





Why should we care about global environmental change?

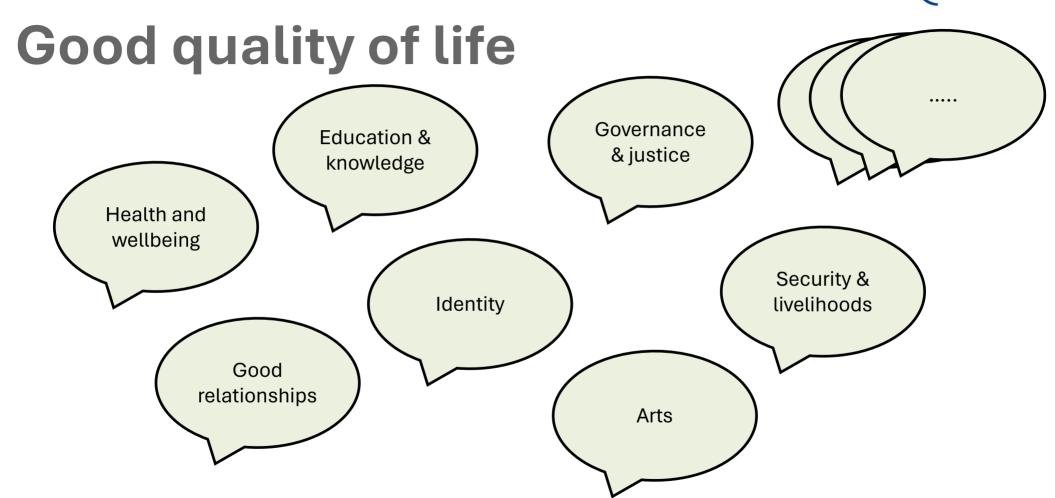




What are the major forces of global environmental change?









## Role of environment? Nature's contribution to people









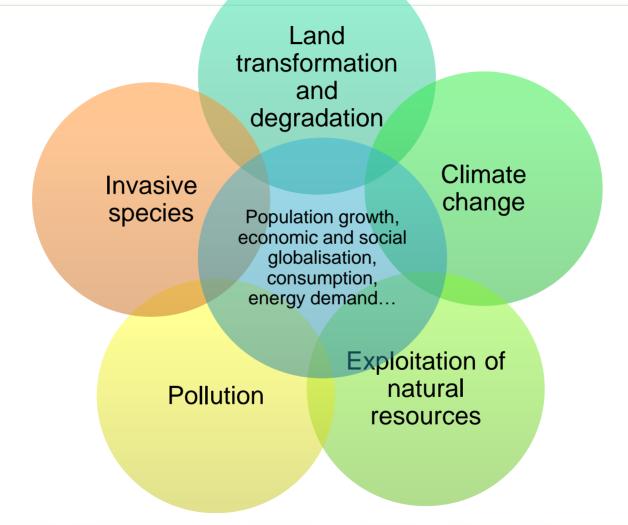


# Preconditions? Functioning ecosystems, biodiversity

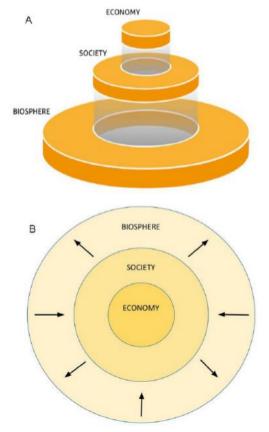


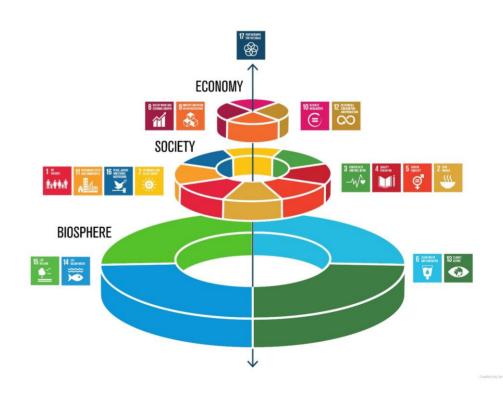


#### **BUT...**





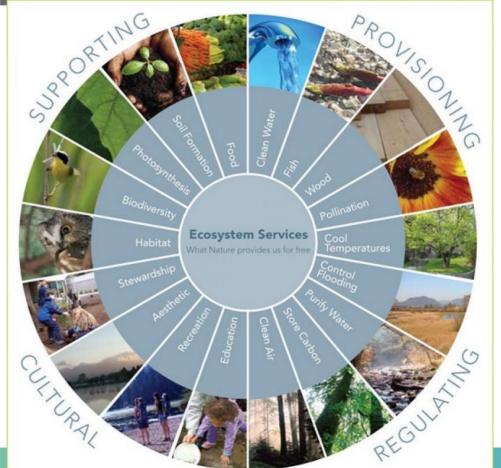




Folke et al. 2016 Ecology and Society



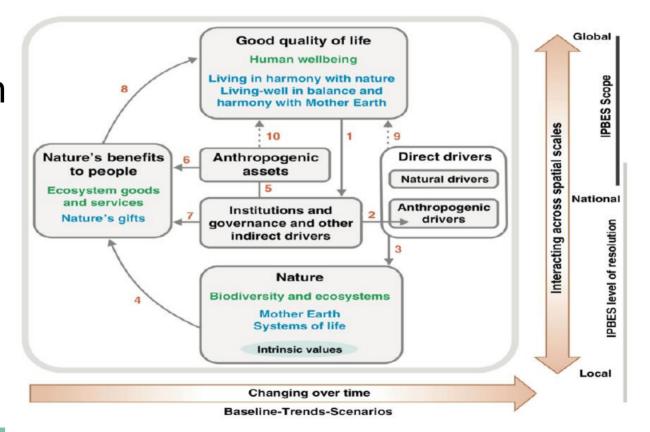
**Ecosystem Services** 



TEEB Europe



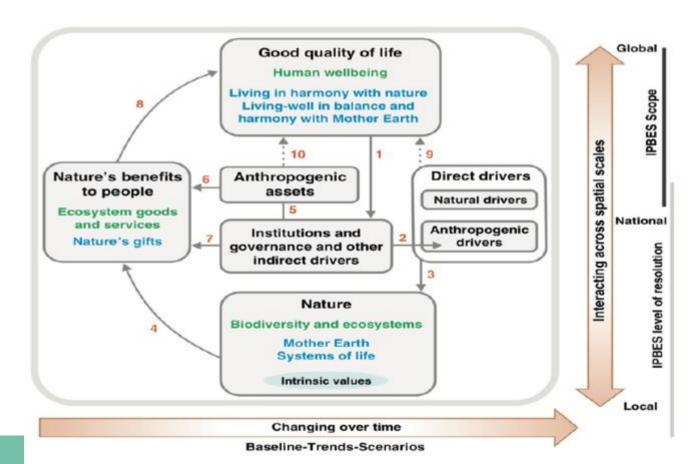
Nature's contribution to people







**Holistic** understanding → capturing the diversity of worldviews, knowledge systems and stakeholders





### SUSTAINABLE GALS DEVELOPMENT





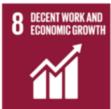




































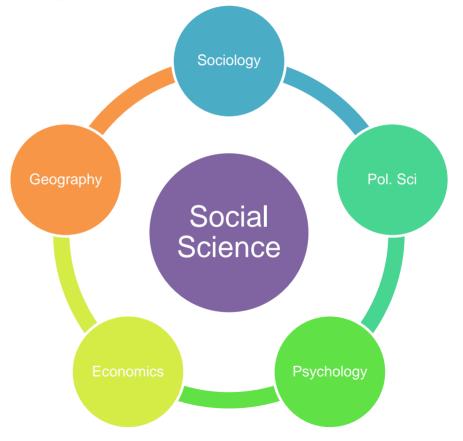
## Social-ecological system and global environmental change (SES & GEC)





#### How to research SES &GEC?

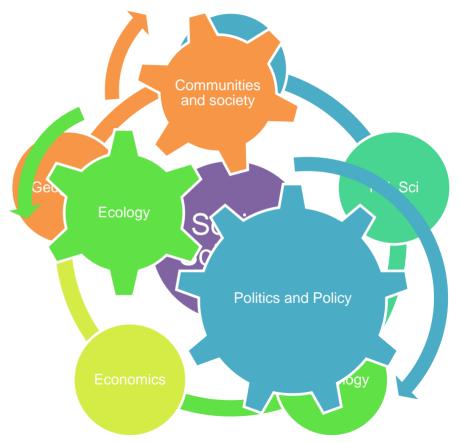
- Environment in the core but society as the most influential factor:
  - ??? How people create and percieve global environmental change???





#### How to research SES & GEC?

 Searching for understanding the relationship between people and enviornment, the influencing factors, and the impact of the relationship itself





#### Answer: sustainability science

- Combines applied and basic research  $\rightarrow$  understanding of the SES & GEC
- Core topics: climate change, biodiversity loss, environmental degradation and pollution (land, water), natural resources exploitation, invasive species
- Cross-cutting discipline qualitative and quantitative approaches, participation, transdisciplinarity
- Emphasis on stakeholder engagement, knowledge co-production, bringing together diverse knowledge systems > bridging scientists, policy-makers, politicians, civil society, non-governmental organisation...



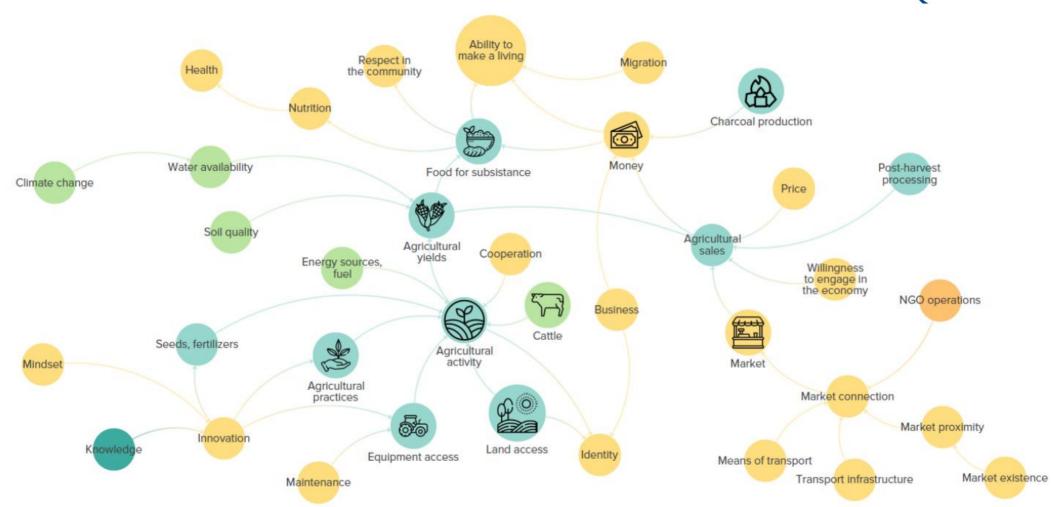


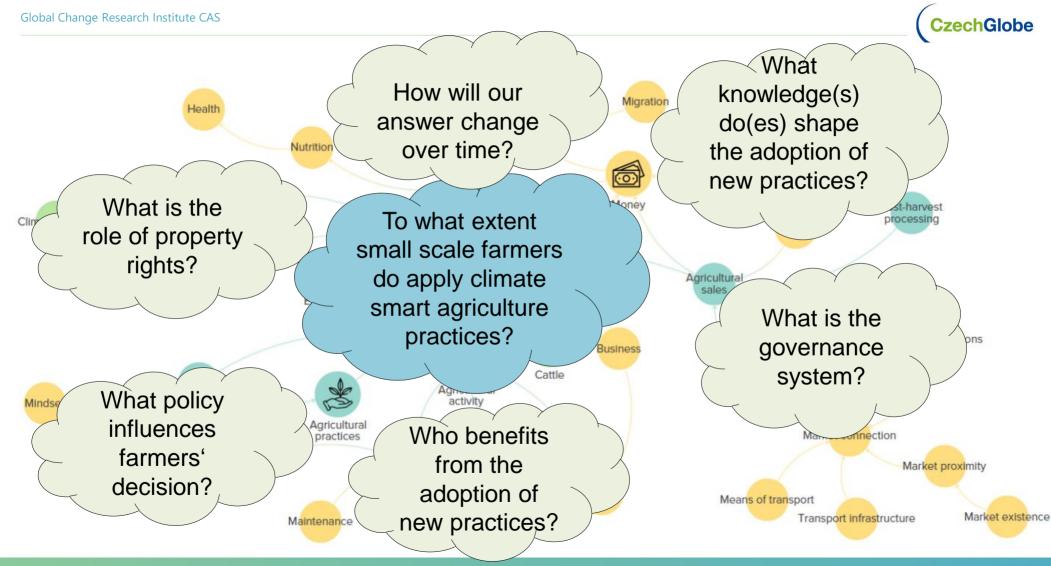
### **Example? Western province of Zambia**

- Aim: understanding farming practices in the light of climate change
- Cross-cutting framework:
  - Nature's contribution to people
- Methodologies:
  - Social-ecological system mapping, interviews, participatory workshops, survey...
  - Transdisciplinarity & knowledge co-creation



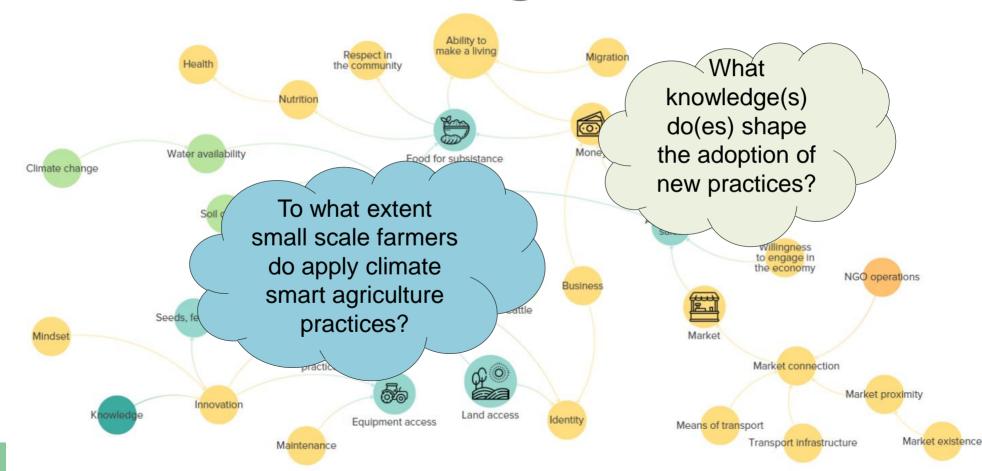








#### The role of knowledge in SES & GEC



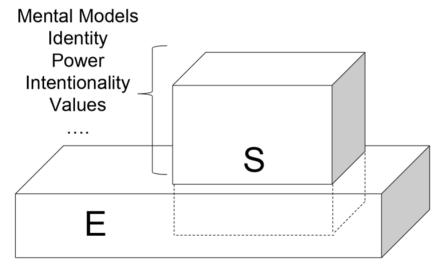
COGNITIVE

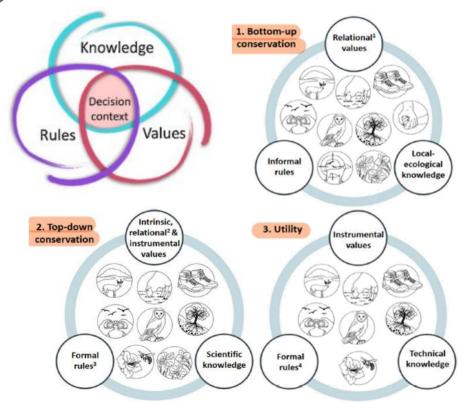
MATERIAL



#### The role of knowledge in SES & GEC

#### Thought processes





Manuel-Navarette 2015

Colloff et al. 2017a & 2017b

#### The role of knowledge

Local knowledge

Generalizable knowledge

Informal knowledge

Formal knowledge

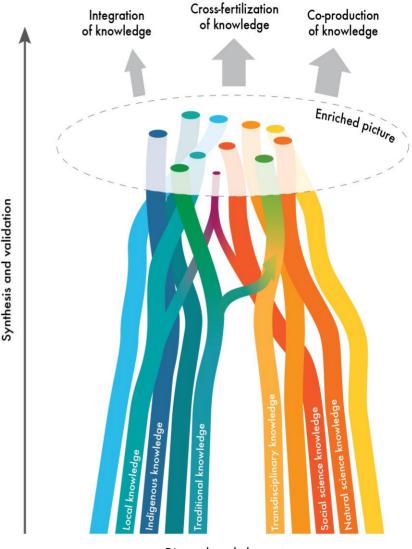
Novice knowledge

Expert knowledge

Traditional knowledge

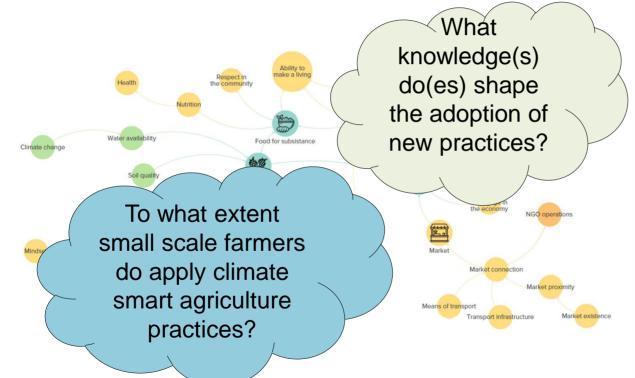
Scientific knowledge

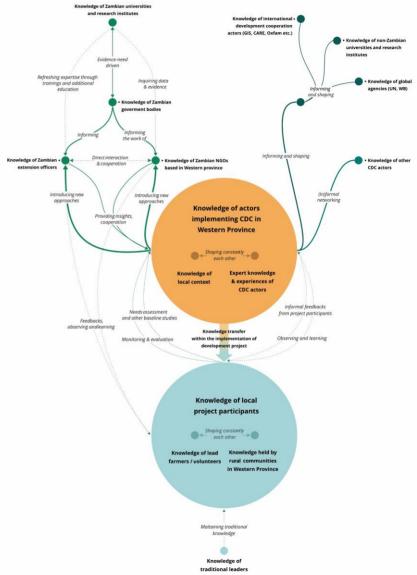
Indigenous Knowledge



Diverse knowledge systems

### The role of knowledge in

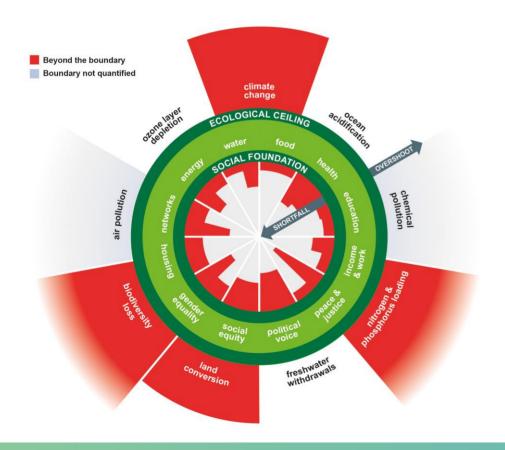


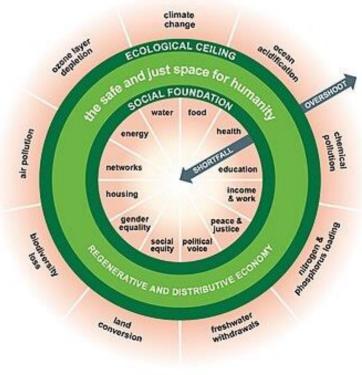






#### Safe and just operating spaces



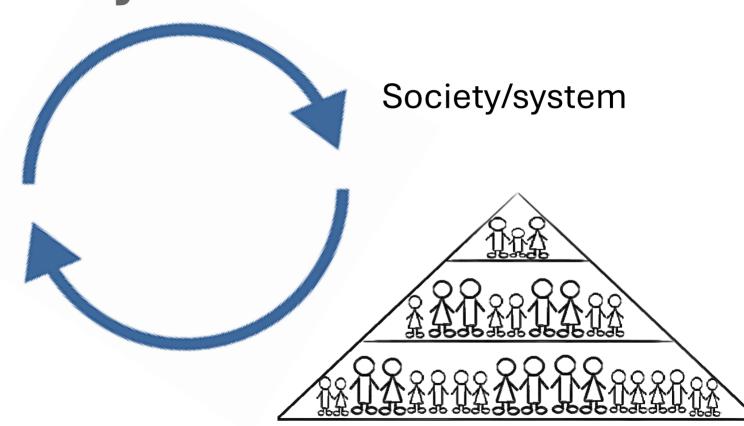




#### Individual VS system solutions?



Individuals





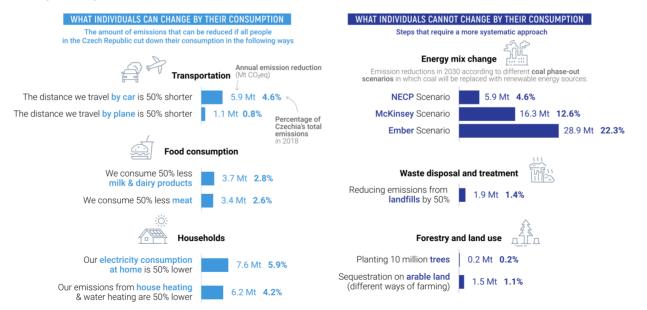
#### Individual VS system solutions?

#### POTENTIAL OF EMISSION REDUCTION PATHWAYS: CZECHIA



This is a **general comparison of the potential** of different pathways that can reduce the country's annual emissions.

We focus primarily on widely discussed emission reduction pathways, and compare their potential for 2030. We have chosen pathways that are already available, ignoring technologies which are not scalable yet. The numbers 50% (consumption) or 10 million (trees planted) are symbolic; the level of difficulty for achieving these two goals is incomparable.





#### Conclusions and learning points

- Social sciences and humanities are essential for researching and tackling GEC
- We need to fully understand social-ecological interactions and how they are shaping GEC
- We cannot underestimate divers values, rules and knowledges
- Solution to GEC lies in society and in systemic change



#### Thank you for your attention!

Sucha.l@czechglobe.cz

@LenkaSuch1

https://sustainablecz.org