

$$\varphi \cdot \mapsto (\lambda_1 \dots \lambda_r)$$

$$m_1 + \dots + m_r$$

$$\varphi(v) = \lambda v, \quad v \neq 0$$

$$(\varphi - \lambda \text{id})(v) = 0 \quad v \in \text{Ker}(\varphi - \lambda \text{id})$$

$$\dim \text{Ker}(\varphi - \lambda \text{id}) = \text{geom. m.}$$

$$v \in \text{Ker}(\varphi - \lambda \text{id}) \Rightarrow$$

$$\varphi(v) = \lambda v$$

$$S \subseteq \mathbb{V} \quad \varphi(S) \subseteq S$$

$$u_1, \dots, u_r \text{ basis } S$$

$$(u_1, \dots, u_r, u_{r+1}, \dots, u_n) \text{ total basis}$$

$$\varphi|_S = \begin{pmatrix} A_1 & B \\ \hline 0 & A_2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} A_1 & B \\ 0 & A_2 \end{pmatrix} \quad \varphi_1 \quad | \quad A_1 \rightarrow I_{n_1}$$

$$\varphi \quad | \quad A \rightarrow I_n$$

$$|A \rightarrow I_n| = \begin{pmatrix} A_1 \rightarrow I_{n_1} & B \\ 0 & A_2 \rightarrow I_{n_2} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\Rightarrow |A_1 \rightarrow I_{n_1}| \text{ de } |A \rightarrow I_n|$$

$$\Rightarrow \varphi \quad \dim \text{Ker}(\varphi \rightarrow \text{id})$$

S

$$\varphi|_S = \varphi_1$$

$$\varphi_1: S \rightarrow S$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} A_1 & B \\ 0 & A_2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\dim S \leq \text{algebra}$$

OG OP.

2.1. $u = \|v\|$

$$\sqrt{\langle \varphi(u), \varphi(u) \rangle} = \sqrt{\langle u, u \rangle}$$

2) $u \perp v$

$$0 = \langle u, v \rangle = \langle \varphi(u), \varphi(v) \rangle \\ \Rightarrow \varphi(u) \perp \varphi(v)$$

$$\varphi(u) = \varphi(v) \Rightarrow u = v$$

$$\varphi(u) = 0 \Rightarrow u = 0$$

$$0 = \langle \varphi(u), \varphi(u) \rangle = \langle u, u \rangle$$

4) u_1, \dots, u_n ON

$$i \neq j \Rightarrow u_i \perp u_j \Rightarrow \varphi(u_i) \perp \varphi(u_j) \\ \|u_i\| = 1 \Rightarrow \|\varphi(u_i)\| = 1$$

$$(5) \frac{\langle u, v \rangle}{\|u\| \cdot \|v\|} = \frac{\langle \varphi(u), \varphi(v) \rangle}{\|\varphi(u)\| \cdot \|\varphi(v)\|}$$

2.3. (1) \Rightarrow (2): ZÄHLEME!

$$(2) \Rightarrow (3) \quad A^T = A$$

$$A = (\varphi)_\alpha \quad D_j(A) = (\varphi(u_j))_\alpha$$

$$D_\alpha(A)^T D_j(A) = \delta_{\alpha j}$$

$$\langle \varphi(u_\alpha), \varphi(u_j) \rangle = \delta_{\alpha j}$$

$$\langle x, y \rangle_\alpha = \sum_{i=1}^n x_i y_i \quad \begin{pmatrix} x_1 \\ \vdots \\ x_n \end{pmatrix} \in \mathbb{R}^\alpha$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} x_1 \\ \vdots \\ x_n \end{pmatrix} = (x)_\alpha, \quad \begin{pmatrix} y_1 \\ \vdots \\ y_n \end{pmatrix} = (y)_\alpha$$

A B

$$B = P^{-1} \cdot A \cdot P$$

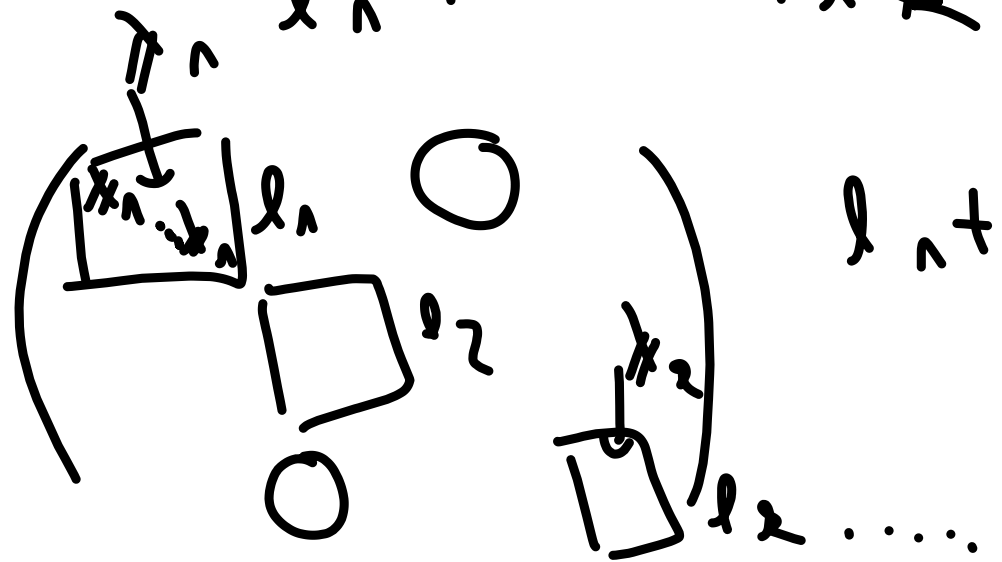
$$|A - \lambda I_m| = |B - \lambda I_m|$$

$$Q(A - \lambda I_m) \sim Q(B - \lambda I_m)$$



$$n = n_1 + n_2$$

$$l_1 + l_2 = n$$



$$l_1 + l_2 = n$$

2.4 nch.

$$|\bar{A}^T| = \overline{|A|}$$

$$\Rightarrow |\bar{A}^T| \cdot |A| = \overline{|A|} \cdot |A|$$

$$\Rightarrow |A| = 1$$

2.3 (3) \Rightarrow (1)

$$u, v \quad \langle \varphi(u), \varphi(v) \rangle$$

$$\langle u, v \rangle$$

$$(\varphi(u))_2^T \cdot (\varphi(v))_2 =$$

$$(u)_2^T A^T A \cdot (v)_2 =$$

$$(u)_2^T \cdot (v)_2 = \langle u, v \rangle$$

2.4. $A^T \cdot A = I_m$

(and $\Rightarrow \det(A^T) \cdot \det A = 1$)

$$\sum_{\sigma \in S_m} (-1)^{|\sigma|} a_{1\sigma(1)} \cdots a_{m\sigma(m)} =$$

$$= \sum_{\sigma \in S_m} (-1)^{|\sigma|} \overline{a_{1\sigma(1)}} \cdots \overline{a_{m\sigma(m)}}$$

V.2.6

$$\langle u, v \rangle = \langle \varphi(u), \varphi(v) \rangle$$

$$\exists u_1 \neq 0, \quad \varphi(u_1) = 0$$

$$\varphi(u_1) = 0 \Rightarrow u_1$$

$$\varphi(\langle u_1 \rangle) \subset \langle u_1 \rangle$$

$$x \in \varphi(\langle u_1 \rangle) \Rightarrow \varphi(c u_1) = c \varphi(u_1) = 0$$

$$\varphi(\langle u_1 \rangle) \subset \langle u_1 \rangle$$

$$v \in \langle u_1 \rangle \Rightarrow \langle v, u_1 \rangle = 0$$

$$\langle \varphi(v), \varphi(u_1) \rangle = 0$$

$$\langle \varphi(v), u_1 \rangle = 0$$

$$\langle \mathcal{H}_n \rangle \oplus \langle \mathcal{H}_{n-1} \rangle = \mathcal{U}$$

$$\varphi: \langle \mathcal{H}_n \rangle \rightarrow$$



induct!

2.5. $\varphi(|u\rangle) = \lambda|u\rangle, \forall u \neq 0$

$$\langle \varphi(|u\rangle), \varphi(|v\rangle) \rangle = \langle \lambda|u\rangle, \lambda|v\rangle \rangle$$

$$= \lambda \cdot \lambda \langle |u\rangle, |v\rangle \rangle$$

$$\langle |u\rangle, |u\rangle \rangle = \lambda \cdot \lambda = 1$$

$u, v \neq 0, \lambda \neq 0$
 $\varphi(|u\rangle) = \lambda|u\rangle, \varphi(|v\rangle) = \mu|v\rangle$

$$\langle \varphi(|u\rangle), \varphi(|v\rangle) \rangle = \langle \lambda|u\rangle, \mu|v\rangle \rangle = \lambda\mu \langle |u\rangle, |v\rangle \rangle = \langle |u\rangle, |v\rangle \rangle$$

$$\Rightarrow \lambda\mu = 1$$

$$\Rightarrow \lambda = \frac{1}{\mu}$$

$\lambda = \mu$ **SPOB**

