

C8953

NMR structural analysis - seminar

INADEQUATE +
Stereochemistry

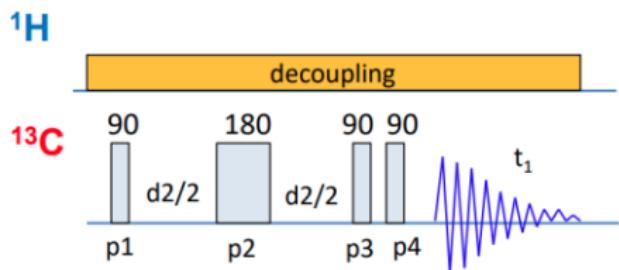
Michal Knor

437395@mail.muni.cz

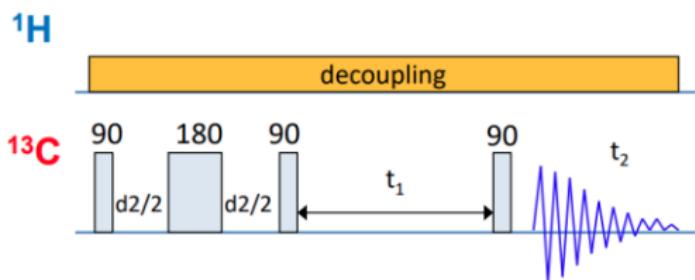
May 5, 2021

INADEQUATE

1D INADEQUATE

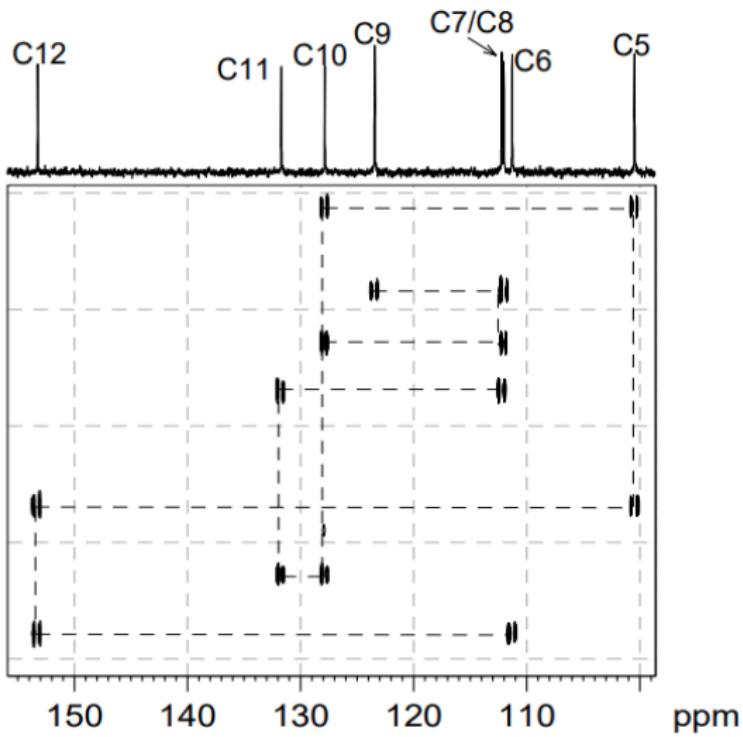
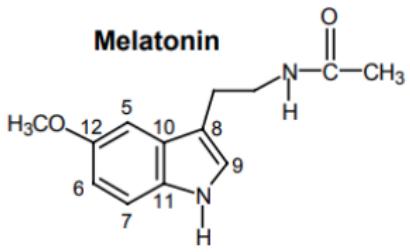


2D INADEQUATE

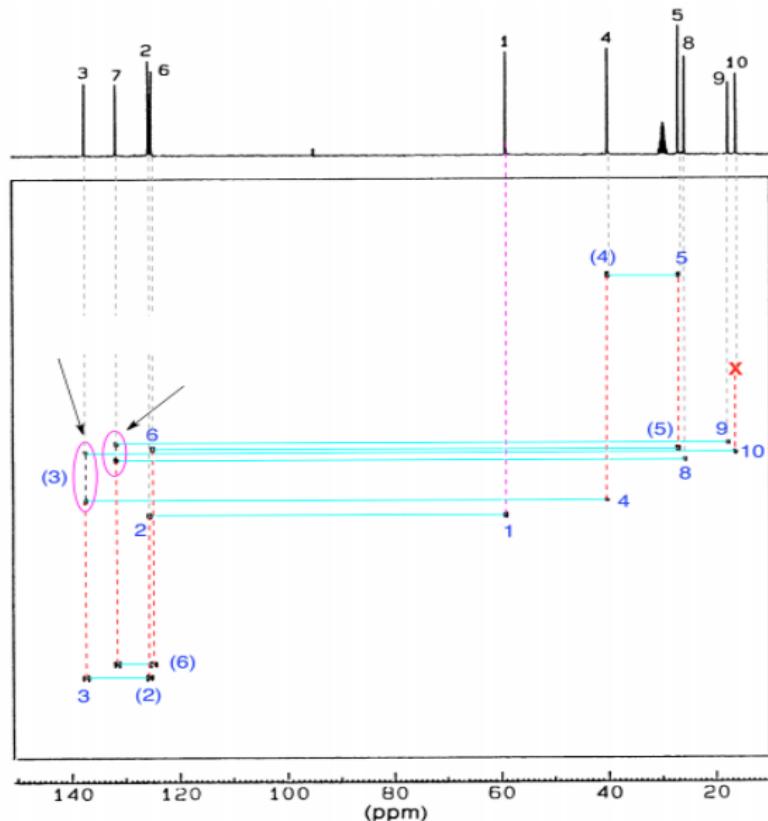


- **Incredible Natural Abundance DoublE QUAntum Transfer Experiment**
- INADEQUATE experiments are mainly used for ^{13}C - ^{13}C correlation spectra of natural abundance ^{13}C molecules
- Low sensitivity

2D INADEQUATE - example

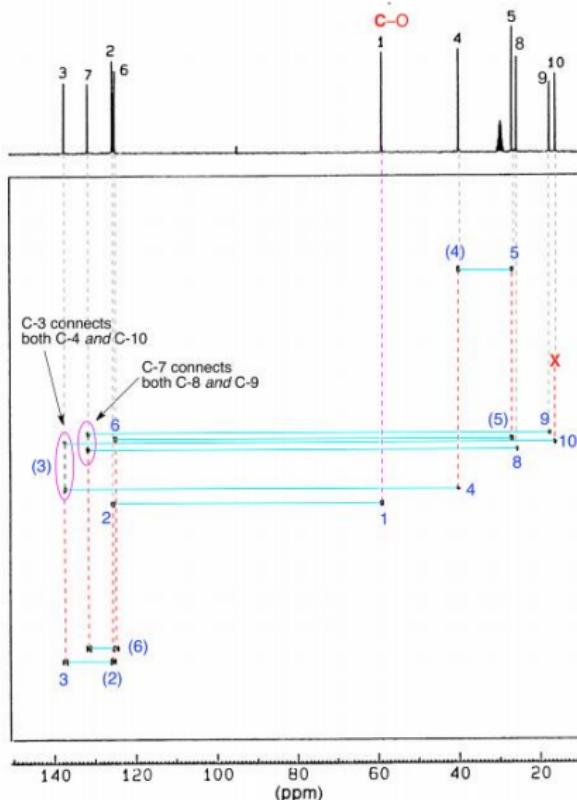
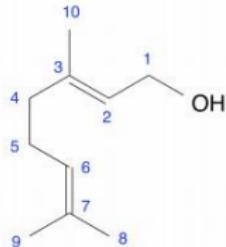


Determine the structure of C₁₀H₁₈O using INADEQUATE exp.



Determine the structure of C₁₀H₁₈O using INADEQUATE exp.

2D INADEQUATE spectrum of geraniol

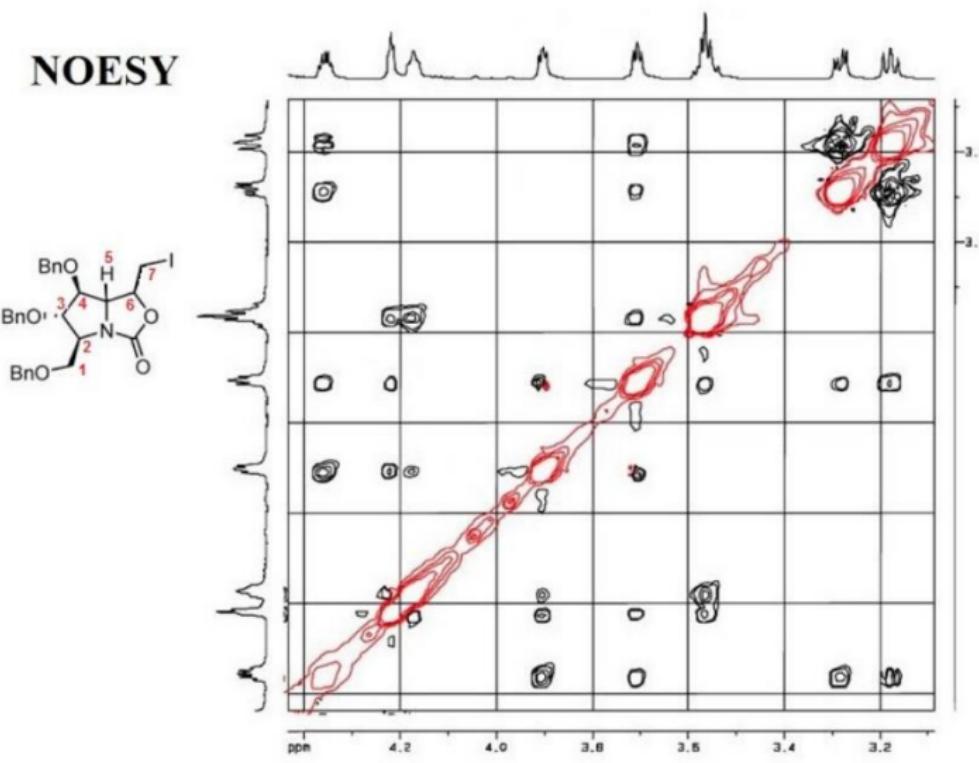


Isomerism and NMR

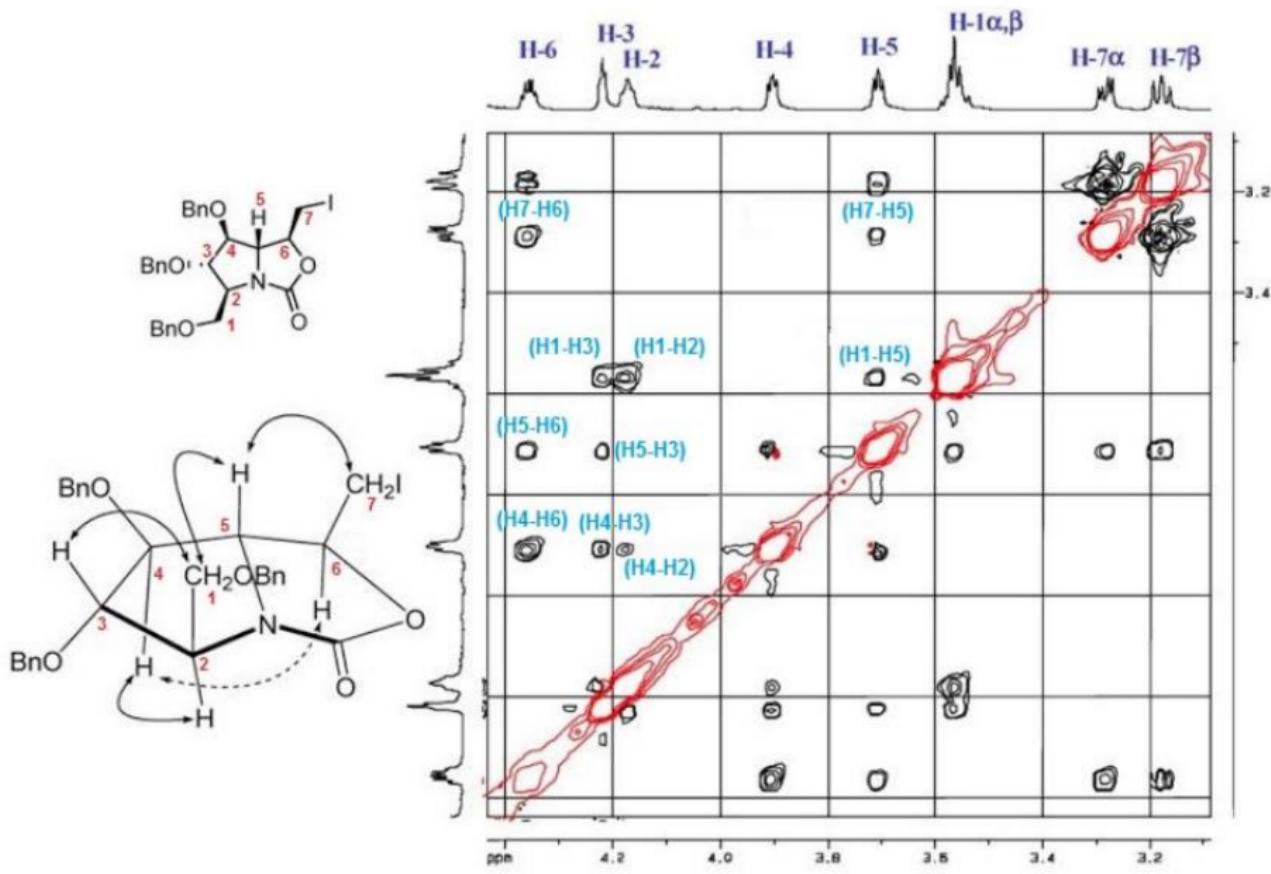
- ▶ Functional groups (constitution) - chemical shift
- ▶ Position of substituents - HMBC, NOESY/ROESY
- ▶ Relative configuration on double bonds or rings -
 J -coupling, NOESY/ROESY
- ▶ Absolute configuration - application of Chiral Derivatizing Agents (CDA)

Relative stereochemistry on a ring: NOESY

Provide the complete assignment of ^1H resonances and determine the orientation of H5 and H6.



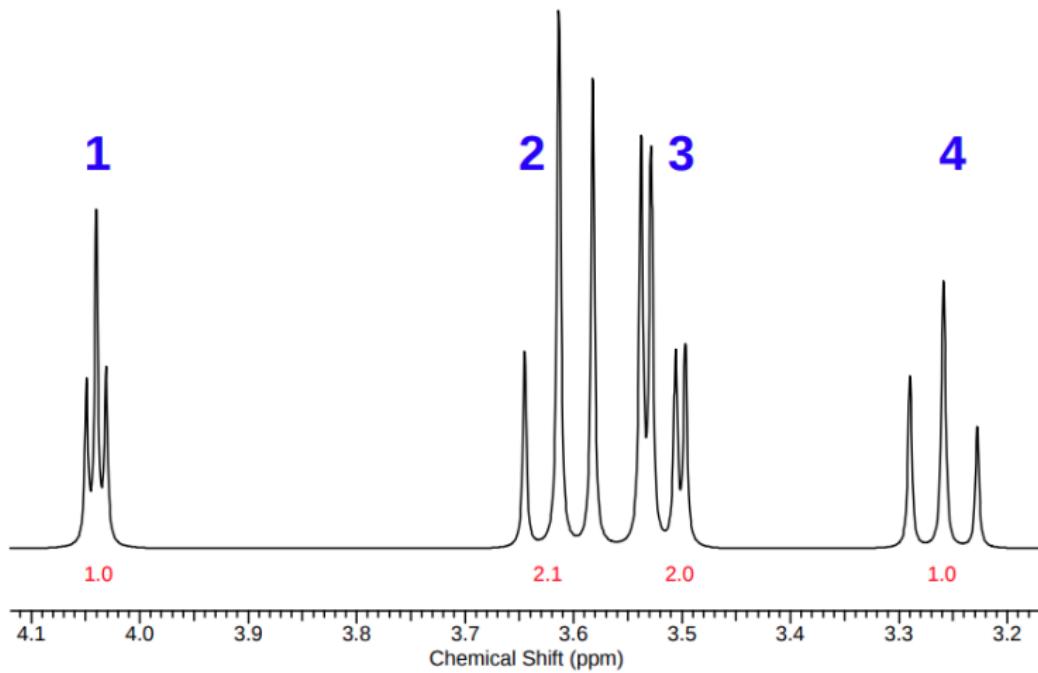
Relative stereochemistry on a ring: NOESY



Interpretation of J-coupling

Unknown compound C₆H₁₂O₆ measured in D₂O

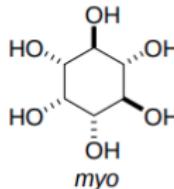
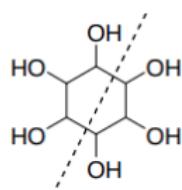
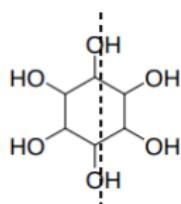
Detected J_{HH} -couplings: (2x2.8), (2x9.6), (2.8, 9.6), (2x9.6)



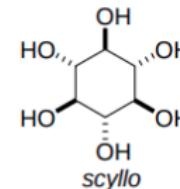
1D ¹³C NMR spectrum contains 4 signals in the range 71-75 ppm.

Interpretation of J-coupling

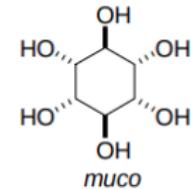
J_{HH} -couplings: (2x9.6), (2.8, 9.6), (2x9.6), (2x2.8)



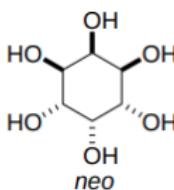
myo



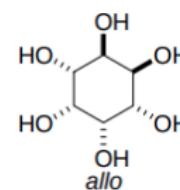
scy whole



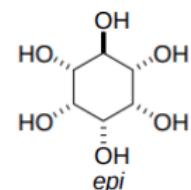
muco



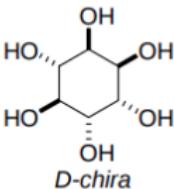
neo



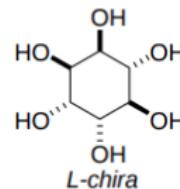
allo



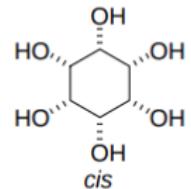
epi



D-chira



L-chira

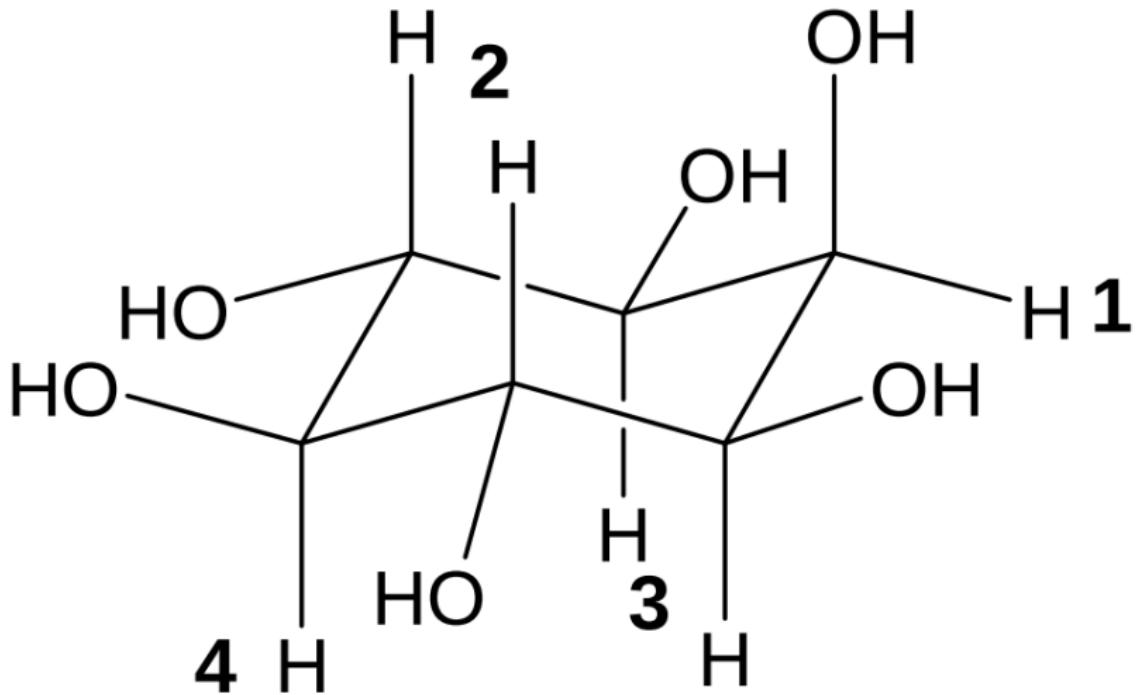


cis

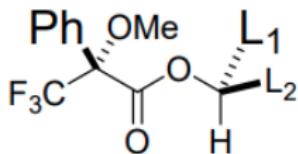


Interpretation of J-coupling: MYO isomer

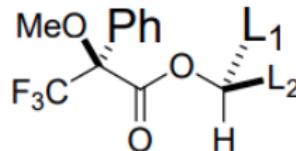
J_{HH} -couplings: (2x9.6), (2.8, 9.6), (2x9.6), (2x2.8)



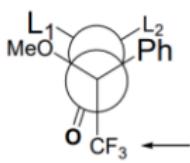
Determination of the absolute configuration of stereogenic centers



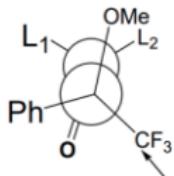
R ester



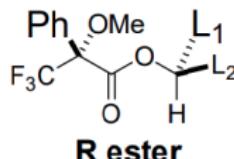
S ester



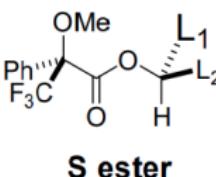
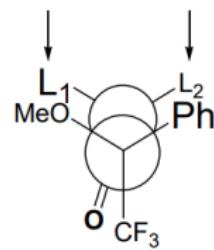
R ester



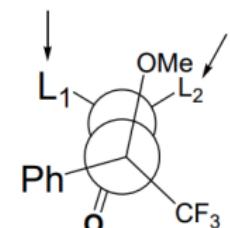
S ester



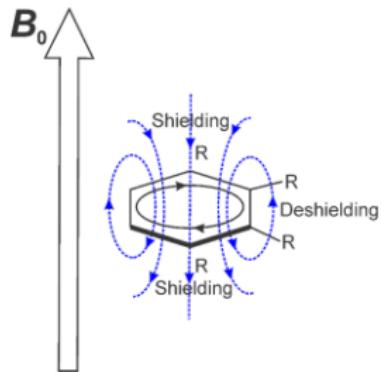
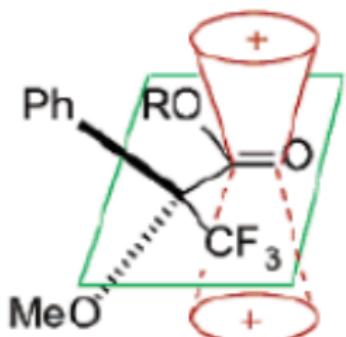
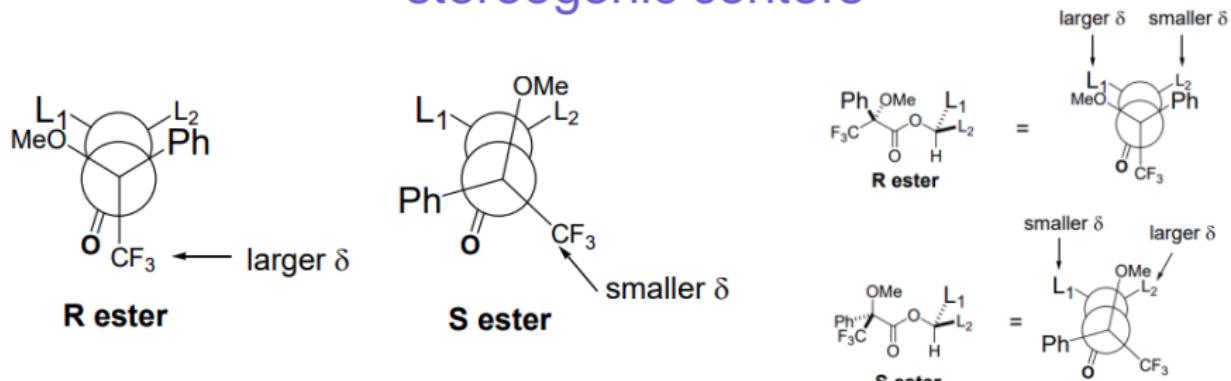
R ester



S ester

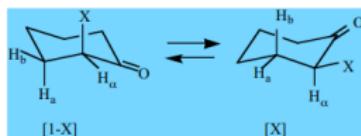


Determination of the absolute configuration of stereogenic centers



Determination of the absolute configuration of stereogenic centers

CALCULATING CONFORMATIONAL FREE ENERGY USING COUPLING CONSTANTS

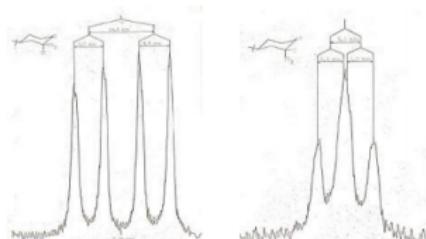


$$\text{Average } J_{\text{HoHb}} = J_{\text{aa}}[X] + J_{\text{ee}}[1-X]$$

$$\text{Average } J_{\text{HoHa}} = J_{\text{ae}}[X] + J_{\text{ea}}[1-X]$$

The values of J_{aa} , J_{ee} , J_{ae} and J_{ea} are determined from Conformationally rigid cyclohexanone systems

NMR OF 4-t-BUTYL-2-NITROCYCLOHEXANONE



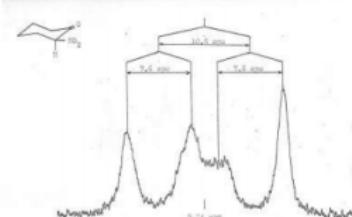
$$J_{\text{aa}} = 12.6 \text{ Hz}$$

$$J_{\text{ae}} = 5.7 \text{ Hz}$$

$$J_{\text{es}} = 5.2 \text{ Hz}$$

$$J_{\text{ee}} = 4.3 \text{ Hz}$$

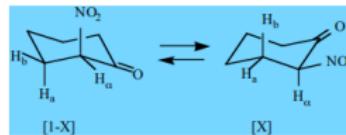
NMR OF 2-NITROCYCLOHEXANONE



$$\text{Average } J_{\text{HoHa}} = 10.6$$

$$\text{Average } J_{\text{HoHb}} = 7.6$$

CALCULATING THE CONFORMATIONAL FREE ENERGY OF 2-NITROCYCLOHEXANONE USING COUPLING CONSTANTS



$$\text{Average } J_{\text{HoHb}} = J_{\text{aa}}[X] + J_{\text{ee}}[1-X]$$

$$10.6 = 12.6[X] + 4.3[1-X]$$

$$X = 0.76$$

$$K = [X]/[1-X] = 0.76/0.24 = 3.17$$

$$\Delta G^\# = -RT\ln K = -(2.3)(2)(298)\log 3.17 = 0.73 \text{ kcal/mol}$$