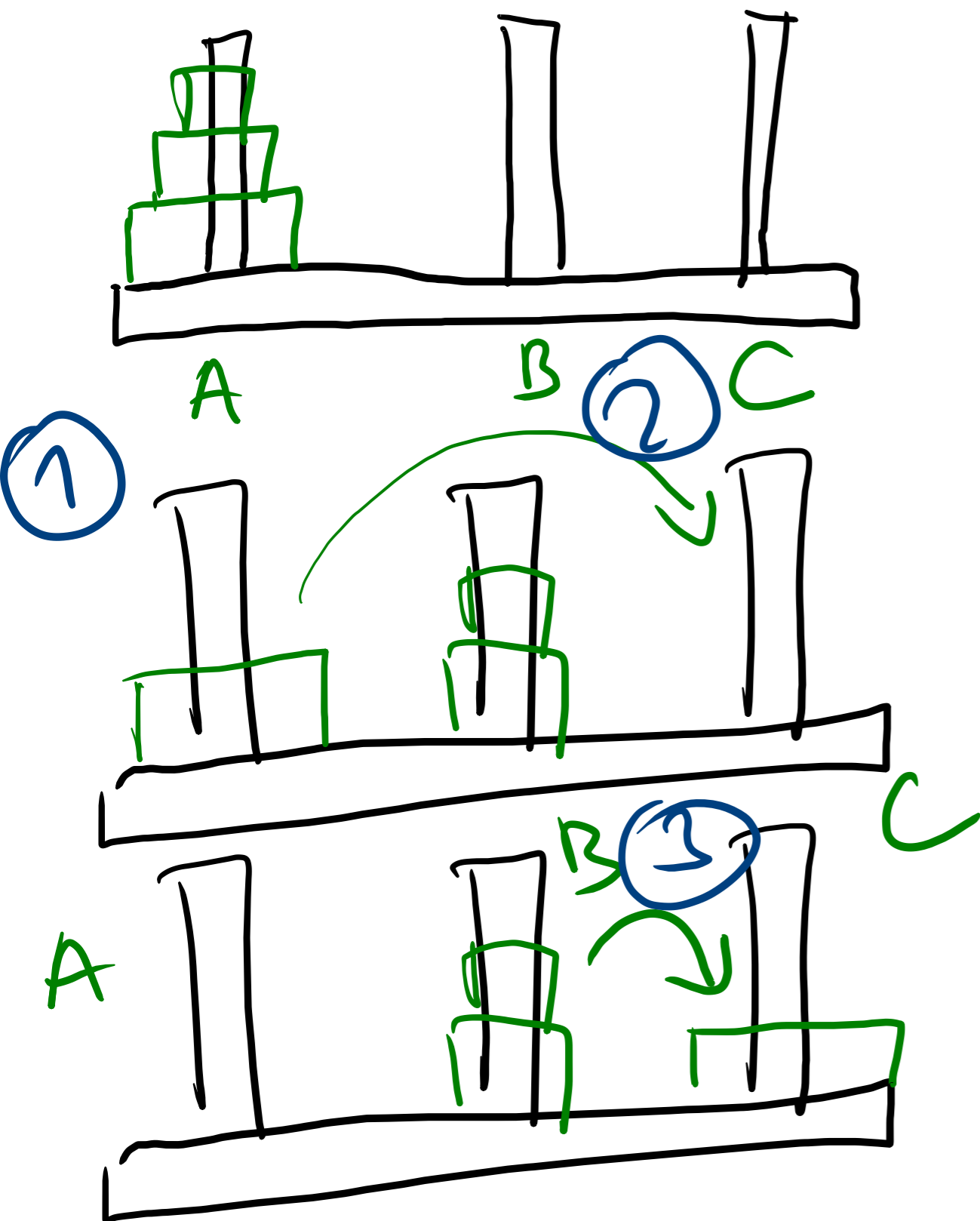


HANOI SRE VETE



HANOI(N):

MOVE(A, C, B, N)

MOVE(SRC, DST, TMP, N):

IF $N \geq 1$:

- ① MOVE(SRC, TMP, DST, N-1)
- ② PRINT ('MOVING {SRC} → {DST}')
- ③ MOVE(TMP, DST, SRC, N-1)

MOVE(A, C, B, 3) →
→ MOVE(A, B, C, 2), PRINT, MOVE(B, C, A, 2)
A → C

$$T(0) = 0$$

$$T(1) = 1$$

$$T(2) = 3$$

$$T(n) = T(n-1) + 1 + T(n-1) = 2T(n-1) + 1$$

$$T(n) = ?$$

$$T(n) = 2(2T(n-2) + 1) + 1 = 2(2(2T(n-3) + 1) + 1) + 1 = \dots =$$

$$= 2^n \cdot T(0) + 2^{n-1} + \dots + 8 + 4 + 2 + 1 =$$

$$= \boxed{2^n T(0)} + \underbrace{2^{n-1} + \dots + 2^3 + 2^2 + 2^1 + 2^0} =$$

$$T(n) = \underbrace{2^{n-1} + \dots + 2^3 + 2^2 + 2^1 + 2^0}_{n} =$$

$$S = a_0 \cdot \frac{q^n - 1}{q - 1}$$

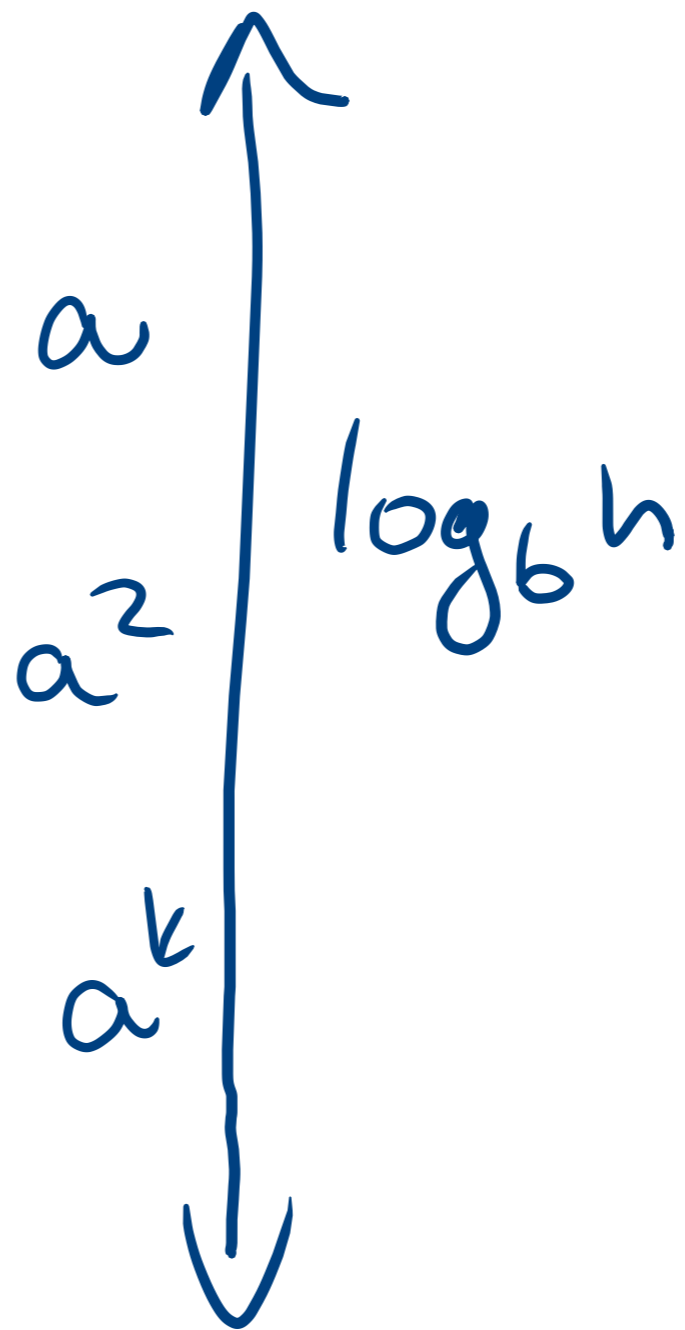
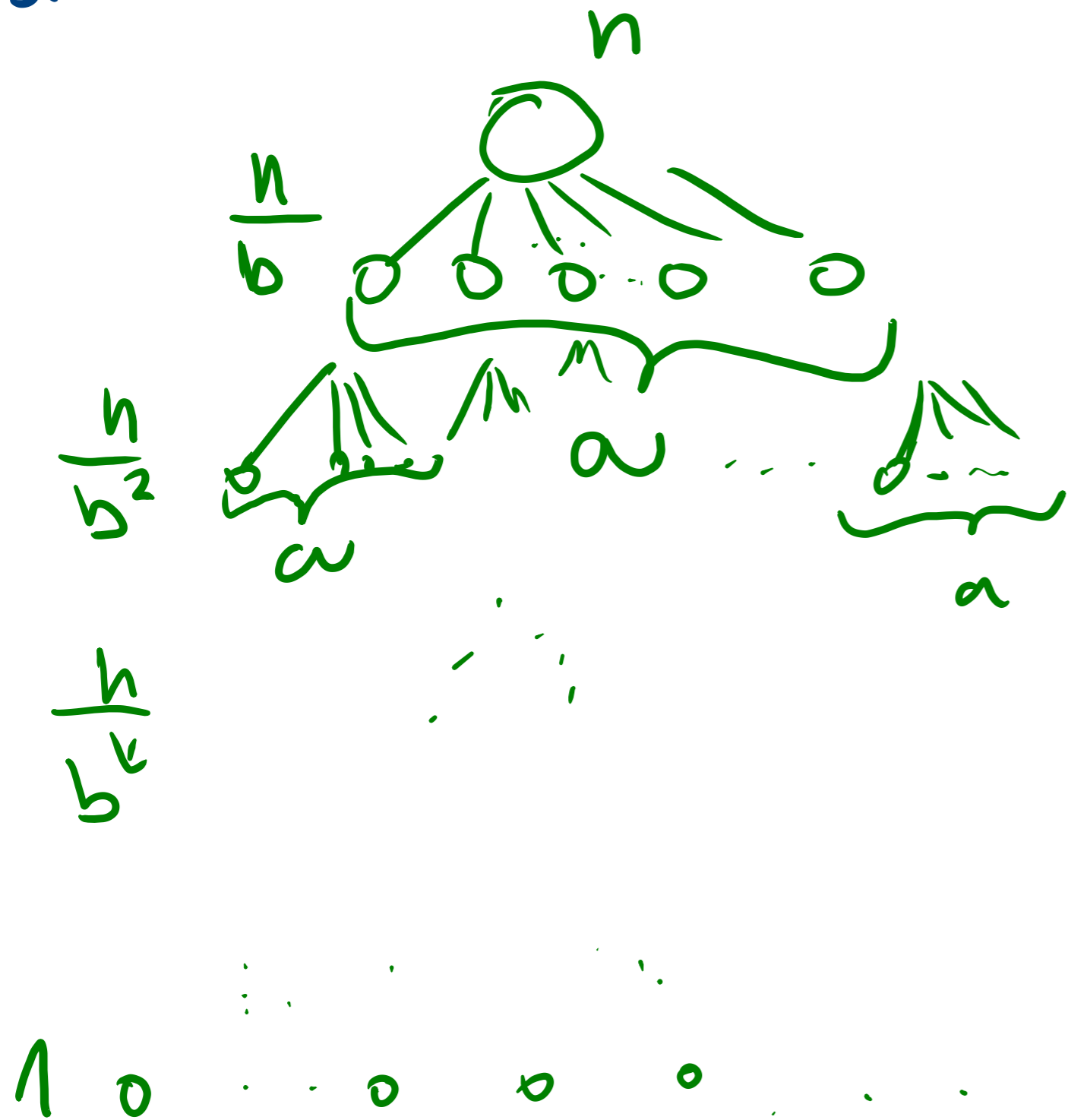
$$q = 2$$

$$a_0 = 1$$

$$T(n) = S = 1 \cdot \frac{2^n - 1}{2 - 1} = \underline{2^n - 1}$$

ROZDĚL A PANUJ

MASTER THEOREM:



$$\sum_{k=0}^{\log_b n} a^k \cdot O\left(\left(\frac{n}{b^k}\right)^d\right) =$$

$$= O(n^d) \cdot \sum_{k=0}^{\log_b n} \frac{a^k}{(b^k)^d} =$$

$$= O(n^d) \cdot \sum_{k=0}^{\log_b n} \left(\frac{a}{b^d}\right)^k$$

$$O(n^d) \sum_{k=0}^{\log_b n} \left(\frac{a}{b^d}\right)^k$$

$$a = b^d$$

$$O(n^d) \sum_{k=0}^{\log_b n} 1^k = O(n^d) \sum_{k=0}^{\log_b n} 1 \in O(n^d \log n)$$

$$T(n) = \begin{cases} O(n^d) \\ O(n^d \log n) \\ O(n^{\log_b a}) \end{cases}$$

pro $d > \log_b a$
pro $d = \log_b a$
pro $d < \log_b a$

$$O(n^d \log n)$$

SEITANI

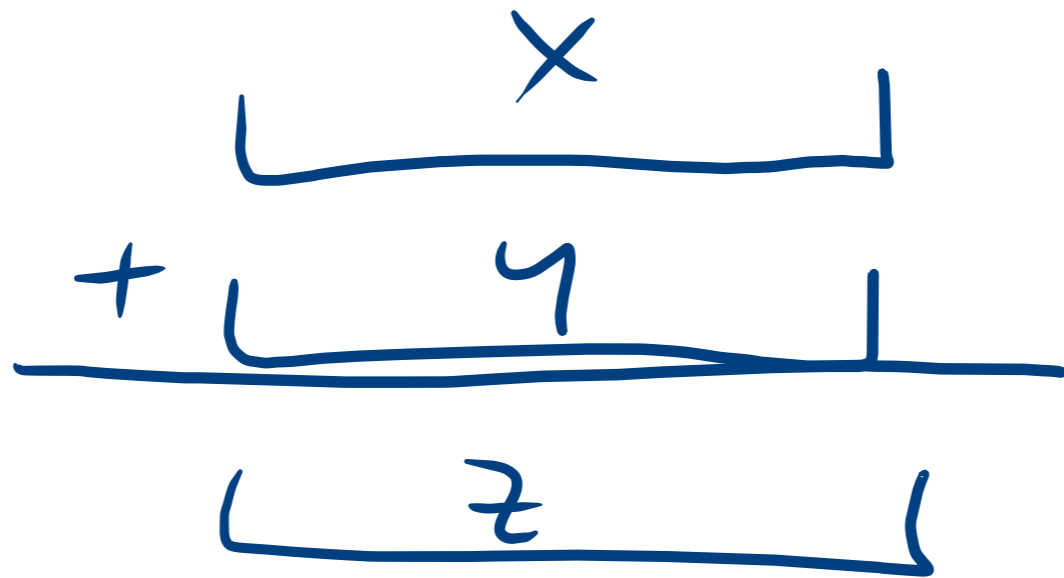
DLOUHICH CILICH

CISEL

$$z = x + y$$

x, y ...

N CIFER



$$\Rightarrow O(N)$$

NASOBENI

DLOUHICH CILICH

CISEL

pa.

$$z = x \cdot y$$



738

615

492

56088

$$O(N^2)$$

NÁSOBENÍ DLOUHÝCH CELÝCH ČÍSEL

$$z = x \cdot y$$

$$x = \underbrace{\quad A \quad}_{\text{}} \underbrace{\quad B \quad}_{\text{}} = A \cdot 10^{n/2} + B$$

$$y = \underbrace{\quad C \quad}_{\text{}} \underbrace{\quad D \quad}_{\text{}} = C \cdot 10^{n/2} + D$$

$$z = (A \cdot 10^{n/2} + B) \cdot (C \cdot 10^{n/2} + D) = \underbrace{AC}_{\text{}} \cdot 10^n + \underbrace{(AD + BC)}_{\text{}} \cdot 10^{n/2} + \underbrace{BD}_{\text{}}$$

$$T(n) = 4T\left(\frac{n}{2}\right) + O(n^1)$$

$$a=4, b=2, d=1$$

$$T(n) \in O\left(n^{\log_2 4}\right) = O(n^2)$$

pu:

$$123456 = 123 \cdot 10^3 + 456$$

REKURZIVNĚ REKURZIVNĚ

$$T(n) = \begin{cases} O(n^d) & \text{pro } d > \log_b a \\ O(n^d \log n) & \text{pro } d = \log_b a \\ O(n^{\log_b a}) & \text{pro } d < \log_b a \end{cases}$$

KARATSUBA:

$$Z = (A \cdot 10^{n/2} + B)(C \cdot 10^{n/2} + D) = \underbrace{AC \cdot 10^n + (AD + BC) \cdot 10^{n/2} + BD}$$

① AC

② BD

③ $(A + B)(C + D) = AC + AD + BC + BD$

$$AD + BC = (A + B)(C + D) - AC - BD$$

$$a = 3, b = 2, d = 1$$

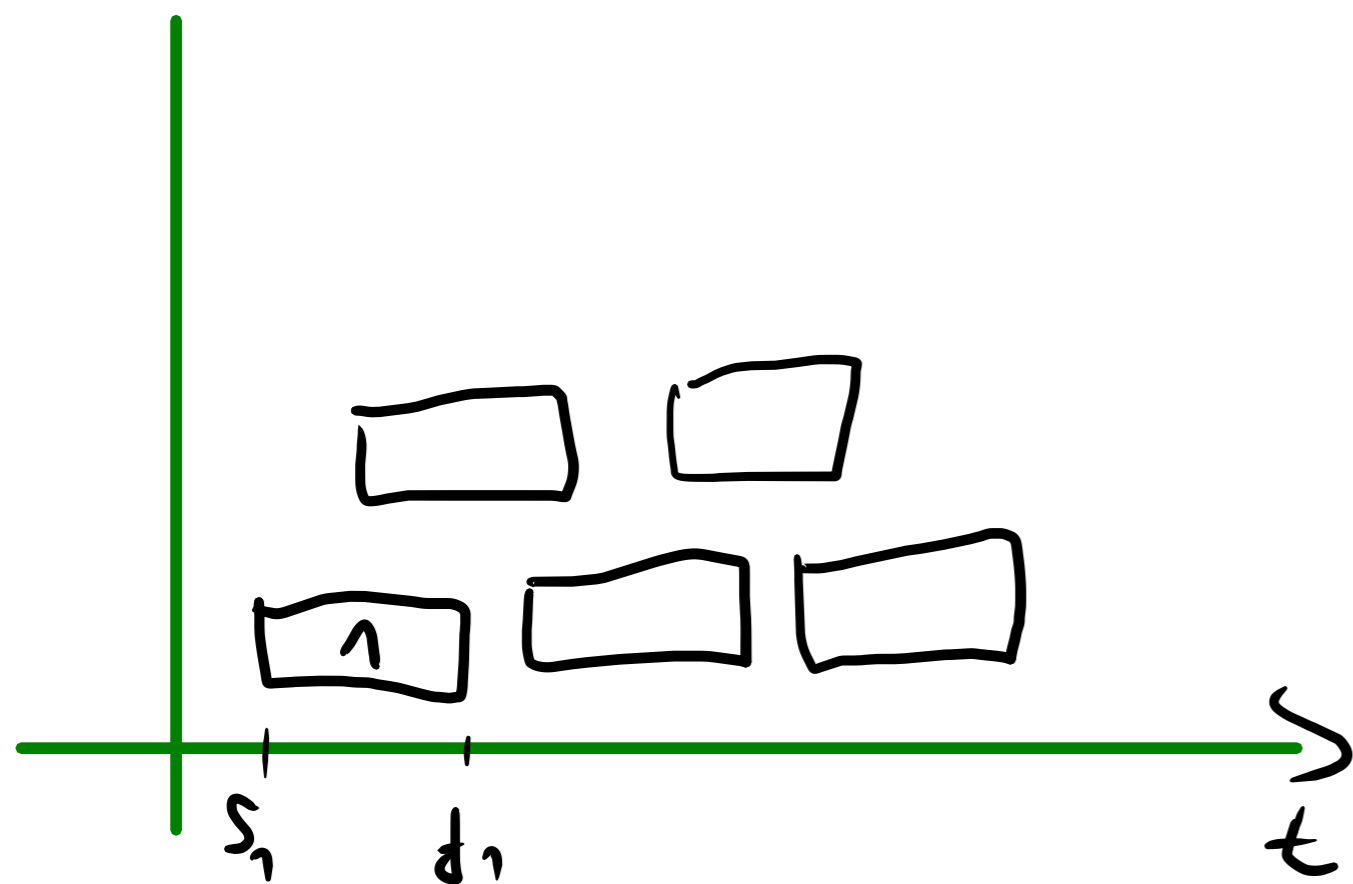
$$O(n^{\log_2 3}) = O(n^{1.58})$$

$$T(n) = \begin{cases} O(n^d) \\ O(n^d \log n) \\ O(n^{\log_b a}) \end{cases}$$

pro $d > \log_b a$
pro $d = \log_b a$
pro $d < \log_b a$

HLAVNÍ ALGORITHM → PLÁNOVÁNÍ ÚLOH


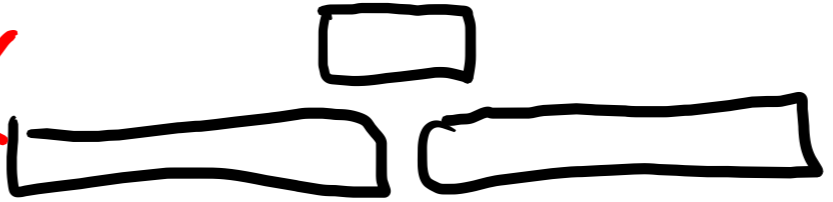
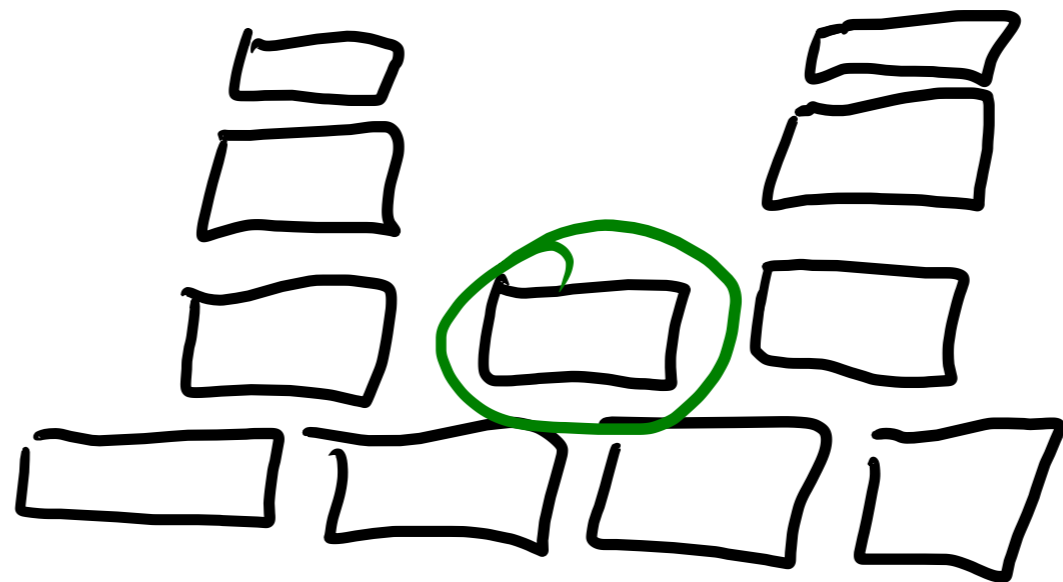
ÚLOHA j : s_j, f_j
čas začátku ← čas ukončení



CIL: MAX. POČET
NEPŘEKRYVAJÍCÍCH SE
ÚLOH

ZADÁNÍ:

$(s_1, f_1), (s_2, f_2), \dots, (s_n, f_n)$

- ① NEJDEŇSI' (s_j) X 
- ② NEJDEŇSI' (f_j) ✓
- ③ NEJKRATSI' ($f_j - s_j$) X 
- ④ NEJDEŇŤ KONFLIKTŮ X 

SEĎAĎNI ÚLOH DLE f_j

$A = \emptyset$

FOR $j = 1$ TO N :

IF j je kompatibilní s A :

$A = A \cup \{j\}$

RETURN A

$\Rightarrow O(N \cdot \log N)$

$O(N \cdot \log N)$

$O(N)$

test

$s_j \geq f_{j^*}$

j^* je poslední přidána úhna