C8953 NMR structural analysis - seminar 1D ¹³C-NMR

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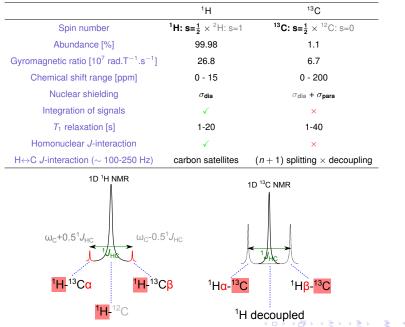
February 28, 2024

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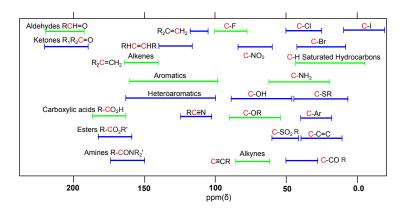
¹H vs ¹³C NMR

	¹ H	¹³ C
Spin number	¹ H: s= ¹ / ₂ × ² H: s=1	¹³ C: $s=\frac{1}{2} \times {}^{12}C$: $s=0$
Abundance [%]	99.98	1.1
Gyromagnetic ratio [10 ⁷ rad.T ⁻¹ .s ⁻¹]	26.8	6.7
Chemical shift range [ppm]	0 - 15	0 - 200
Nuclear shielding	$\sigma_{\sf dia}$	$\sigma_{\sf dia}$ + $\sigma_{\sf para}$
Integration of signals	\checkmark	×
T_1 relaxation [s]	1-20	1-40
Homonuclear J-interaction	\checkmark	×
H \leftrightarrow C J-interaction (\sim 100-250 Hz)	carbon satellites	(n+1) splitting $ imes$ decoupling
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¹H vs ¹³C NMR



Important regions of ¹³C chemical shifts



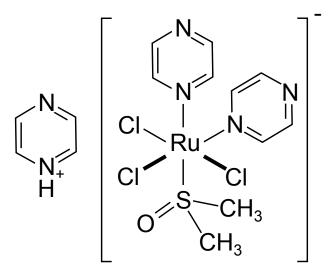
 ${}^{1}J_{CH}$ depends on the bond order (hybridization \Leftrightarrow *s*-character)

- -C-H ¹J_{CH} ≈ 125 Hz
 =C-H ¹J_{CH} ≈ 160 Hz
 ≡C-H ¹J_{CH} ≈ 250 Hz
 X-C-H
 X = N, O, S, F, CI, ... ¹J_{CH} ↑
 - ► X = Li, Mg, \dots ¹ $J_{CH} \Downarrow$
- $^{2}J_{CH}$ < 0 or close to zero (<3 Hz)
 - often not observable

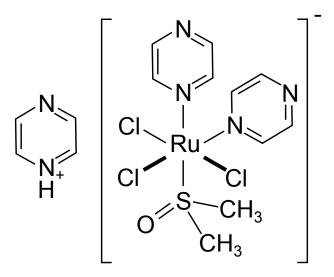
in 1D ¹³C H-C interaction suppressed by DECOUPLING \Rightarrow simplification of spectra (splitting removed, sensitivity)

saturation of ¹H energy levels during decoupling enhances relatively intensity of ¹³C signals because of heteronuclear nOe ⇒ quaternary carbons usually less intensive.

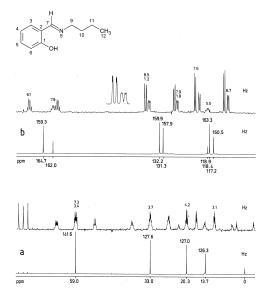
How many ¹³C signal would you expect in the NMR spectrum?



How many ¹³C signal would you expect in the NMR spectrum? **6**

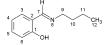


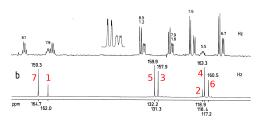
1D ¹³C-NMR 1, bottom without CPD

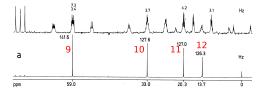


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1D ¹³C-NMR 1, bottom without CPD







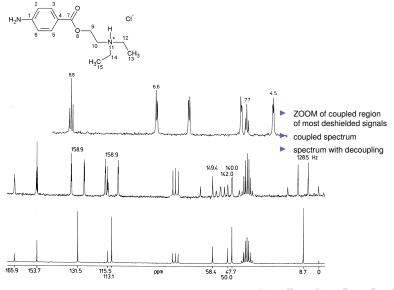
Notes:

- numbers at top of peaks refers to values J_{HC} constants
- C1+C7 connected to electronegative groups (C1 quaternary)
- C2 ipso aromatic, C4+C6 shielded by M+ of OH
- C5+C4 NOE-enhanced in bit larger extend by close H
- C9→C12: decaying effect of N8

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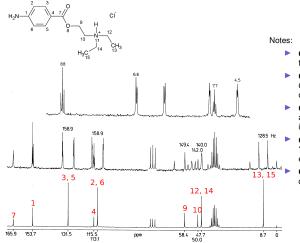
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1D ¹³C-NMR 2



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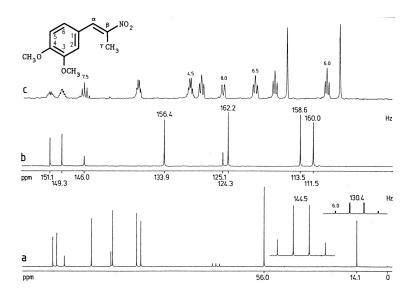
1D ¹³C-NMR 2



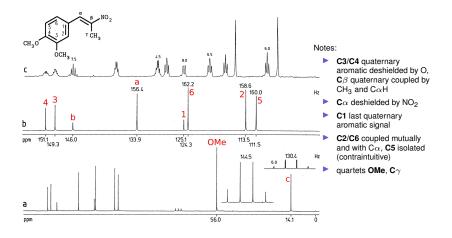
- C7 carbonyl, C1 attached to N
- C3/5 deshielded by M-CO, C2/6 shielded by M+ of NH₂
- C4 last quaternary aromatic signal (most isolated from H nuclei)
- C9 effect of esteric group,
 C10 affected by NH exchange

C12/C14 + C13/C15 decaying effect of N+

1D ¹³C-NMR 3, *b* - zoom of right region, *a* - full decoupled spectrum

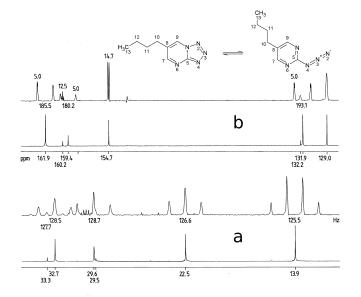


1D ¹³C-NMR 3, *b* - zoom of right region, *a* - full decoupled spectrum



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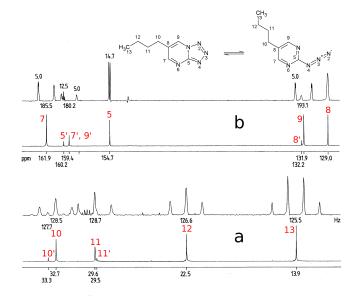
1D ¹³C-NMR 4, consider equilibrium minor-major form



Which form dominates and why?

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1D ¹³C-NMR 4, consider equilibrium minor-major form



Which form dominates and why?

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Next topic

Vector Model + ¹³C APT experiment

