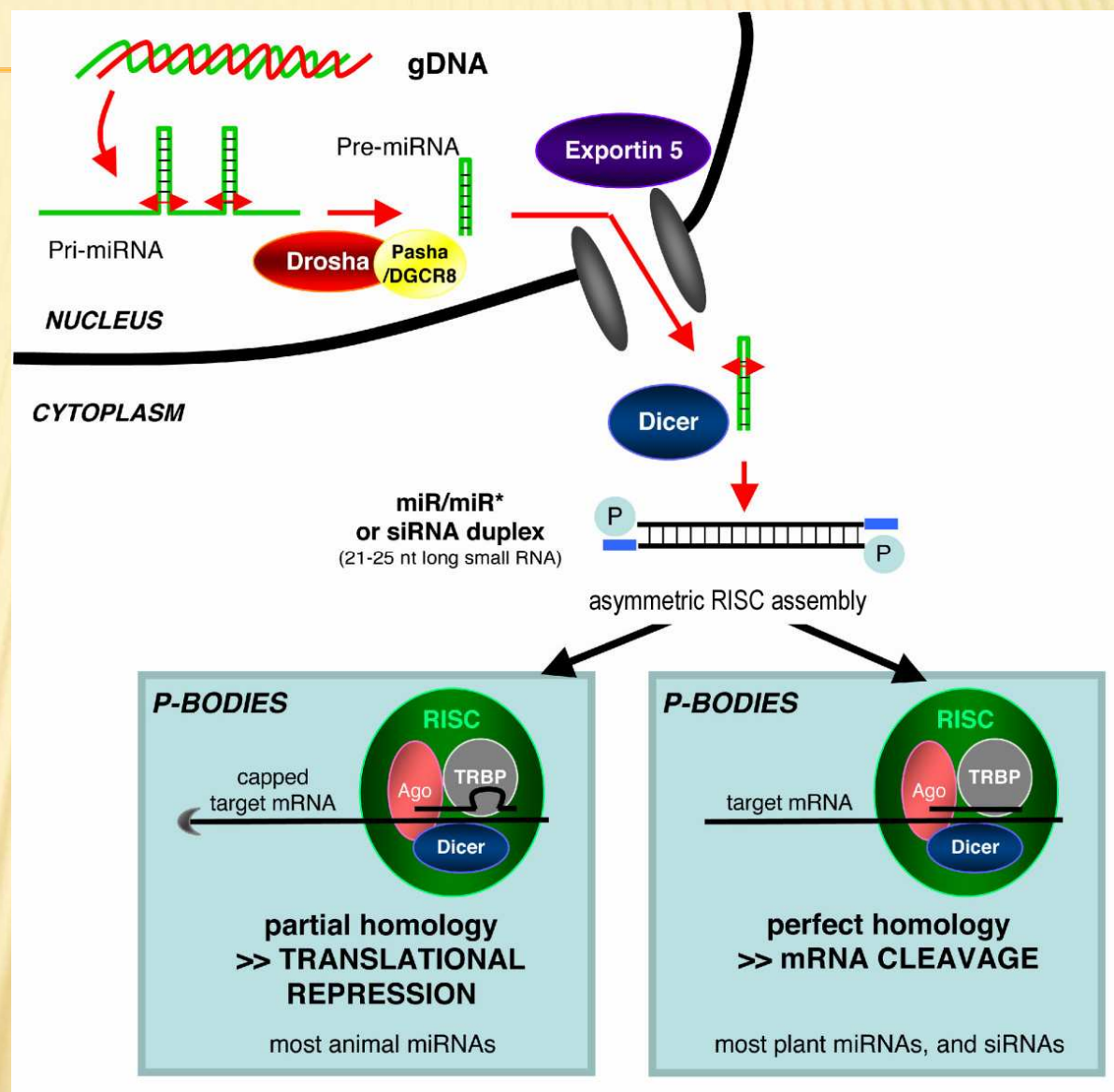
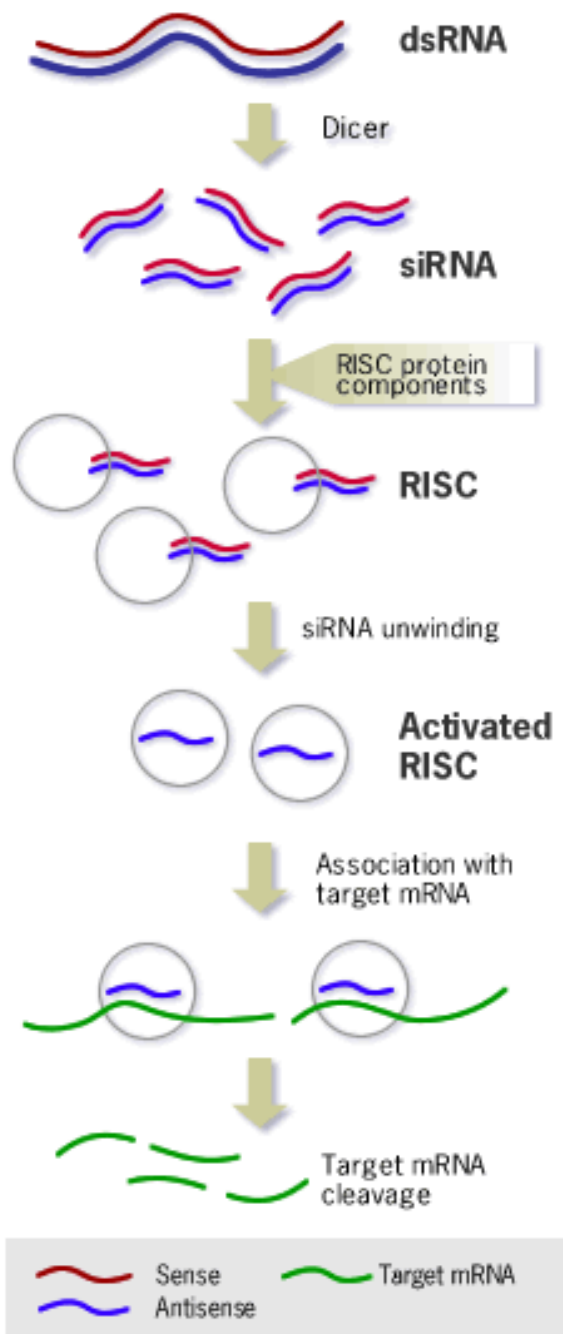
(dsRNA efektivnější než ssRNA)

- podstatou je enzymová degradace nebo zastavení translace specifické mRNA
- miRNA vs siRNA

siRNA

- malé nekódující dsRNA o velikosti 21-25 nukleotidů
- negativní regulátory genové exprese, které obvykle zprostředkovávají degradaci cílové mRNA (úplná homologie)
- exogenní původ (viry, syntetické)
- v cytoplazmě procesovány proteinem Dicer
- siRNA se váže k RISC, jedno vlákno se degraduje a druhé zprostředkovává degradaci nebo inhibici translace příslušné mRNA





miRNA versus siRNA

- obě RNA negativně regulují translaci
- miRNA je endogenní, siRNA je exogenní
- miRNA může, ale obvykle není úplně komplementární určitému transkriptu, proto jedna miRNA může blokovat translaci několika/mnoha transkriptů (desítky až stovky)
- siRNA je obvykle zcela komplementární - obvykle štěpení jediné cílové mRNA

siRNA design

- **validované siRNA** dnes dodává řada firem (Dharmacon, Thermofisher, ...)
- různý algoritmus, délka
- chemické modifikace (zvýšení stability, redukce off-target efektů)...
- směsi siRNA
- **Kontroly !!!!!!!!!!!!!!!**

siRNA design

- × 21-25 nt
- × 2 nukleotidy přesah na 3' koncích (obvykle UU)
- × 30-60% GC
- × ne cílené proti intronům, UTR a blízko ATG a terminačního kodónu
- × homologie pouze k cílové mRNA

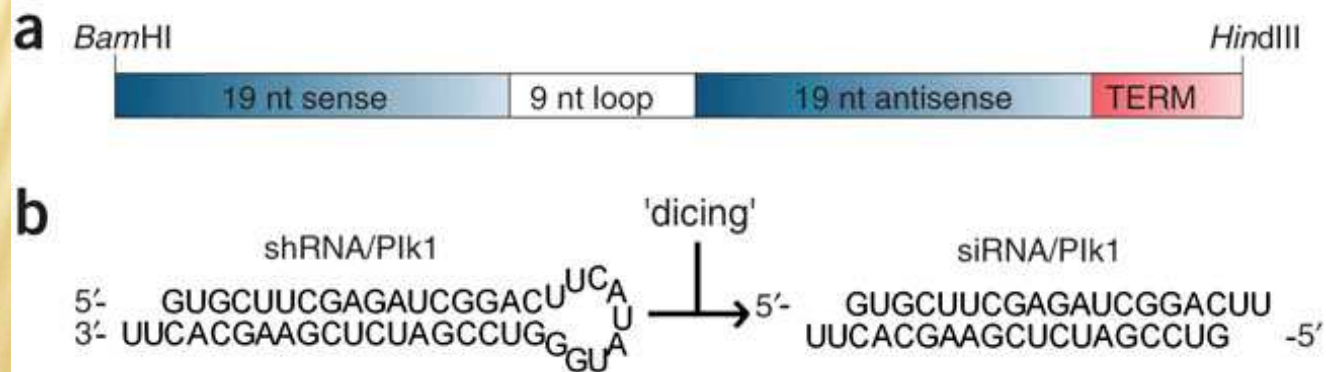
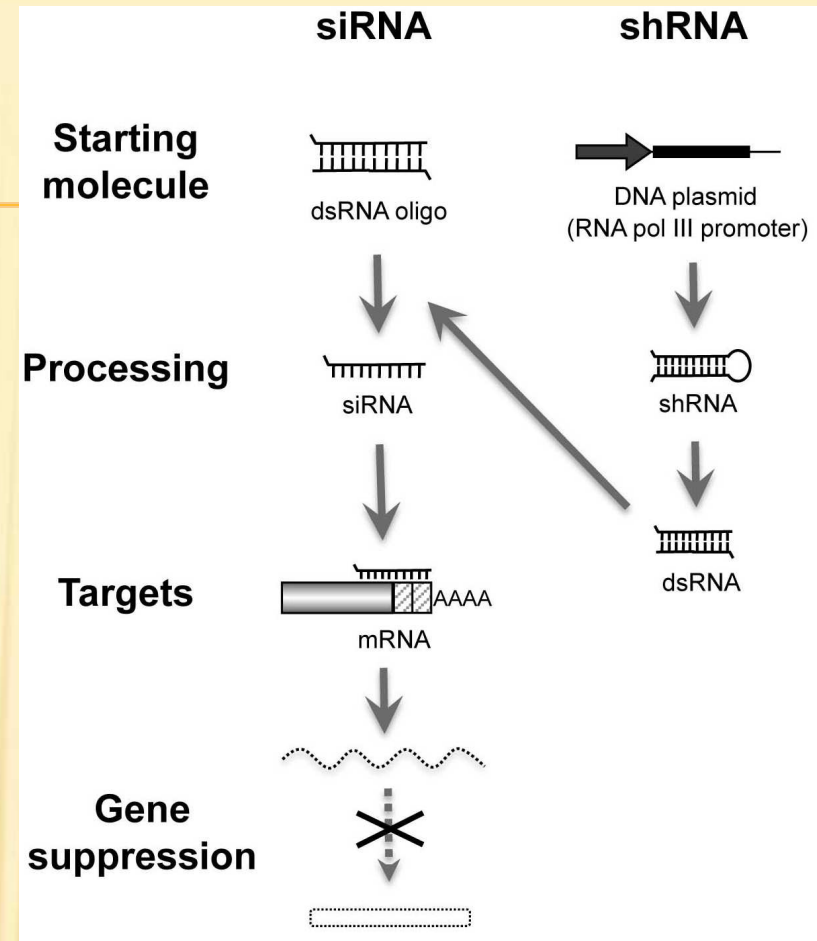
<https://rnaidesigner.lifetechnologies.com/rnaiexpress/>

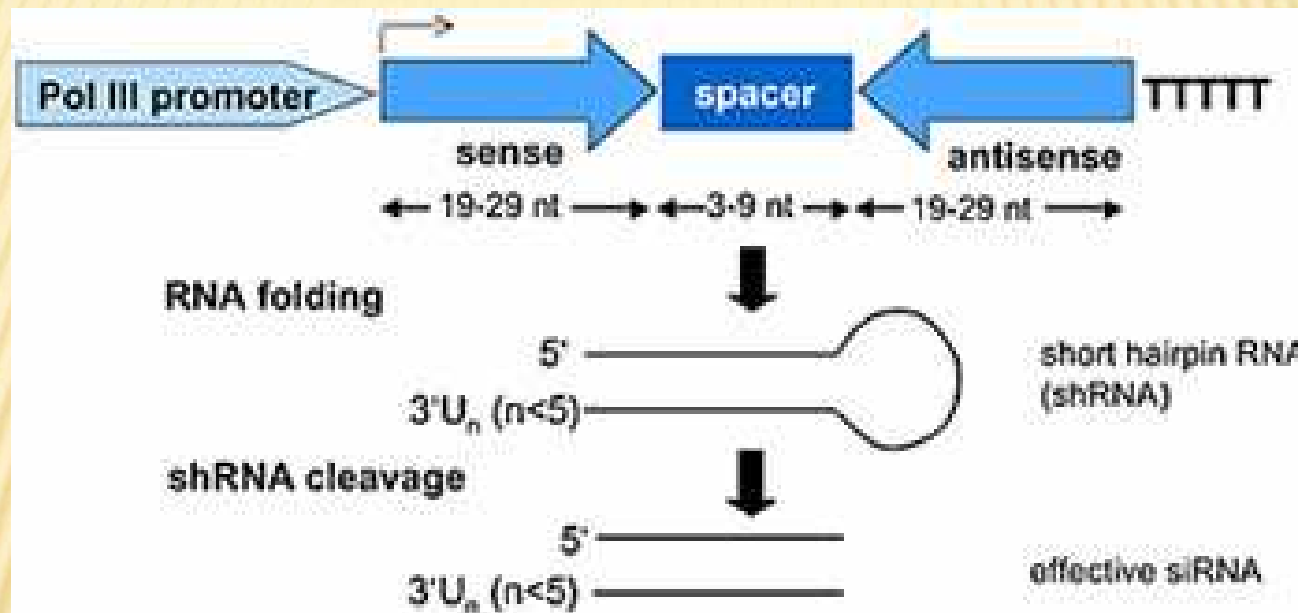
<http://dharmacon.gelifesciences.com/design-center/>

<http://www.sirnazizard.com/design.php>

shRNA

- produkovány z exogenního vektoru
- promotor polymerázy III
- syntéza a zpracování v buňce obdobné jako i mikroRNA





atgtctcggcggacgcgctgcgaggatctggatgagctgcactaccagga cacagattcagatgtgc cggagcag
agggatag caagtg caaggt caaatggacccatgaggaggacgagcagctgaggg ccctggtgaggcagtttga
cagcagga ctggaagttcctggccagccacttccctaa ccgcactgaccagcaatgccagta caggtggctgaga
gttttgaatccaga ccttgt caaggggccatggaccaaagaggaagaccaaagtc atcgagctggttaagaag
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tcgaaggaacaggagcccatc ggtacagatctggacgcagtgcaaacaccagagc ccttgagggaattcccgaag
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ttcatgcaggagaaagcccggcagctcctggg ccgctgaagccagcca cacatctcgga cctcatcttgtcc
tga

https://rnaidesigner.thermofisher.com/rnaiexpress/

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HELP

BLOCK-iT™ RNAi Designer

The easiest way to design effective RNAi molecules for great results

See also:
[BLOCK-iT™ RNAi Express](#): Simplified online ordering of pre-designed and validated Stealth Select RNAi™ siRNA.

[Synthetics for in vivo RNAi](#)

[PlateSelect™](#): Order made-on-demand RNAi in customizable plate format at 1nmole scale!

Target Design Options:

- [Stealth RNAi™ siRNA](#)
- [siRNA](#)
- [miR RNAi](#)
- [shRNA](#)
- [siRNA to Stealth RNAi™ siRNA](#)
- [siRNA to shRNA](#)

Find out more about [Stealth RNAi™ siRNA](#), the next generation RNAi molecule or read about the benefits of [BLOCK-iT™ siRNA](#). [How to Order](#)

Step 1: Enter an accession number or provide a nucleotide sequence

Accession number:

OR

Nucleotide sequence: Enter only A, C, G, T, and U. See the online Help for additional information

```
atgtctcggggagcgcgctgagggatctggatgagctgactaccaggacacagattcagatgtgccggagcagagggatagcaagtgcaaggtcaaatggaccatgaggaggagcagcagctgaggccctggtgaggcagttgga  
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```

Step 2: If you entered an accession number in Step 1, select regions for target design

Open reading frame (ORF) 5' UTR 3' UTR

Step 3: Choose database for Blast

Human - Homo sapiens

NOTE: BLAST is used to compare input sequence with sequences in the database to find unique regions against which to design RNAi targets. The databases contain representative gene sequences for that species. Blast databases were updated on May 01, 2008 and the design output reflects the most up-to-date designs.

Step 4: Choose minimum and maximum G/C percentage

Minimum G/C percentage:

35%

Maximum G/C percentage:

55%

Step 5: Select siRNA design options and click "RNAi Design" to design siRNA.

[Default motif pattern:](#)

[Tuschl's motif pattern:](#)

P: Proprietary (Recommended)

A: AA(N19)TT

B: NA(N19)NN

C: NA(RN17Y)NN

D: NA(N18Y)NN

[RNAi Design](#)

Reset Form

Guarantee: The BLOCK-iT™ RNAi Designer is such an effective tool for the design of siRNAs that if you order the three best siRNA sequences designed by the BLOCK-iT™ RNAi Designer, we guarantee that two of them will give greater than 70% knockdown of mRNA, given that the transfection efficiency in your experiment is at least 80%. If two or more fail to knock down your target RNA by at least 70% under these conditions, Invitrogen will design and ship a fourth siRNA to your target for free*.

*Please contact Invitrogen Technical Services to take advantage of this offer (800-955-6288 ext 2). Please be prepared to fax or email your order reference number, oligo sequences and data showing your transfection efficiency and knockdown. This offer is good for one free duplex per target.

How to Order: You must have an account with Invitrogen to order custom oligos. After your oligos have been designed and added to the order form, you must enter a valid customer number that is keyed to your account. If you do not already have an account, contact your [local representative](#) to set up an account.

If you already know your RNAi oligo sequence: Order oligos online at [Order Custom Primers](#) or by [e-mail/Fax](#).

Recommended siRNA

Gene Name: Unknown **Accession:** Unknown **GI:** Unknown
Organism: Unknown **Length:** 2103 **ORF Region:** Unknown
Defintion: Unknown

[Continue](#)

[View Blast Results](#)

[Sort By:](#)

Start

10 siRNA Sequences (Up to 10 top scoring siRNA sequences are reported, sorted by the Start position and ranked as ★★★★★ to ★★☆☆☆ to indicate knockdown probability). Select the sequence to order and click "Continue".

Select	No.	Start	Sequence(DNA)	Region	GC%	Tuschi's pattern match [†]	Rank ¹
<input type="checkbox"/>	1	252	GCCATGGACCAAAGAGGAA		52.64		★★★★★
<input type="checkbox"/>	2	391	CCTGAGGTGAAGAAGTCTT		47.37		★★★★★
<input type="checkbox"/>	3	689	CCGTCCCTCCTACCATAAA		52.64		★★★★★
<input type="checkbox"/>	4	912	GGTTCTAGCCTCTCTGAA		52.64		★★★★★
<input type="checkbox"/>	5	965	GGTGTGACCTGAGTAAATT		42.11		★★★★☆
<input type="checkbox"/>	6	1292	CCTCCTGGATTCTGTAA		47.37		★★★★★
<input type="checkbox"/>	7	1322	CCAAGAGCACACCTGTAA		47.37		★★★★★
<input type="checkbox"/>	8	1358	CCTCCCAGTTTCTGAACTT		47.37		★★★★★
<input type="checkbox"/>	9	1379	GGAACAAACAGGACACATT		42.11		★★★★☆
<input type="checkbox"/>	10	1491	CCAGAAACATGCTGCGTTT		47.37	BD	★★★★★

[Continue](#)

Tuschi's pattern[†]: A=AA(N19)TT, B=NA(N19)NN, C=NAR(N17)YNN, D=NAN(17)YNN; Nucleotides: A = Adenine; T = Thymine; R = Adenine or Guanine (Purines); Y = Thymine or Cytosine (Pyrimidines); N = Any.

¹**Note:** As a result of the recent update to the BLOCK-iT™ RNAi Designer, the "Star Scoring System" has also been updated to reflect our more highly refined RNAi duplex designs. Only the duplexes with the highest probability of success are provided which means that out of a possible five stars, no duplex has less than a three-star ranking. While each individual RNAi duplex is designed to achieve the highest quality results, we recommend selecting the top three star-ranked designs for your target of interest to guarantee your knockdown success.

BLOCK-iT™ RNAi Designer

The easiest way to design effective RNAi molecules for great results

See also:

[BLOCK-iT™ RNAi Express](#): Simplified online ordering of pre-designed and validated Stealth Select RNAi™ siRNA.

[Synthetics for in vivo RNAi](#)

[PlateSelect™](#): Order made-on-demand RNAi in customizable plate format at 1nmole scale!

Target Design Options:

[Stealth RNAi™ siRNA](#) [siRNA](#) [miR RNAi](#) [shRNA](#) [siRNA to Stealth RNAi™ siRNA](#) [siRNA to shRNA](#)

Selected siRNA with negative control sequences

The negative control sequence for each selected siRNA is displayed. Select control sequences to order and click 'Order Online'

Select order format first before selecting products to order*:

Tube Plate

[Order Online](#)

[Email/Save Order](#)

Select	No.	Name	Start	Sequence(DNA)	Region	GC%	Rank
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	1	siRNA_252	252	GCCATGGACCAAAGAGGAA		52.64	★★★★★
<input type="checkbox"/>		siRNA_control_252		GCCCAGGAAACGAGTAGAA		52.64	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	2	siRNA_689	689	CCGTCCCTCCTACCATAAA		52.64	★★★★★
<input type="checkbox"/>		siRNA_control_689		CCGCTCCCATCTACCTAAA		52.64	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	3	siRNA_1322	1322	CCAAGAGCACACCTGTAA		47.37	★★★★★
<input type="checkbox"/>		siRNA_control_1322		CCAGAACACCCGTTAGTAA		47.37	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	4	siRNA_1358	1358	CCTCCCAGTTTCTGAACTT		47.37	★★★★★
<input type="checkbox"/>		siRNA_control_1358		CCTTGACTCTTAAGCCCTT		47.37	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	5	siRNA_1491	1491	CCAGAAACATGCTGCGTTT		47.37	★★★★★
<input type="checkbox"/>		siRNA_control_1491		CCAACAATCGTGCGAGTTT		47.37	

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Target Design Options:	Stealth RNAi™ siRNA	siRNA	miR RNAi	shRNA	siRNA to Stealth RNAi™ siRNA	siRNA to shRNA
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Convert siRNA to shRNA

To design shRNA based on existing siRNA for cloning into Invitrogen's vectors, enter the sense siRNA sequence, select one of the default loop sequences or enter a custom loop sequence, select appropriate vector and click 'Design shRNA Oligo'. Select [pENTR™/H1/TO vector](#) for inducible expression and [pENTR™/UG](#) for constitutive expression.

Sense siRNA Sequence	Default Loop Sequence	Custom Loop Sequence	Vector
<input type="text"/>	CGAA 	<input type="text"/>	pENTR™/H1/TO 

[Design shRNA Oligo](#)

[Reset Form](#)

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[Synthetics for in vivo RNAi](#)

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Target Design Options:

[Stealth RNAi™ siRNA](#) [siRNA](#) [miR RNAi](#) [shRNA](#) [siRNA to Stealth RNAi™ siRNA](#) [siRNA to shRNA](#)

Order shRNA Oligo

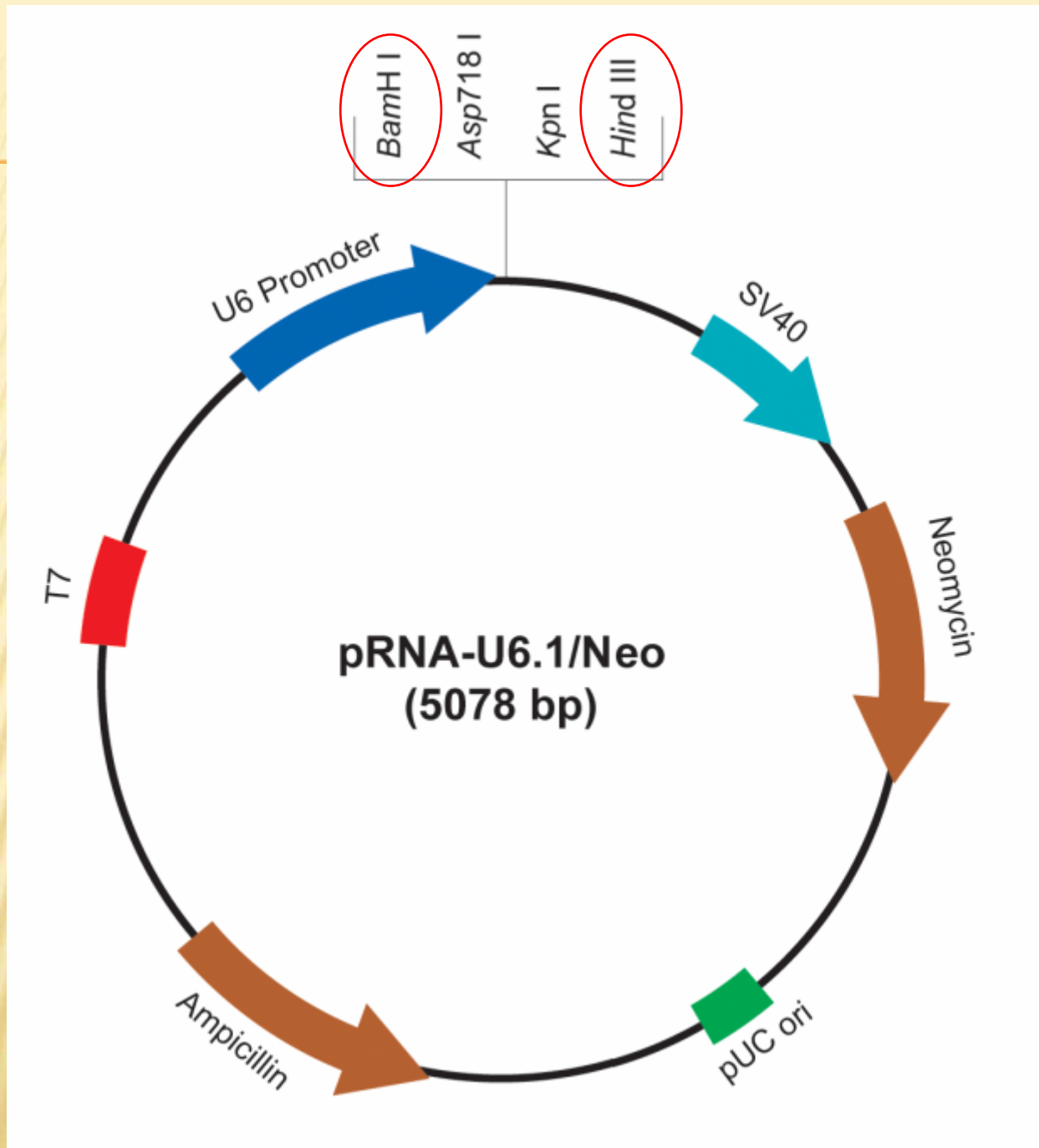
shRNA Oligo Features:

Linker	Sense Sequence	Loop Sequence	Antisense Sequence
Top Strand	5' - CACCGCCATGGACCAAAGAGGAACGAATTCCTCTTTGGTCCATGGC-3'		
Bottom Strand	5' - AAAAGCCATGGACCAAAGAGGAATTCGTTTCCTTTGGTCCATGGC-3'		
ds Oligo	5' - CACCGCCATGGACCAAAGAGGAACGAATTCCTCTTTGGTCCATGGC-3'		
	3' - CGGTACCTGGTTTCTCCTTGCTTAAGCAGAAAACCGGTACCGAAAA-5'		

Note: You have to order both the top and bottom DNA strands (Minimum scale of synthesis = 50 nmole; 5' modifications = None; 3' Modifications = None; Purity = Desalted). Anneal the top and bottom strand oligos ([shRNA Annealing Protocol \(PDF\)](#)) to generate a double-stranded oligo with 4-nucleotide overhangs suitable for directional cloning into Invitrogen's [BLOCK-iT™ Inducible H1 RNAi Entry Vector \(pENTR™/H1/TO\)](#).

[Order Online](#)

[Email/Save Order](#)



B-Myb shRNA

BamH I

5' GATCCGCCATGGACCAAAGAGGAA TTCAAGAGATTCCTCTTTGGTCCATGGCTTTTTT GG AAA3'
| Sense | Loop | Antisense | Termination Signal

5' AGCTTTTCCAAAAAGCCATGGACCAAAGAGGAA TCTCTTGAATTCCTCTTTGGTCCATGGCCG 3'
Hind III

BamH I

GATCCG **GCCATGGACCAAAGAGGAA** TTCAAGAGATTCCTCTTTGGTCCATGGCTTTTTT GGAAA
GCCGGTACCTGGTTTCTCCTTAAGTTCTCTAAGGAGAAACCAGGTACCGAAAAACCTTTTCGA
Hind III

ligace, transformace E. coli ligační směsí, expanze klonů, izolace plazmidové DNA,
sekvenace

další postup ...

- přenos plazmidu do eukaryotických buněk (přechodná transfekce)
- analýza exprese cílového genu na úrovni proteinu (westernův přenos)

Organizace cvičení (shRNA)

- skupiny po 12 lidech (2x 6 hod praktických cvičení)

Každá skupina

... před praktickou částí cvičení ...

- přidělen jeden cílový gen (stejný jako pro CRISPR)
- návrh siRNA/shRNA sekvence (miniprojekt)
- zaslání **nejpozději** v poslední neděli před začátkem cvik na pbenes@sci.muni.cz

... po praktické části cvičení ...

- výsledky získané na cvičeních budou zpracovány do tohoto miniprojektu

Miniprojekt (.doc)

- stručný úvod + cíl
 - detailní popis návrhu gRNA a siRNA/shRNA sekvencí pro vybraný gen
-

- stručný popis výsledků z praktických cvičení:
 - a) dílčích kroků mutagenese cílového genu
 - b) dílčích kroků posttranskripčního umlčování cílového genu
-

- analýza výstupů ze sekvenace genomové DNA získaných klonů
- závěr

Cílové geny

Mus musculus

- Tacstd2 (Gene ID: 56753) - 30. března
- Myb (Gene ID: 17863) - 6. dubna
- Mybl2 (Gene ID: 17865) - 20. dubna
- Cxcl1 (Gene ID: 14825) - 27. dubna
- Icam1 (Gene ID: 15894) - 4. května
- Tnfrsf9 (Gene ID: 21942) - 11. května