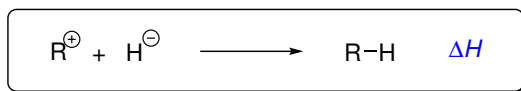
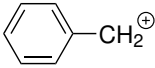
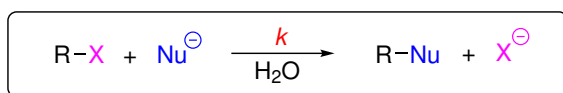


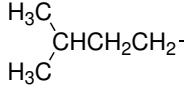
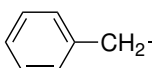

Stabilita kationtů – afinita k hydridovému aniontu



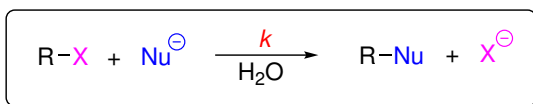
	ΔH (kJ/mol)		ΔH (kJ/mol)
CH_3^{\oplus}	-312	$\text{H}_2\text{N-CH}_2^{\oplus}$	-218
$\text{CH}_3\text{CH}_2^{\oplus}$	-273	HO-CH_2^{\oplus}	-243
$\text{CH}_3\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_2^{\oplus}$	-266	$\text{H}_2\text{C=CH-CH}_2^{\oplus}$	-256
$\text{H}_3\text{C-C}^{\oplus}(\text{H})\text{-CH}_3$	-246	$\text{H}_2\text{C=CH}^{\oplus}$	-287
$\text{H}_3\text{C-C}^{\oplus}(\text{CH}_3)_2$	-231		-234

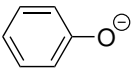
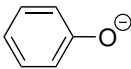
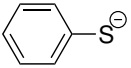
Efekt sterické zábrany na rychlost $\text{S}_{\text{N}}2$



	k/k_0		k/k_0
$\text{H}_3\text{C-}$	1		0,00000013
$\text{CH}_3\text{CH}_2\text{-}$	0,33	$\text{H}_2\text{C=CH-CH}_2\text{-}$	1,3
$\text{CH}_3\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{-}$	0,013		4,0
	0,0008		

Nukleofilita vs bazicita



	pK_a	k/k_0		pK_a	k/k_0
ClO_4^{\ominus}	-10	0,0	I^{\ominus}	-10	120.000
H_2O	0,0	1,0	Br^{\ominus}	-9	5.000
$\text{H}_3\text{C}-\text{C}(=\text{O})\text{O}^{\ominus}$	+4,8	900	Cl^{\ominus}	-7	1.100
	+10	2.000	F^{\ominus}	+3	0,0
HO^{\ominus}	+14,0	12.000			
<hr/>					
	+10	2.000			
	+6,4	50.000.000			