## "SUGAR PLASTIC" COULD REDUCE RELIANCE ON PETROLEUM Kurt Kleiner

A new way to make plastics out of sugar could help reduce the world's reliance on petroleum. The technique could ultimately allow industry to make plastics from high-fructose corn syrups or other plant materials.

Now b) [researchers] led by chemical engineer James Dumesic at the University of Wisconsin, Madison, [have developed an efficient way to convert fructose into a polymer precursor.]

But HMF has previously been difficult and expensive to make in quantity. This is because as HMF is produced, it reacts with any fructose remaining in the solution to produce an unusable waste material.

To change fructose to HMF, <sup>d)</sup> [the researchers "dehydrated" it <u>by adding an acid to strip off water molecules</u>]. Then, <sup>e)</sup> [to prevent the newly formed HMF from reacting with the remaining fructose, they added a solvent.] This bound to the HMF and floated above the water, preventing further contact with any remaining fructose. Further chemicals were added to prevent side reactions.

The result was a reaction that converted 90% of the fructose in a solution to HMF. Once the reaction was complete, the solvent was boiled away, leaving the HMF to be turned into plastic.

## 1) Read the rest of the text. Use the word given in capitals to form a word that fits in the space. There is an example in 0.

Bio-based polymers are not new. One of the (0) oldest plastics	OLD
is celluloid, made out of the (1) occurring polymer	NATURAL
cellulose. More (2), bacteria have been used to	RECENT
convert sugar into PHA, a bio- (3) plastic.	DEGRADE
But the (4)hope that because of its different	RESEARCH
chemical structure, HMF will allow (5) to design	ENGINE
plastics with a range of (6)properties. There are	DIFFER
many types of petroleum-based polymers. with (7)	INTEREST
properties so it will be necessary to (8) many	DEVELOPMENT
types of bio-based polymers as (9)	ALTERNATE
has little incentive to do so while petrochemicals remain (10)	RELATIVE
cheap.	10b

a) [Companies] and research organisations around the world [are experimenting with <u>plant-based plastics</u>] in a bid to lower carbon dioxide emissions and reduce the use of petroleum as oil stocks decline.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>c)</sup> [The researchers were interested in <u>a chemical called 5-hydroxymethylfurfural (HMF),]</u> which can easily be converted into furandicarboxylic acid (FDCA). This is similar in structure to a petroleum-based precursor for the type of plastic commonly used in plastic bottles.

2) Read the twhat is tru	ext and decide whether the sentences are true or false. If the	ey are false, say
	plastics can lower our dependence on petroleum.	T/F
<b>b)</b> Oil reser	ves are stable.	T/F
c) Research	ers can now change fructose into plastic bottles	T/F
d) To conv	rert fructose to HMF, water molecules should be removed.	T/F
e) Cellulo	id is one of the oldest petroleum-based plastics.	T/F
	the underlined expressions	10 b
a)		
b)		
c)		
d)		
e)		
4) Answer th	e questions in your own words	10 b
<b>a)</b> Why are ex	periments with plant-based plastics done?	
<b>b)</b> Why were	researchers interested in HMF ?	
c) How did re	esearchers solve the problem of HMF reacting with the remaini	ing fructose ?
<b>d)</b> How is PH	A produced ?	
e) What is cel	luloid ?	

10 b