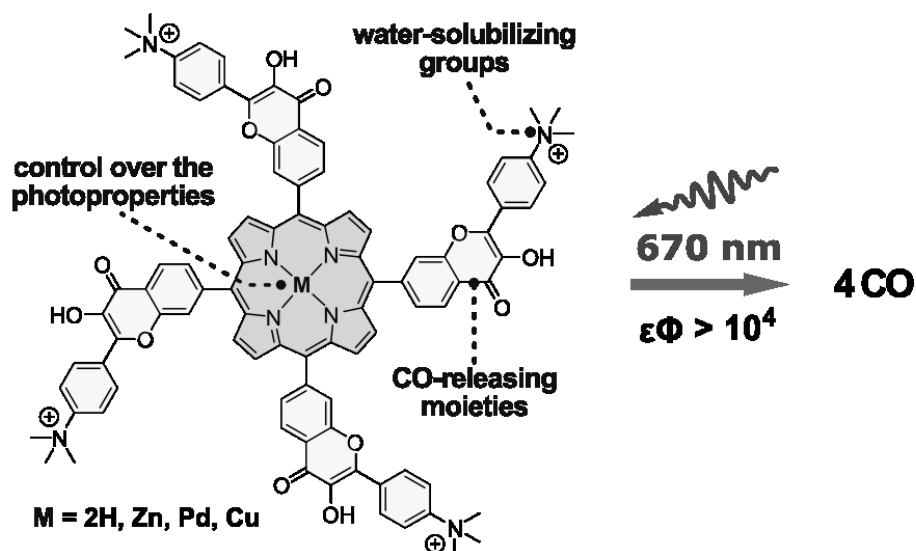


Porphyrin-Flavonol Hybrid Molecules for Efficient Delivery of CO

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Since carbon monoxide (CO) has been recognized as a gas signaling molecule with attractive properties and considerable potential as a therapeutic agent, light-activated CO-releasing molecules (photoCORMs) soon emerged as the keystone for controlled, targeted delivery.^{1,2} Although many photoCORMs have been proposed, the need for full water solubility, harmless red to near infrared light activation, and high quantum efficiency is still preventing their widespread adoption. In this study, we present a novel class of photoCORMs based on a central light harvesting porphyrin covalently combined with four flavonol-based, CO releasing appendices.³ Multiple CO molecules are released upon irradiation with red light (up to 670 nm) in both methanol and water solution. A facile metal insertion is used to modulate the photoproperties to the extent that uncaging cross sections ($\Phi_{\text{CO}\epsilon_{\text{max}}}$) exceeding $10^4 \text{ M}^{-1}\text{cm}^{-1}$ became accessible. The system biocompatibility has been tested in vitro, and a proton-coupled energy transfer (PCEnT)⁴ mechanism has been proposed, supported both experimentally and thorough quantum-chemical calculations.



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