

Ze str. 8, příklad 4: Zjednodušte výraz

$$(\log_a b + \log_b a + 2)(\log_a b - \log_{ab} b) \log_b a - 1.$$

Řešení:

$$\begin{aligned}(\log_a b + \log_b a + 2)(\log_a b - \log_{ab} b) \log_b a - 1 &= \left(\frac{\log_b b}{\log_b a} + \log_b a + 2 \right) \left(\frac{\log_b b}{\log_b a} - \frac{\log_b b}{\log_b ab} \right) \log_b a - 1 = \\ &= \left(\frac{1}{\log_b a} + \log_b a + 2 \right) \left(\frac{1}{\log_b a} - \frac{1}{\log_b a + \log_b b} \right) \log_b a - 1 = \\ &= \left(\frac{\log_b a}{\log_b a} + (\log_b a)^2 + 2 \log_b a \right) \left(\frac{1}{\log_b a} - \frac{1}{\log_b a + 1} \right) - 1 = \\ &= (1 + (\log_b a)^2 + 2 \log_b a) \left(\frac{\log_b a + 1 - \log_b a}{\log_b a (\log_b a + 1)} \right) - 1 = \\ &= (1 + \log_b a)^2 \left(\frac{1}{\log_b a (\log_b a + 1)} \right) - 1 = \\ &= \frac{(1 + \log_b a)^2}{\log_b a (\log_b a + 1)} - 1 = \frac{1 + \log_b a}{\log_b a} - 1 = \frac{1}{\log_b a} + 1 - 1 = \\ &= \underline{\underline{\log_a b}}\end{aligned}$$