

1. kápočtová přímka - A

1. a) $y = x^2 - 6x + 11$

• doplátní na čtverec:

$$y = \underbrace{x^2 - 6x + 9}_{(x-3)^2} - 9 + 11 \quad + 2$$

$$y - 2 = (x - 3)^2 \Rightarrow V = [3; 2]$$

• maximum / minimum přes derivace:

$$y' = 2x - 6 = 0 \Rightarrow x = 3 \quad \left. \begin{array}{l} \\ \Rightarrow y = 2 \end{array} \right\} V = [3; 2]$$

• přís. s osami - s osou x: $y = 0 \Rightarrow 0 = x^2 - 6x + 11$

diskriminant:

$$D = 36 - 4 \cdot 11 = -8$$

$$D < 0$$

\Rightarrow přís. s osou x neexistuje.

- s osou y: $x = 0 \Rightarrow y = 11$

• definiční obor, obor hodnot: $D(f) = \mathbb{R} = (-\infty; \infty)$; $H(f) = [2; \infty)$

b) $x(t) = 2t^5 e^t + 7t^2$

$$v(t) = \dot{x}(t) = 2(5t^4 e^t + t^5 e^t) + 14t = 10t^4 e^t + 2t^5 e^t + 14t$$

$$a(t) = \ddot{x}(t) = 40t^3 e^t + 10(4t^3 e^t + t^4 e^t) + 2(5t^4 e^t + t^5 e^t) + 14 = 40t^3 e^t + 20t^4 e^t + 2t^5 e^t + 14$$

2. $a = 0,3 \text{ m/s}^2$

$$v(t) = v_0 + at$$

$$s(t) = v_0 t + \frac{1}{2} at^2$$

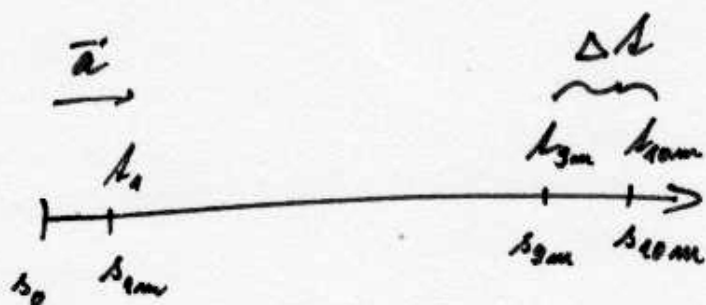
a) $s_{1m} = \underbrace{v_0 t_{1m}}_0 + \frac{1}{2} a t_{1m}^2 \Rightarrow t_{1m} = \sqrt{\frac{2s_{1m}}{a}} = 2,58 \text{ s}$

b) $t_{9m} = \sqrt{\frac{2s_{9m}}{a}}$

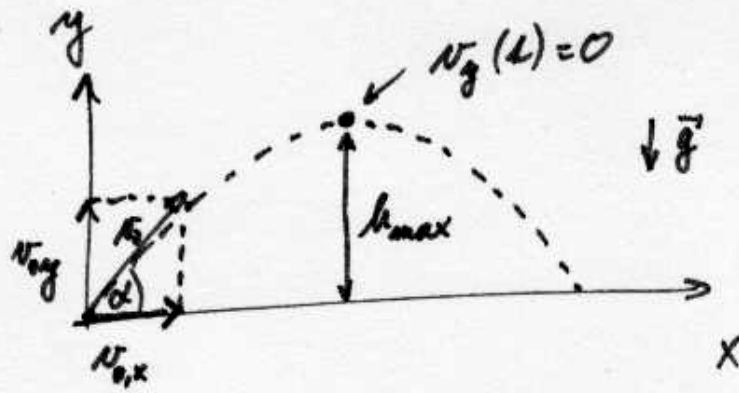
$t_{10m} = \sqrt{\frac{2s_{10m}}{a}}$

$\Delta t = t_{10m} - t_{9m} = 0,41 \text{ s}$

c) $v_{10m} = \underbrace{v_0}_0 + a t_{10m} = \sqrt{2s_{10m} a} = 2,45 \text{ m/s}$



3. $t = 4\text{ s}$
 $\alpha = 60^\circ$
 $g = 10\text{ m/s}^2$
 $v_0 = ?$



$$x: \quad x(t) = v_{0,x} \cdot t$$

$$v_x(t) = v_{0,x}$$

$$y: \quad y(t) = v_{0,y} t - \frac{1}{2} g t^2$$

$$v_y(t) = v_{0,y} - g t$$

$$v_{y(t)} = v_{0,y} - g t$$

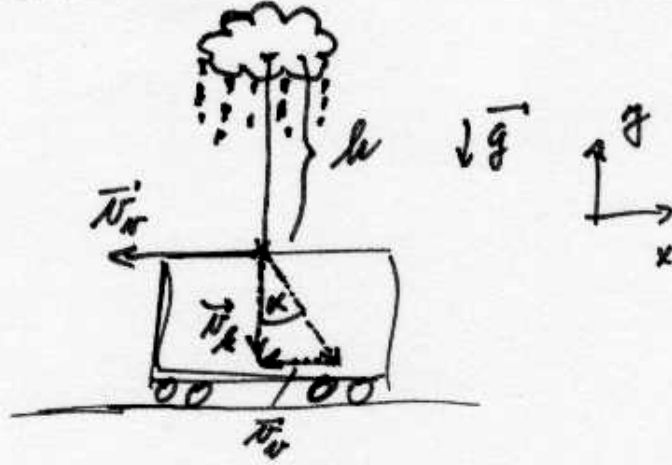
$$0 = v_{0,y} - g t$$

$$v_0 = \frac{g t}{\sin \alpha} = 46,2\text{ m/s}$$

$$v_{0,x} = v_0 \cos \alpha$$

$$v_{0,y} = v_0 \sin \alpha$$

4. $v_0 = 90\text{ km/h} = 25\text{ m/s}$
 $h = 400\text{ m}$
 $g = 10\text{ m/s}^2$
 $\alpha = ?$



$$y(t) = v_{0,y} t - \frac{1}{2} g t^2$$

$$v_y(t) = v_{0,y} - g t$$

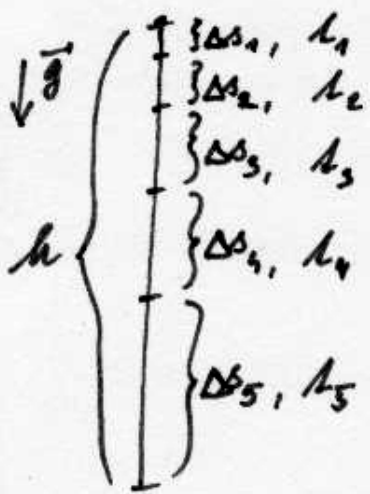
$$h = v_{0,y} t - \frac{1}{2} g t^2$$

$$\Rightarrow t_0 = \sqrt{\frac{2h}{g}}$$

$$v_r = v_{0,y} - g t_0 = -g t_0 = -\sqrt{2hg}$$

$$\tan \alpha = \frac{v_r}{v_0} \Rightarrow \alpha = 15,7^\circ$$

BONUS



$$l_1 = l_2 = \dots = l_5 = l$$

$$h = \Delta s_1 + \Delta s_2 + \dots + \Delta s_5$$

$$h = \frac{1}{2} g (5l)^2$$

$$5l = \sqrt{\frac{2h}{g}} \Rightarrow l = \frac{1}{5} \sqrt{\frac{2h}{g}} = 1,4\text{ m}$$

$$\Delta s_1 = s_1 - 0$$

$$\Delta s_2 = s_2 - s_1$$

⋮

$$\Delta s_5 = s_5 - s_4$$

$$s_1 = \frac{1}{2} g t^2$$

$$s_2 = \frac{1}{2} g (2t)^2$$

$$h = s_5 = \frac{1}{2} g (5t)^2$$

$$\Rightarrow \begin{aligned} \Delta s_1 &= 9,8\text{ m} \\ \Delta s_2 &= 29,4\text{ m} \\ \Delta s_3 &= 49\text{ m} \\ \Delta s_4 &= 68,6\text{ m} \\ \Delta s_5 &= 88,2\text{ m} \end{aligned}$$

1. Kápočtová písečka - B

1. a) $y = x^2 - 2x - 3$

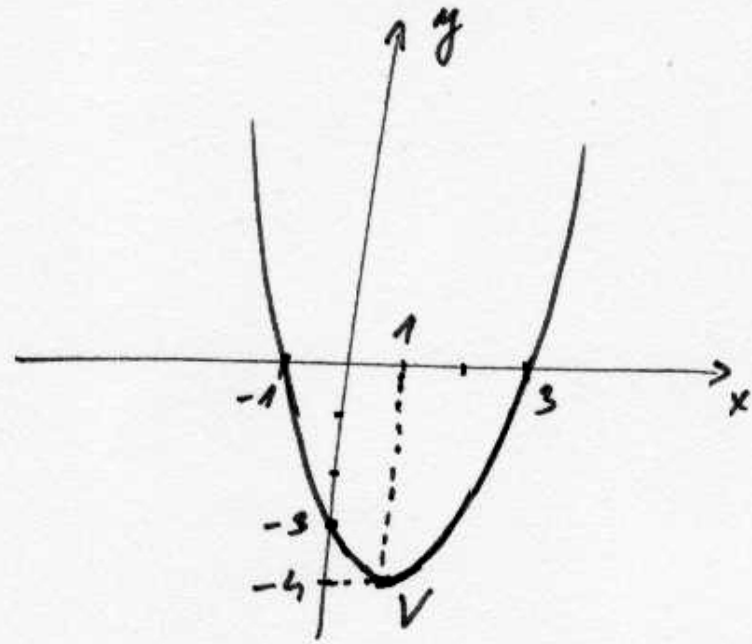
• dopláňní na štvorec:

$$y = \underbrace{x^2 - 2x + 1}_{(x-1)^2} - 1 - 3 = (x-1)^2 - 4$$

$$y + 4 = (x-1)^2 \Rightarrow V = [1; -4]$$

• maximum / minimum přes derivace:

$$y' = 2x - 2 = 0 \Rightarrow x = 1 \quad \left. \begin{array}{l} \\ y = -4 \end{array} \right\} V = [1; -4]$$



• přís. s osami - s osou $x: y=0 \Rightarrow 0 = x^2 - 2x - 3$

diskriminant:

$$D = 4 + 12 = 16$$

$$x_{1,2} = \frac{2 \pm \sqrt{16}}{2} = \begin{cases} x_1 = 3 \\ x_2 = -1 \end{cases}$$

- s osou $y: x=0 \Rightarrow y = -3$

• definiční obor, obor hodnot: $D(f) = \mathbb{R} = (-\infty; \infty); H(f) = (-4; \infty)$

b) $n(t) = \frac{t^5}{e^t} - 6t = t^5 e^{-t} - 6t$

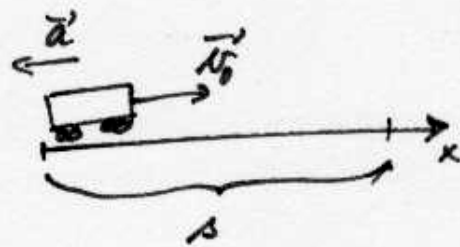
$$n'(t) = n'(t) = \frac{5t^4 e^{-t} + t^5(-e^{-t})}{e^{2t}} - 6$$

$$n''(t) = n''(t) = 5(4t^3 e^{-t} + t^4(-e^{-t})) - (5t^4 e^{-t} + t^5(-e^{-t})) = \underline{\underline{20t^3 e^{-t} - 10t^4 e^{-t} + t^5 e^{-t}}}$$

2. $v_0 = 72 \text{ km/h} = 20 \text{ m/s}$

$t_0 = 0,5 \text{ min} = 30 \text{ s}$

$s = ?$



$$v(t) = v_0 - at$$

$$v_0 = at_0 \Rightarrow a = \frac{v_0}{t_0}$$

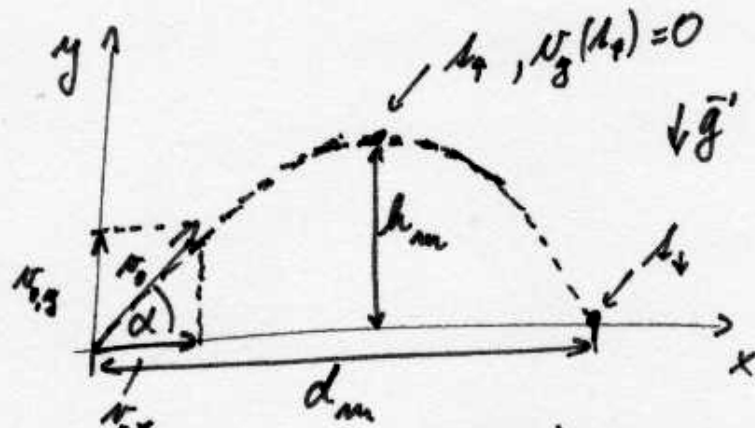
$$s(t) = v_0 t - \frac{1}{2} a t^2 = 300 \text{ m}$$

3. $v_0 = 1000 \text{ m/s}$

$\alpha = 55^\circ$

$d_m = ?$

$h_m = ?$



$$v_y(t_p) = 0: 0 = v_{0,y} - g t_p \Rightarrow t_p = \frac{v_0 \sin \alpha}{g}$$

$$x: x(t) = v_{0,x} \cdot t$$

$$v_x(t) = v_{0,x}$$

$$y: y(t) = v_{0,y} t - \frac{1}{2} g t^2$$

$$v_y(t) = v_{0,y} - g t$$

$$v_{0,x} = v_0 \cos \alpha$$

$$v_{0,y} = v_0 \sin \alpha$$

$$y(t_p) = h_m = v_{0,y} t_p - \frac{1}{2} g t_p^2 = v_0 \sin \alpha \cdot \frac{v_0 \sin \alpha}{g} - \frac{1}{2} g \cdot \frac{v_0^2 \sin^2 \alpha}{g^2} = \underline{\underline{\frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{v_0^2 \sin^2 \alpha}{g} = 33550 \text{ m}}}$$

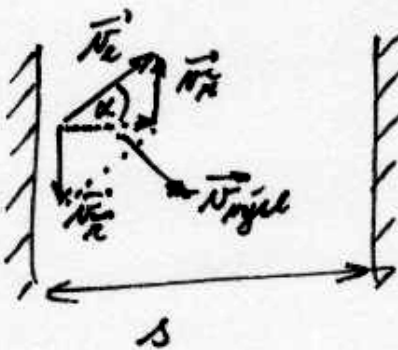
$$h_y = 2 \cdot h_f$$

~~$$d_m = \frac{2 N_0 \sin \alpha}{g}$$~~

$$N_x(h_y) = d_m = N_{0,x} \cdot h_y = N_0 \cos \alpha \cdot \frac{2 N_0 \sin \alpha}{g} = \frac{2 N_0^2 \sin \alpha \cos \alpha}{g} = 93960 \text{ m}$$

$$\left(= \frac{2 N_0^2 \sin 2\alpha}{g} \right)$$

4. $s = 200 \text{ m}$
 $N_R = 3 \text{ m/s}$
 $N_L = 5 \text{ m/s}$



a) $\sin \alpha = \frac{N_R}{N_L} \Rightarrow \alpha = 36,9^\circ$

b) $N_{hyp} = \sqrt{N_L^2 - N_R^2}$, $s = N_{hyp} \cdot t \Rightarrow t = \frac{s}{\sqrt{N_L^2 - N_R^2}} = 50 \text{ s}$