

#### 01 Seminar - ENSO

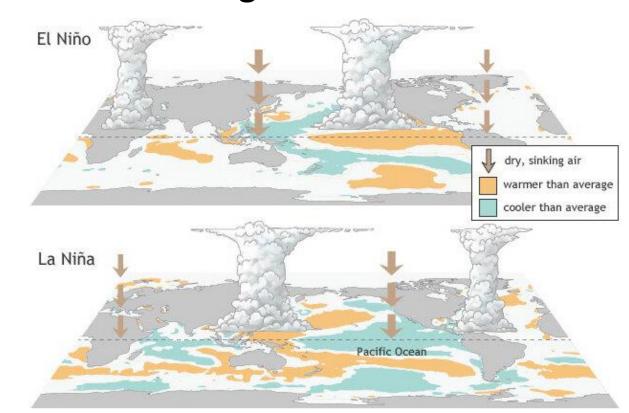
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#### Content

- 1. basic information about ENSO (El Niño-Southern Oscillation)
  - definition and impact to world climate
- 2. task assignment

# **ENSO (El Niño-Southern Oscillation)**

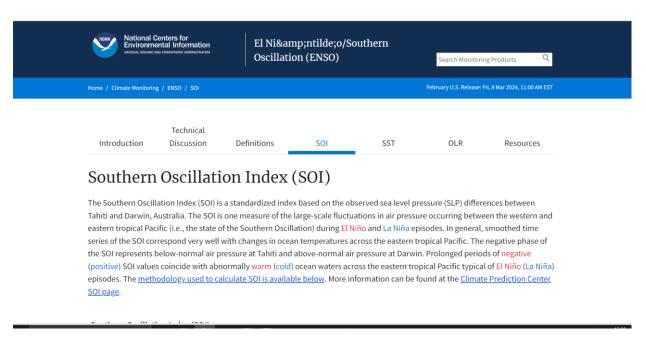
- one of the most important climate phenomena on Earth due to its ability to change the global atmospheric circulation
- influences temperature and precipitation across the globe
- 1. El Niño: A warming of the ocean surface, or above-average sea surface temperatures (SST), in the central and eastern tropical Pacific Ocean. Over Indonesia, rainfall tends to become reduced while rainfall increases over the tropical Pacific Ocean. The low-level surface winds, which normally blow from east to west along the equator ("easterly winds"), instead weaken or, in some cases, start blowing the other direction (from west to east or "westerly winds").
- 2. La Niña: A cooling of the ocean surface, or below-average sea surface temperatures (SST), in the central and eastern tropical Pacific Ocean. Over Indonesia, rainfall tends to increase while rainfall decreases over the central tropical Pacific Ocean. The normal easterly winds along the equator become even stronger.
- 3. Neutral: Neither El Niño or La Niña. Often tropical Pacific SSTs are generally close to average. However, there are some instances when the *ocean* can look like it is in an El Niño or La Niña state, but the atmosphere is not playing along (or vice versa).



# Task assignment

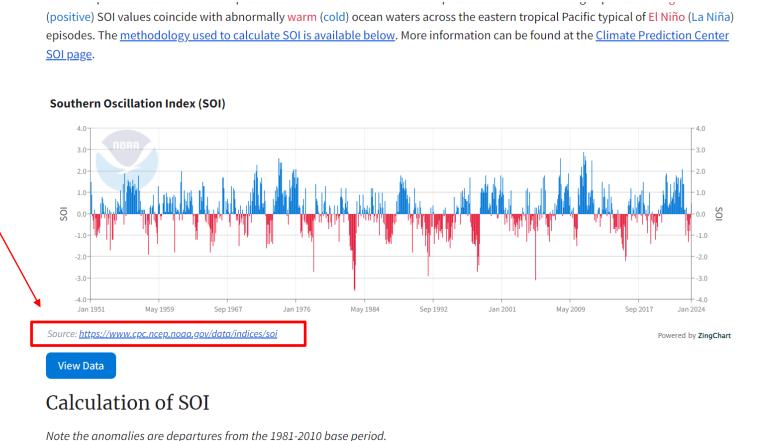
- in the first part of the assignment, you will create a bar graph in Excel according to the instructions
- according to the resulting graph, you write in which years El-Nino and La-Nina occurred
- in the second part of the assignment, you will try to find out how ENSO affects temperature and precipitation in your country

- the Southern Oscillation Index (SOI) can be used to assess whether El-Nino or La-Nina is occurring
- the SOI is a standardized index based on observed sea level pressure (SLP)
  differences between Tahiti and Darwin, Australia
- data and more information on the index can be found at this link: <a href="https://www.ncei.noaa.gov/access/monitoring/enso/soi">https://www.ncei.noaa.gov/access/monitoring/enso/soi</a>
- after clicking on the link, this page will open

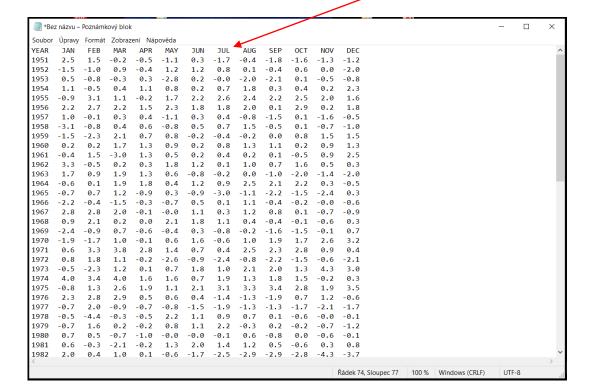


on the page that opens, scroll down and click on the link as shown in

the image



- a data page will then open
- highlight these dates for the period
  1951–2023 and copy to a Notepad (\*.txt)
- save this file

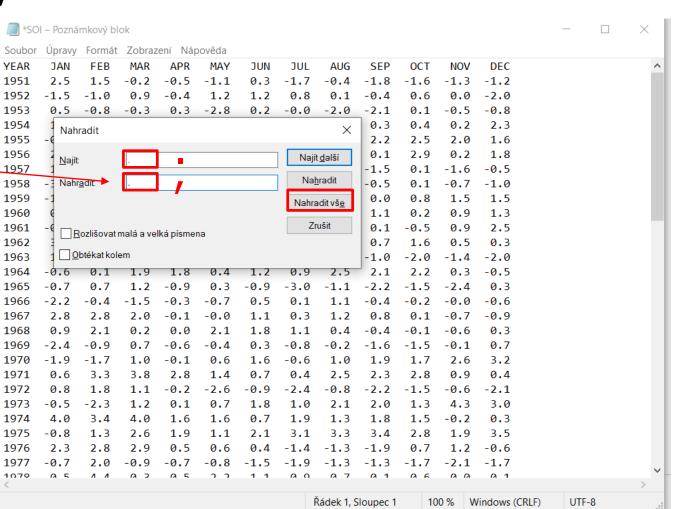


#### (STAND TAHITI - STAND DARWIN) SEA LEVEL PRESS ANOMALY

YEAR	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP	OCT	NOV	DEC	
1951	2.5	1.5	-0.2	-0.5	-1.1	0.3	-1.7	-0.4	-1.8	-1.6	-1.3	-1.2	
1952	-1.5	-1.0	0.9	-0.4	1.2	1.2	0.8	0.1	-0.4	0.6	0.0	-2.0	
1953	0.5	-0.8	-0.3	0.3	-2.8	0.2	-0.0	-2.0	-2.1	0.1	-0.5	-0.8	
1954	1.1	-0.5	0.4	1.1	0.8	0.2	0.7	1.8	0.3	0.4	0.2	2.3	
1955	-0.9	3.1	1.1	-0.2	1.7	2.2	2.6	2.4	2.2	2.5	2.0	1.6	
1956	2.2	2.7	2.2	1.5	2.3	1.8	1.8	2.0	0.1	2.9	0.2	1.8	
1957	1.0	-0.1	0.3	0.4	-1.1	0.3	0.4	-0.8	-1.5	0.1	-1.6	-0.5	
1958	-3.1	-0.8	0.4	0.6	-0.8	0.5	0.7	1.5	-0.5	0.1	-0.7	-1.0	
1959	-1.5	-2.3	2.1	0.7	0.8	-0.2	-0.4	-0.2	0.0	0.8	1.5	1.5	
1960	0.2	0.2	1.7	1.3	0.9	0.2	0.8	1.3	1.1	0.2	0.9	1.3	
1961	-0.4	1.5	-3.0	1.3	0.5	0.2	0.4	0.2	0.1	-0.5	0.9	2.5	
1962	3.3	-0.5	0.2	0.3	1.8	1.2	0.1	1.0	0.7	1.6	0.5	0.3	
1963	1.7	0.9	1.9	1.3	0.6	-0.8	-0.2	0.0	-1.0	-2.0	-1.4	-2.0	
1964	-0.6	0.1	1.9	1.8	0.4	1.2	0.9	2.5	2.1	2.2	0.3	-0.5	
1965	-0.7	0.7	1.2	-0.9	0.3	-0.9	-3.0	-1.1	-2.2	-1.5	-2.4	0.3	
1966	-2.2	-0.4	-1.5	-0.3	-0.7	0.5	0.1	1.1	-0.4	-0.2	-0.0	-0.6	
1967	2.8	2.8	2.0	-0.1	-0.0	1.1	0.3	1.2	0.8	0.1	-0.7	-0.9	
1968	0.9	2.1	0.2	0.0	2.1	1.8	1.1	0.4	-0.4	-0.1	-0.6	0.3	
1969	-2.4	-0.9	0.7	-0.6	-0.4	0.3	-0.8	-0.2	-1.6	-1.5	-0.1	0.7	
1970	-1.9	-1.7	1.0	-0.1	0.6	1.6	-0.6	1.0	1.9	1.7	2.6	3.2	
1971	0.6	3.3	3.8	2.8	1.4	0.7	0.4	2.5	2.3	2.8	0.9	0.4	
1972	0.8	1.8	1.1	-0.2	-2.6	-0.9	-2.4	-0.8	-2.2	-1.5	-0.6	-2.1	
1973	-0.5	-2.3	1.2	0.1	0.7	1.8	1.0	2.1	2.0	1.3	4.3	3.0	
1974	4.0	3.4	4.0	1.6	1.6	0.7	1.9	1.3	1.8	1.5	-0.2	0.3	
1975	-0.8	1.3	2.6	1.9	1.1	2.1	3.1	3.3	3.4	2.8	1.9	3.5	
1976	2.3	2.8	2.9	0.5	0.6	0.4	-1.4	-1.3	-1.9	0.7	1.2	-0.6	
1977	-0.7	2.0	-0.9	-0.7	-0.8	-1.5	-1.9	-1.3	-1.3	-1.7	-2.1	-1.7	
1978	-0.5	-4.4	-0.3	-0.5	2.2	1.1	0.9	0.7	0.1	-0.6	-0.0	-0.1	
1979	-0.7	1.6	0.2	-0.2	0.8	1.1	2.2	-0.3	0.2	-0.2	-0.7	-1.2	
1980	0.7	0.5	-0.7	-1.0	-0.0	-0.0	-0.1	0.6	-0.8	0.0	-0.6	-0.1	
1981	0.6	-0.3	-2.1	-0.2	1.3	2.0	1.4	1.2	0.5	-0.6	0.3	0.8	
1982	2.0	0.4	1.0	0.1	-0.6	-1.7	-2.5	-2.9	-2.9	-2.8	-4.3	-3.7	
1983	-5.8	-6.0	-4.0	-1.5	1.0	0.1	-1.0	0.2	1.4	0.7	-0.2	0.0	
1984	0.3	1.4	-0.4	0.6	0.3	-0.6	0.3	0.7	0.2	-0.5	0.4	-0.2	
1985	-0.5	2.0	1.3	1.9	0.7	-0.6	-0.2	1.6	0.0	-0.6	-0.3	0.4	
1986	1.6	-1.7	0.8	0.5	-0.4	1.6	0.5	-0.6	-0.8	1.1	-2.0	-2.4	
1987	-1.1	-2.1	-2.1	-2.3	-2.1	-1.8	-2.2	-1.5	-1.7	-0.6	-0.0	-0.8	
1988	-0.2	-0.6	1.1	0.2	1.5	0.1	1.7	2.5	3.0	2.3	2.8	2.0	
1989	2.5	2.0	1.8	2.7	2.0	1.2	1.5	-0.5	0.8	1.3	-0.4	-0.9	
1990	-0.1	-3.0	-0.7	0.3	2.0	0.5	0.9	-0.3	-1.2	0.4	-0.8	-0.4	
1991	1.0	0.4	-1.1	-1.0	-1.7	-0.2	0.0	-0.7	-2.5	-1.7	-1.1	-2.9	
1992	-4.7	-1.5	-3.3	-1.7	0.4	-1.0	-1.0	0.6	0.1	-2.3	-1.1	-0.9	

If your Excel works with decimal comma (not decimal points), you need to replace the points with commas in your \*.txt file:

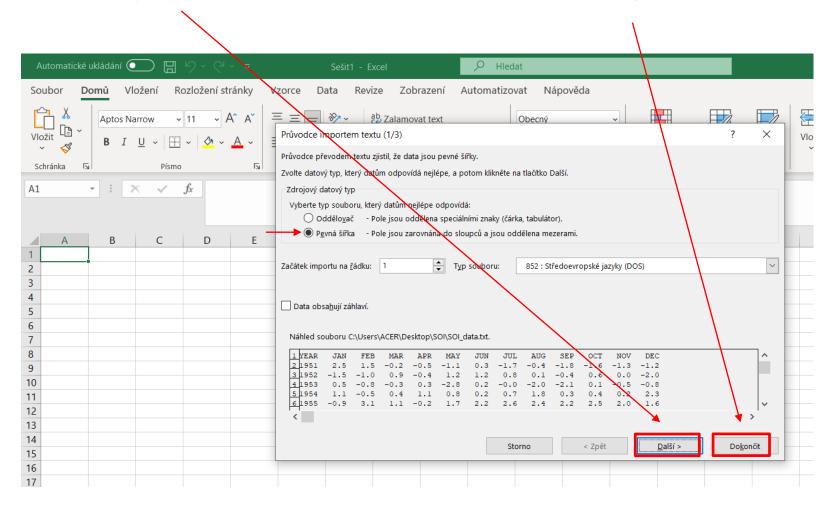
- 1. Open your \*.txt file
- 2. Replace: CTRL+H
- 3. Save the file



 open the Excel program and upload the saved data to Excel according to the images (File – Open – Browse – All files – select your \*.txt

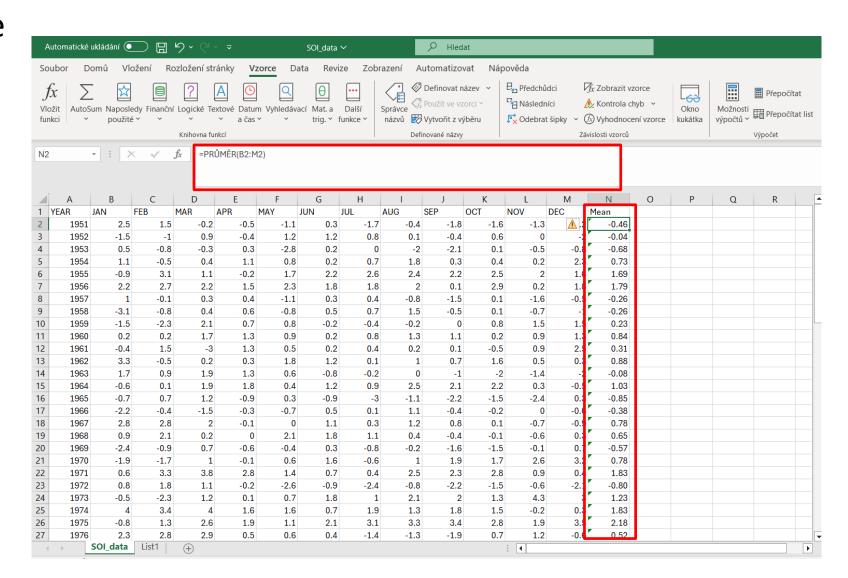
file - Open) Otevřít Poslední Nový ○ Otevřít Sdílí se se mnou Datum změny ☐ Získat doplňky Připněte si soubory, které chcete později snadno najít. Klikněte na ikonu připínáčku, která se zobrazí při přesunutí ukazatele myši na soubor. Uložit Uložit jako Tisk Tento počítač Microsoft Excel Exportovat OneDrive - Personal Publikovat Tento počítač Váš názor Donovit neuložené sešity

now click next few times and then finish

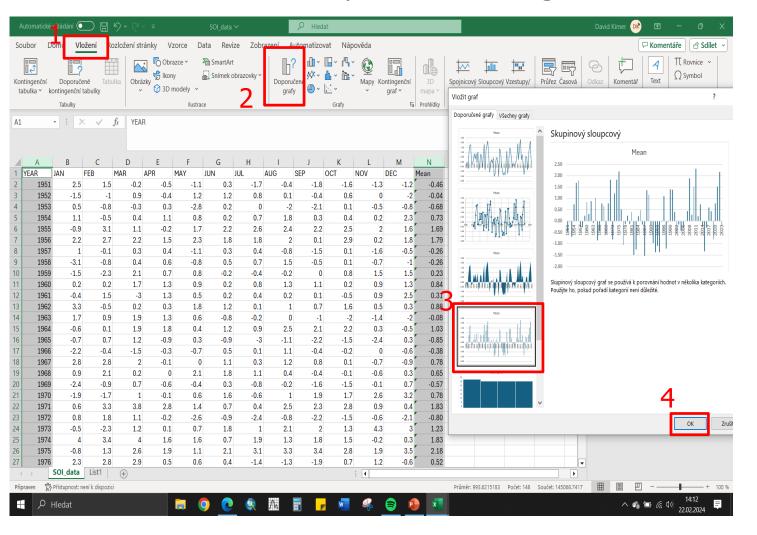


after uploading the data to Excel, calculate the annual SOI averages (Mean)

as shown in the image



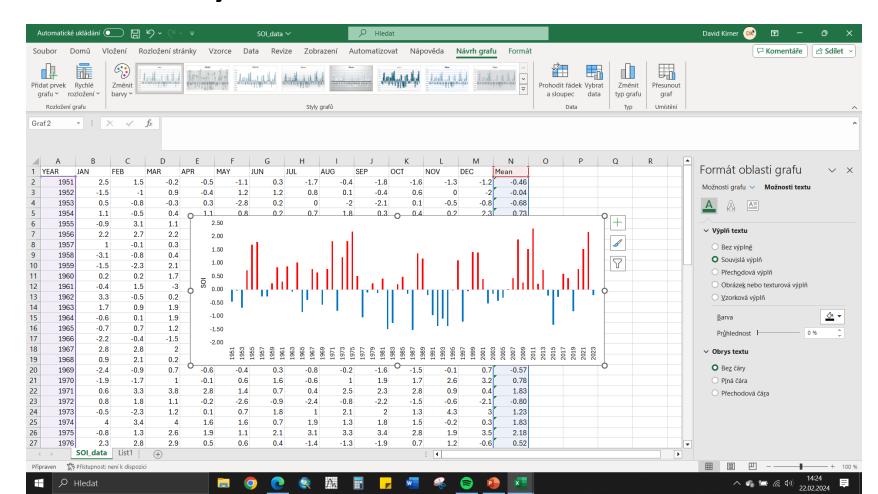
 highlight the column with annual averages (Mean) and years (via Ctrl) and then follow the steps in the image



now you have a graph that you can modify as needed

by SOI values, determine in which years El-Nino and La-Nina have

occurred since 2000



#### Second part of the assignment

- in the second part, you will look at how ENSO affects temperatures and rainfall in your country or the region where your country is located
- click this link: <a href="https://climexp.knmi.nl/effects.cgi?id=someone@somewhere#temperature">https://climexp.knmi.nl/effects.cgi?id=someone@somewhere#temperature</a>
- the Niño3.4 index is used here to evaluate ENSO:
  Positive index values indicate El-Nino and negative index values La-Nina (this is the opposite of SOI)
- on the page you will find several maps with an explanation of the color difference. Write a short report on the effect of ENSO on precipitation and temperature in your country or the region where your country is located during each season.

# Thank you for your attention