

Self-Assembly of Bile Acid Derivatives into Metallosupramoleculer Cages

Subhasis Chattopadhyay^{a,b,c}, Radek Marek^{a,c}, Ondřej Jurček^{a,b,c*}

^a Department of Chemistry, Faculty of Science, Masaryk University, Kamenice 5, 62500 Brno, Czech Republic; subhasischattopadyay101@gmail.com

^b Department of Natural Drugs, Faculty of Pharmacy, Masaryk University, 61200 Brno, Czech Republic

^c CEITEC - Central European Institute of Technology, Masaryk University, Kamenice 5, 62500 Brno, Czech Republic

Natural chiral hydrophobic cavity/pocket containing structures (e.g., metalloenzymes, proteins) are important for many biological functions (e.g., transport, recognition, catalysis). To mimic these natural systems and mechanisms, development of such supramolecular systems (e.g., cages, macrocycles) from chiral natural molecules is required.

Coordination-driven self-assembly is a well-established method to build hollow metallosupramolecular (MSM) structures. However, majority of self-assemblies are made of symmetric, achiral ligands (L) and Pd²⁺. Recently in our group, first bile acid (BA)-based (ursodeoxycholic acid, UDCA) MSM macrocycles Pd₃L₆ (Figure 1a) were introduced¹ and studied.² Beside this, there is only one report about BA-based Pd₂L₄ MSM cages.³ We further expanded on the family of BAs by synthesizing chenodeoxycholic acid-based ditopic pyridyl ligand, forms a mixture of Pd_nL_{2n} species ranging from Pd₂L₄ to a large Pd₆L₁₂.

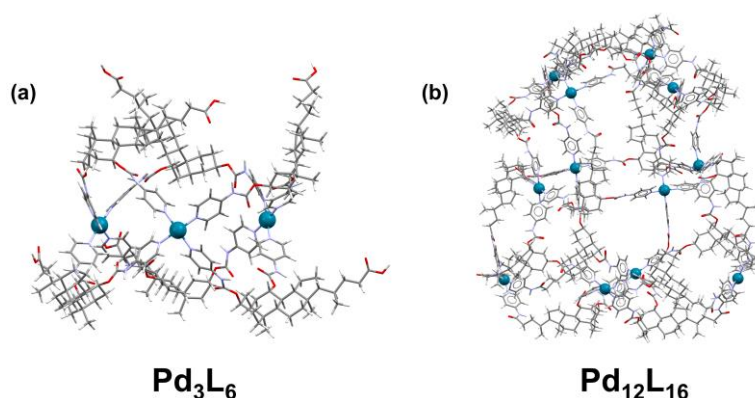


Figure 1. UDCA-based metallosupramolecular a) macrocycle and b) cage.

Thus far, only BA-based ditopic pyridyl ligands were used to prepare MSM systems. Therefore, our latest study presents UDCA-based tritopic pyridyl ligand and its self-assembly with Pd²⁺, which results in Pd₆L₈ or **first-ever giant Pd₁₂L₁₆** (Figure 1b) MSM cage depending on solvent and metal-ligand ratio.

These studies provide better understanding of unsymmetric natural molecule-based ligands self-assembly, effect of their flexibility, topicity, and bend angle in design and construction of chiral cavity containing MSM architectures.

1. Jurček, O.; Bonakdarzadeh, P.; Kalenius, E.; Linnanto, J. M.; Groessl, M.; Knochenmuss, R.; Ihalainen, J. A.; Rissanen, K. *Angew. Chem. Int. Ed.* **2015**, *54* (51), 15462-15467.

2. Jurček, O.; Nonappa, Kalenius, E.; Jurček, P.; Linnanto, J. M.; Puttreddy, R.; Valkenier, H.; Houbenov, N.; Babiak, M.; Peterek, M.; Davis, A. P.; Marek, R.; Rissanen, K. *Cell Rep. Phys. Sci.* **2021**, *2* (1), 100303-100323.

3. Sen, S. K.; Natarajan, R. *Inorg. Chem.* **2019**, *58* (11), 7180-7188.