

## Exercises 2 - Algebra 4

### Reminders

- A pre-additive category  $\mathcal{C}$  is one in which each  $\text{hom } \mathcal{C}(a, b)$  is an abelian group & pre & post composition preserves the abelian group structure.
- In a pre-additive category  $\mathcal{C}$ , binary products & coproducts are the same thing - biproducts. These are diagrams  
$$a \begin{array}{c} \xrightarrow{i_1} \\ \xleftarrow{p_1} \end{array} C \begin{array}{c} \xleftarrow{i_2} \\ \xrightarrow{p_2} \end{array} b$$
 satisfying
  - $p_1 i_1 = 1_A, p_2 i_1 = 0$
  - $i_1 p_1 + i_2 p_2 = 1_C$
  - $p_1 i_2 = 0, p_2 i_2 = 1_B$
- Sim. terminal & initial obs coincide, & are captured by the property that  $0 = \text{id}$   
 $C \xrightarrow{0} C$  and we call them a zero object.
- A pre-additive category is additive if it has biproducts & a zero ob.
- Given  $f: A \rightarrow B \in \mathcal{C}$  its kernel  
 $\text{Ker } f \xrightarrow{i} A \xrightarrow{f} B$  is the universal ob. such that  $f \circ i = 0$ . Cokernels are dual.
- It is abelian if  $\text{coker } \text{ker } f \rightarrow \text{ker } \text{coker } f$  is invertible, or equiv: each mono is kernel of its cokernel, each epi the cokernel of its kernel.

- ① Show that a pre-additive  $\mathcal{C}$  has kernels  $\Leftrightarrow$  it has equalisers.
- ② Suppose that  $A$  is abelian. Describe kernels and cokernels in the cat  $\text{Ch}(A)$  in detail.
- ③ - An element  $x \in A$  in an abelian group has torsion if  $\exists n \in \mathbb{Z} \setminus \{0\}$  st  $nx = 0$ .  
 - An abelian group is torsion-free if it has no non-trivial torsion elements.
- Show that the category  $\text{TFreeAb}$  is additive with kernels & cokernels, but not abelian by finding a mono which is not the kernel of its cokernel.
- ④ A cat  $\mathcal{C}$  is pointed if it has an object  $0$  which is both terminal & initial.  
 Show that  $\forall a, b \exists$  a morphism  $O_{a,b} : a \rightarrow b$  preserved by pre & post composition.

⑤ Show that in a pointed cat there always exists a canonical map  $\lambda_{a,b}: a \oplus b \longrightarrow a \times b$ .

Using this, define biproducts in a pointed category.

⑥ Show that in a pointed cat  $\mathcal{C}$  with biproducts, each homset  $\mathcal{C}(a,b)$  has the str. of a commutative monoid.