COMPARING AND CONTRASTING

1. Tourism in Costa Rica - Conditional Sentences

We can use conditional sentences to make PROPOSALS. If I find her address, I'll send her an invitation. We can go to Japan, if we have enough money.

Match the sentences to the correct function.OFFERTHREATSPECULATIONADVICEREGRET

- 1. If I had more time, I would have shown you more pictures.
- 2. If you need anything, I'll be in my office.
- 3. If I were you, I would visit Costa Rica in the summer.
- 4. If I'd studied French at school, I'd have had more career opportunities.
- 5. If your work doesn't improve, we'll have to consider reducing your salary.

Complete the grammar rules:

Week 5

	IF CLAUSE	MAIN CLAUSE
Zero conditional:		
First conditional		
Second conditional		
Third conditional		

Let's go back to the SWOT of Costa Rica's ecotourism. Make conditional sentences with your comment about some of the points.

STRENGTHS:	airport in Liberia- three hours of Miami, biodiversity, different types of
	landscapes
WEAKNESSES:	high unemployment, absence of clear rules for investors, unregulated building,
	sewage flowed into the ocean
OPPORTUNITIES:	jobs for the unemployed, growth of the country's income, the president Arias
	supports building restrictions
THREATS:	loss of greenery, monkey population threatened, light pollution

Writing conditional sentences in groups: You will be given the first part of a conditional sentence and your task is to finish it, fold the original first part and pass it to your neighbour. The neighbour reads the half of the sentence and finishes it, again folds the beginning half and passes it.

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Danish, Norwegian or Swedish? <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=pS0Nx-LsX10</u> Listen to the comparison. What does Kristina say about the languages? 0.30 – 2.30

Conditional sentences that she used – identify the types and functions:

If you have a strong motivation for any of the three languages, I'll go for that. If you have a Swedish grandma, you have Danish friends, go for those. If you have no particular connection to either language, I would actually go for Norwegian.

Study the following examples and comparing different countries.

- Sweden is similar to Norway in its constitution.
- Sweden is similar to Norway in that it has a small agricultural area.
- Norway and Denmark are similar (alike) in that they both have a constitutional monarchy.
- Denmark, like Finland, has a population of about 5.6 million.
- With regard to population, Sweden is bigger than Norway.
- Denmark has a constitutional monarchy, whereas (while) Finland is a republic.
- Whereas Finland is a republic, Norway has a constitutional monarchy.
- Denmark has the smallest land area, however, it has the largest percentage agricultural area.
- Although Denmark has the smallest land area, it has the largest percentage agricultural area.
- The main difference (One of the differences) between Finland and Sweden is that

Finland is a republic, whereas Sweden has a constitutional monarchy.

- Cairo is **no bigger than** main European cities.
- Cairo differs from London in density of population.

(Based on: Jordan, R.R. (1996). *Academic Writing Course*. Londýn: Longman. Hamp-Lyons L. & Heasley B. (1987). *Study Writing*. CUP. Prepared by J. Kubricka)

Write a few sentences comparing the Czech Republic to other countries.

Similarity

X is like Y	with respect to price. as regards price. as far as price is concerned.
X and Y are similar	regarding price.
X is similar to Y	in that the price is the same.
X is the same as Y	in terms of price.
X resembles Y	in price.

Both X and Y cost € 100. X is as expensive as Y. X costs the same as Y. X is the same price as Y.

X has a large screen.	Similarly, it has a high capacity hard disk. Likewise, it has a high capacity hard disk. Correspondingly, it has a high capacity hard disk. It has a high capacity hard disk, too.
	It also has a high capacity hard disk.

Contrast

X differs from Y X is unlike Y X and Y differ X is different from Y X contrasts with Y	with respect to price. as regards price. as far as price is concerned. regarding price. in terms of price. in price.
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- X costs €100, whereas the Armani costs €200.
- X costs €100, while the Armani costs €200.

X costs €100, **but** the Armani costs €200.

X costs €100, in contrast to the Armani , which costs €200.

X is more expensive than Y.

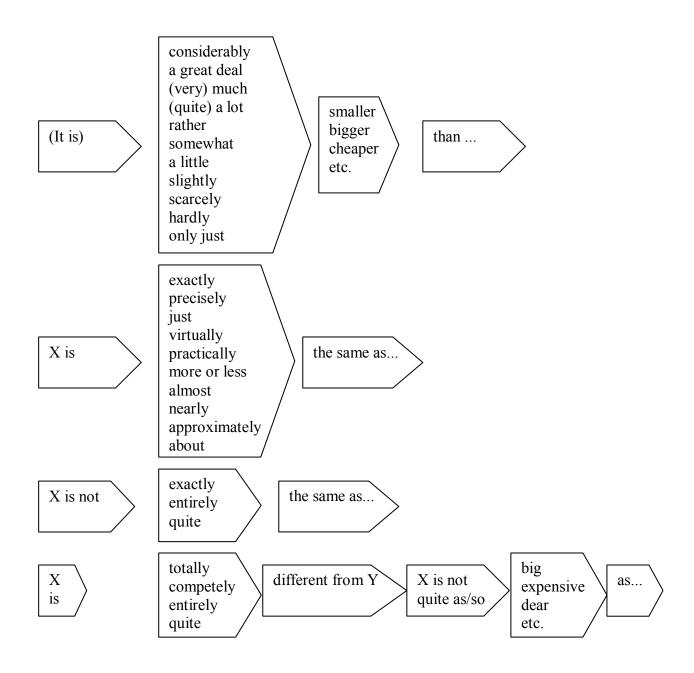
X is not as expensive as Y.

X costs more than Y.

X is expensive to buy.	On the other hand, it is very fast and has a large screen.
	In contrast, it is very fast and has a large screen.
	Conversely, it is very fast and has a large screen.
	However, it is very fast and has a large screen.

Although X is expensive to buy, Despite the high price of the X, it is very fast and has a large screen.

Source: http://www.uefap.com/speaking/s pkfram.htm



Source: Jordan, R.R.: Academic Writing Course, Longman, London, 1996 Tables on page 3 and 4 prepared by Hana Němcová