

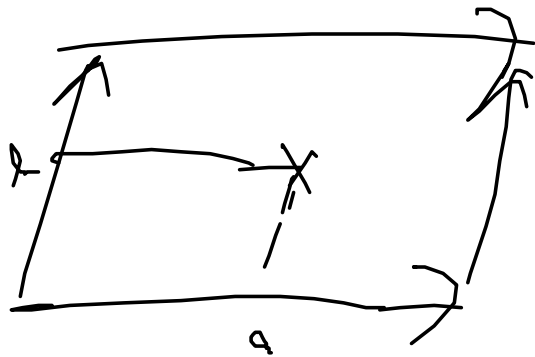
$$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 & 5 \\ 1 & 4 & 3 & 2 & 5 \end{pmatrix}$$

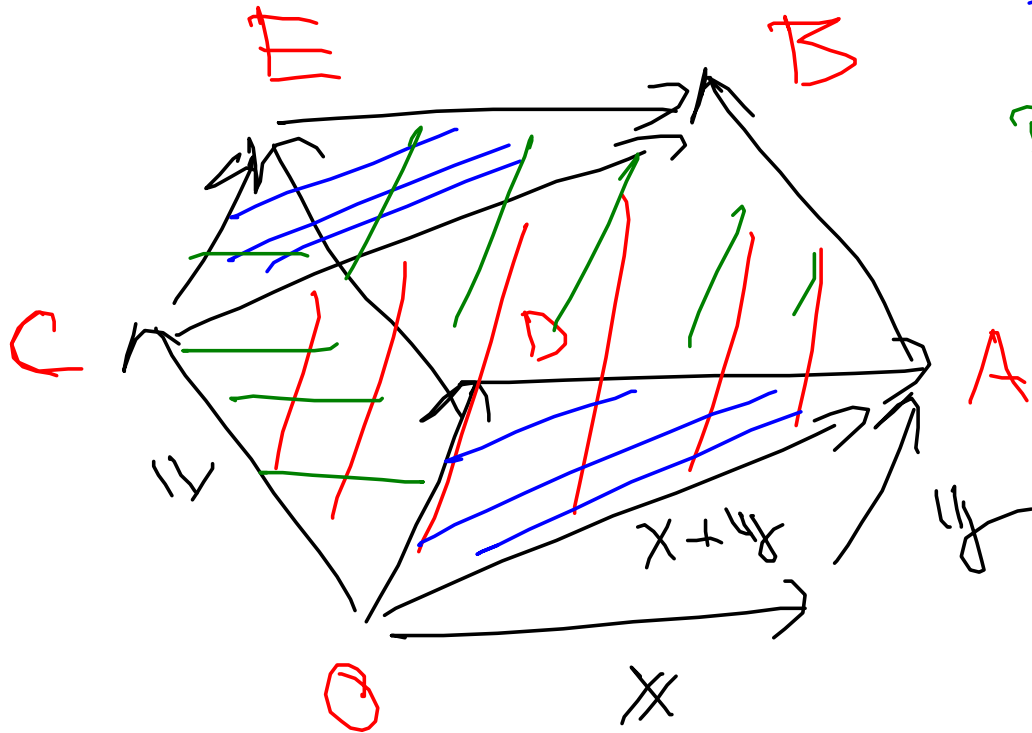
$$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 & 5 & 6 & 7 & 8 & 9 \\ 2 & 3 & 7 & 9 & 6 & 8 & 1 & 4 & 5 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 & 7 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 4 & 9 & 5 & 6 & 8 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$= - + = \text{⊖}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 2 & 3 & 1 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 3 & 2 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \ominus \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 2 & 1 & 3 \end{pmatrix}$$





$$P(OABC) = P(ODEC) + P(DABE)$$

$$P(OABC) =$$

$$P(x+y, y) = P(x, y) + P(y, y)$$

$$P(ODEC) = P(x, y) \quad P(DABE) = P(y, y)$$

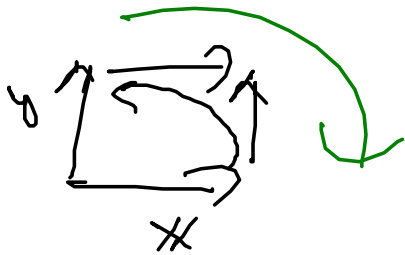
$$F : \mathbb{V}^m \rightarrow \mathbb{K}$$

$$u_1, \dots, u_{j-1}, u_{j+1}, \dots, u_m$$

$$: \mathbb{V} \rightarrow \mathbb{K}$$

$$\times \mapsto F(u_1, \dots, u_{j-1}, \times, u_{j+1}, \dots, u_m)$$

$$\begin{aligned} & F(u_1, \dots, u_i, u_j, \dots, u_m) \\ \equiv & F(u_1, \dots, u_j, u_i, \dots, u_m) \end{aligned}$$



$$F(\underbrace{\dots}_{\dots}) = \underline{\underline{0}}$$

\rightarrow
 α

$$(-1)^{\frac{2}{3}}$$

$$y = a^x$$

$$\ln y = x \cdot \ln a$$

$$\cos 180^\circ + i \sin 180^\circ$$

$$120^\circ + \dots + 120^\circ$$

$$\frac{360^\circ}{3}$$

$$a^x = \sum \frac{x^n}{n!}$$