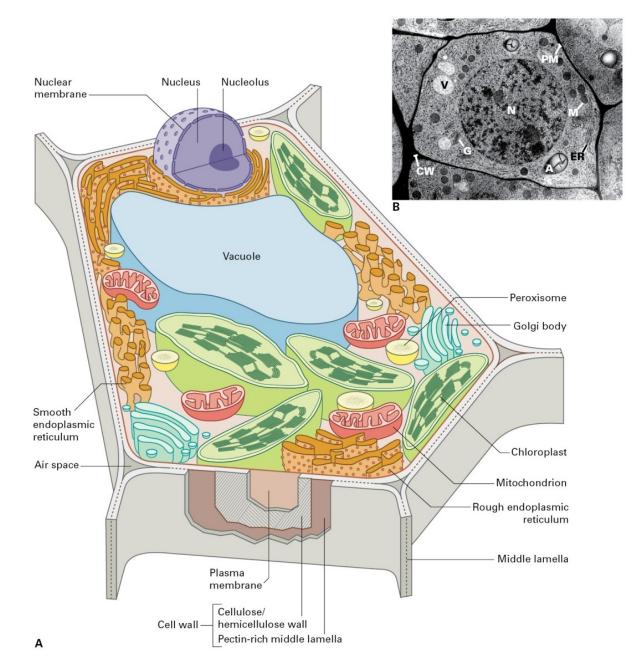


# Plant cell

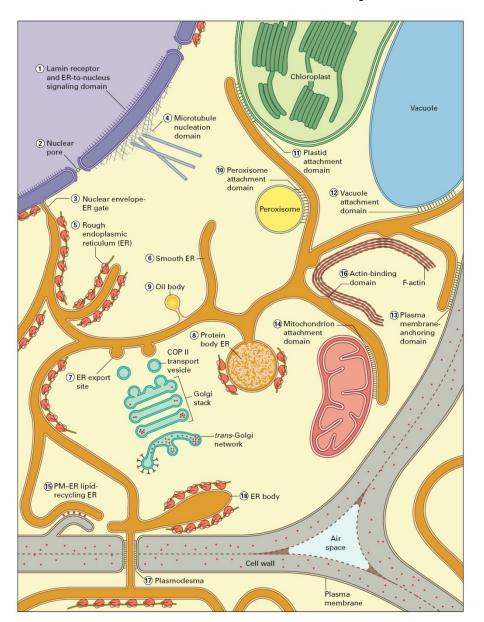


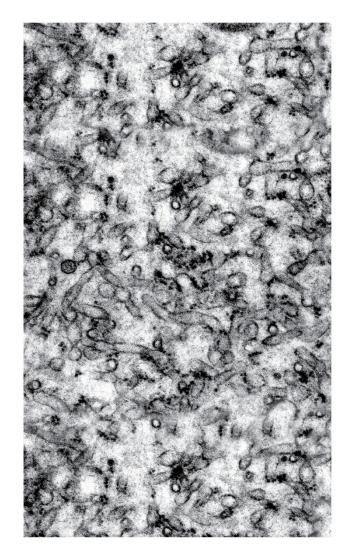






## Endoplasmic reticulum

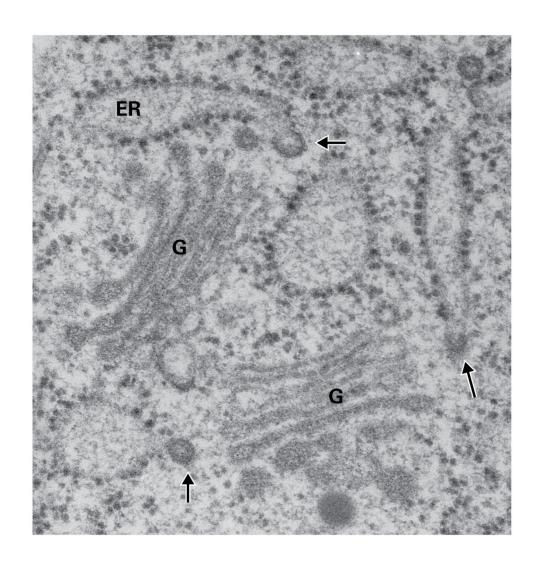


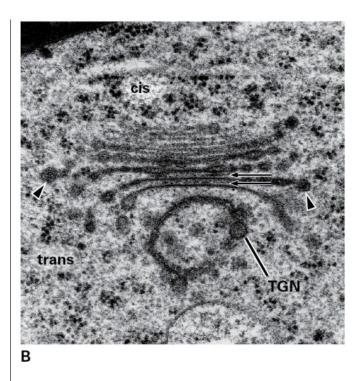


ER tubules



# Golgi apparatus

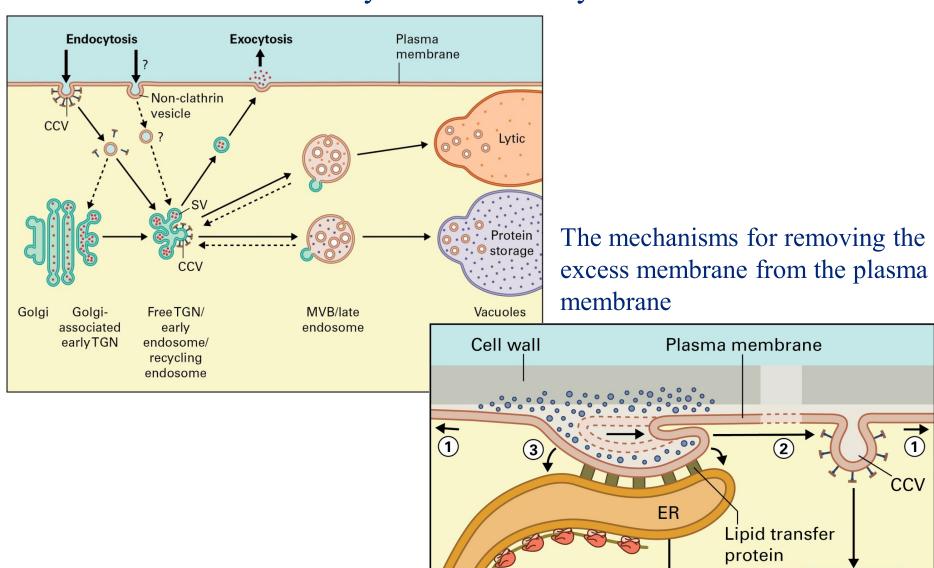




Golgi/TGN

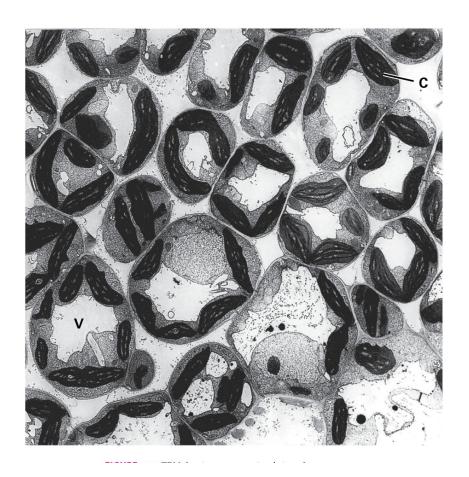


### Exocytosis and endocytosis





#### Vacuoles



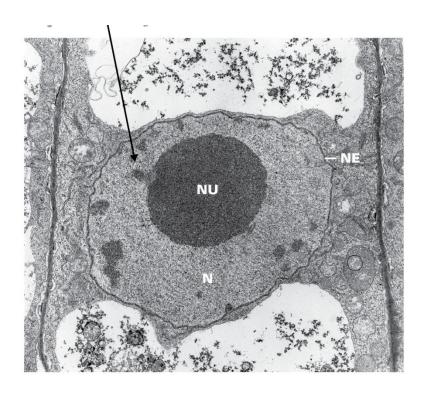
#### Metabolic roles of vacuoles:

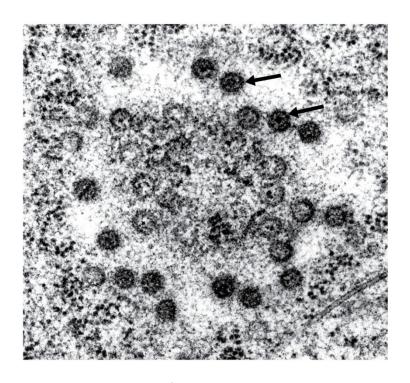
- Growth
- Storage
- Digestion
- pH and ionic homeostasis
- Defense against microbial pathogens and herbivores
- Sequestration of toxic compounds
- Pigmentation



#### The nucleus

N, nucleus NE, nuclear envelope NU, nucleolus

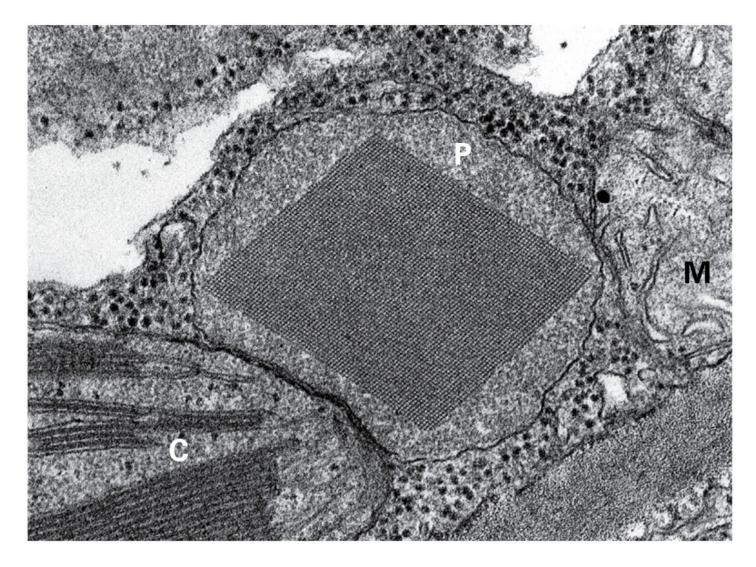




Nuclear pores



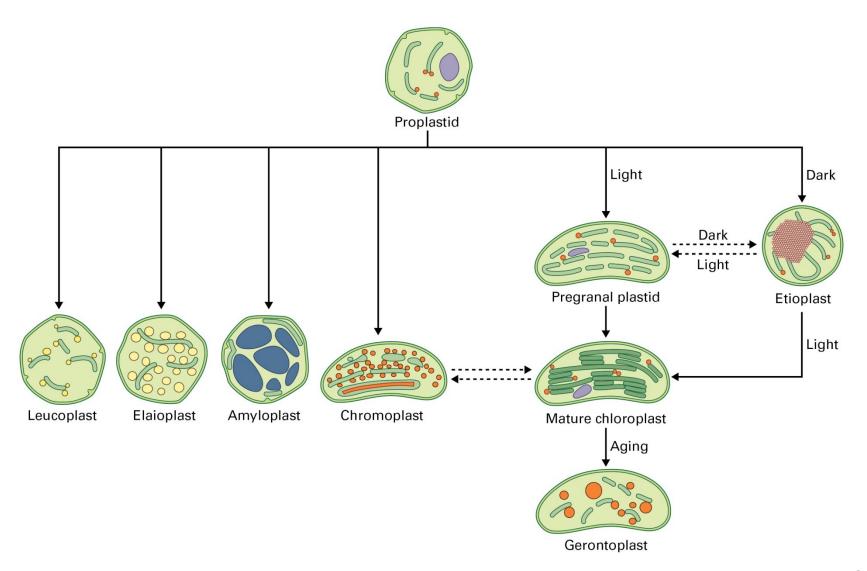
## Peroxisomes



C, chloroplastP, peroxisomeM, mitochondrion

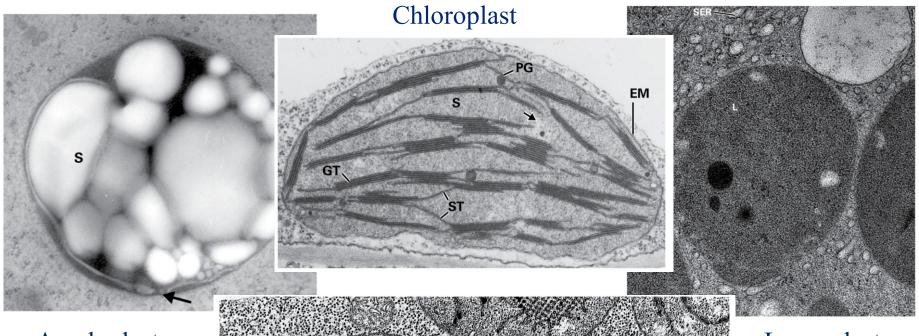


#### Plastids





## Plastids

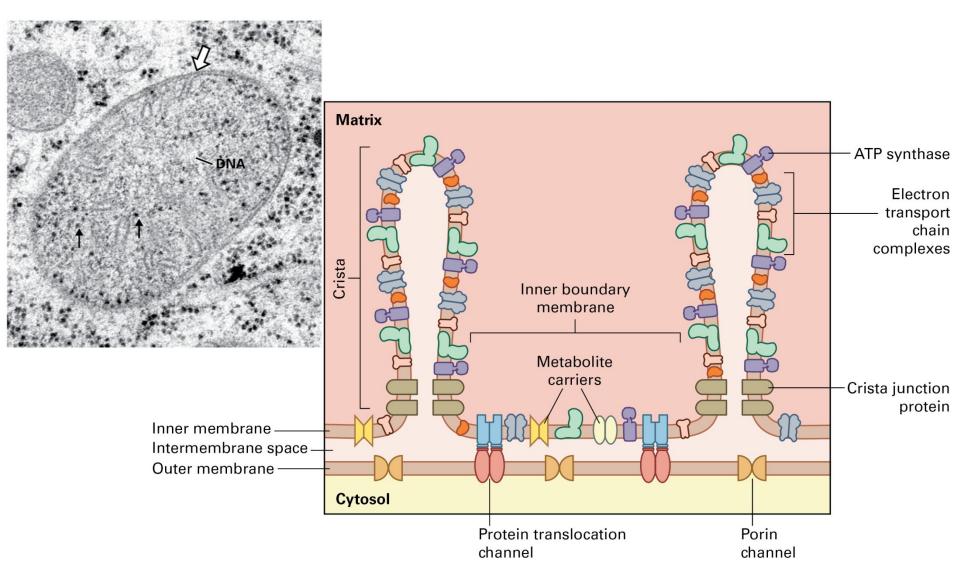


Amyloplast

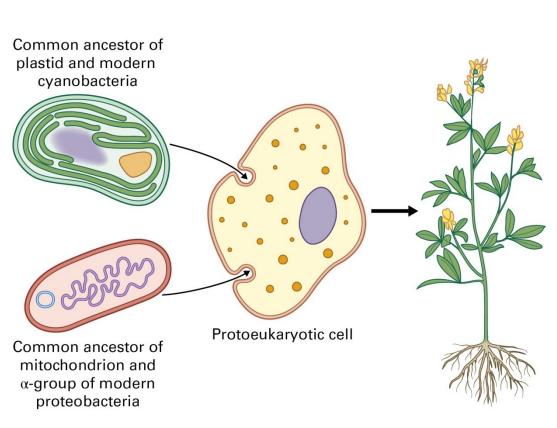
Leucoplast



#### Mitochondria



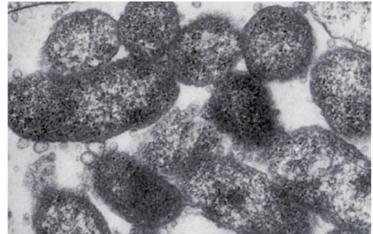




#### Synechococcus lividus

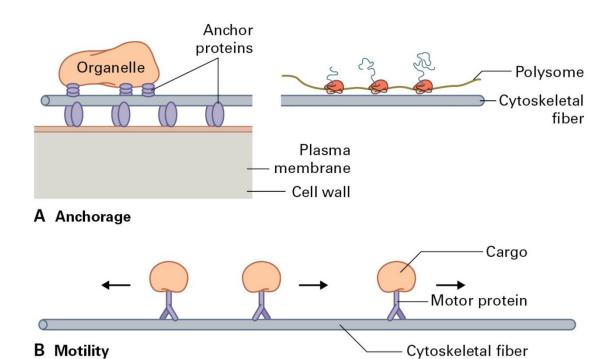


Rickettsiella popilliae

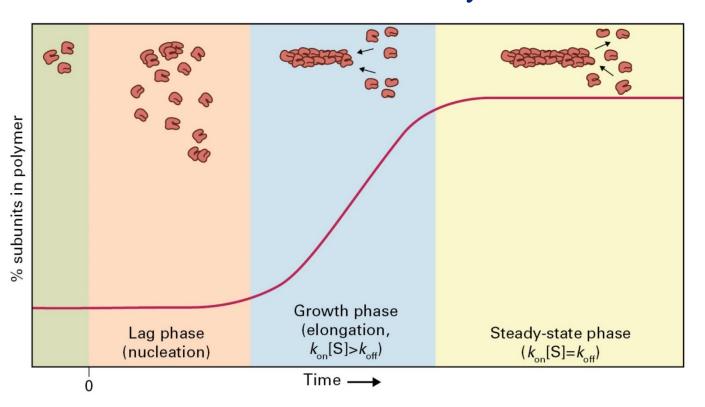


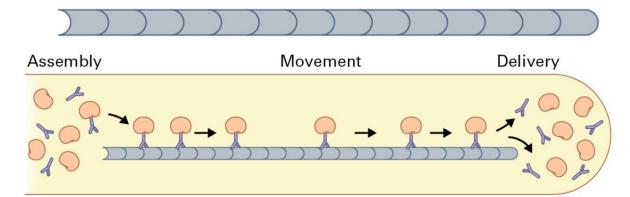


Electron micrograph of a cytoskeletal meshwork from a carrot cell

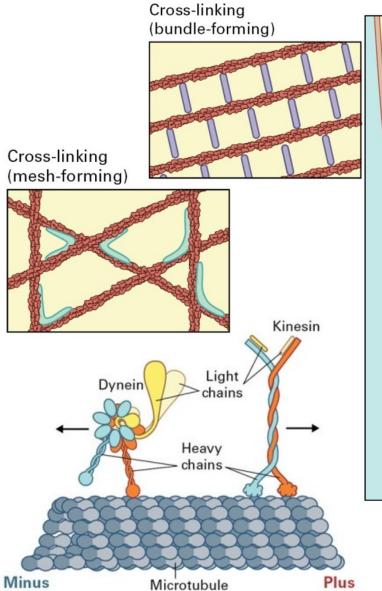


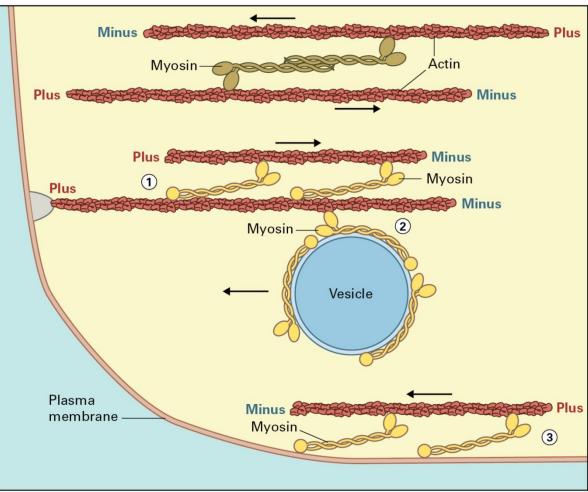








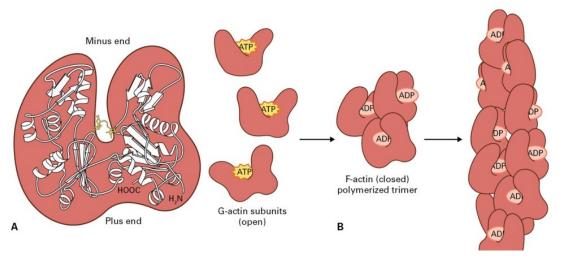




Plus end

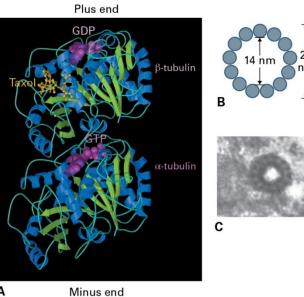


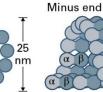
### The cytoskeleton



The structure of actin and actin filaments

The structure of tubulin and microtubules









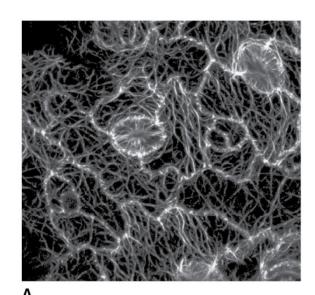


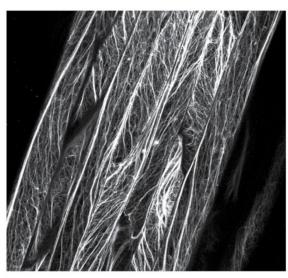






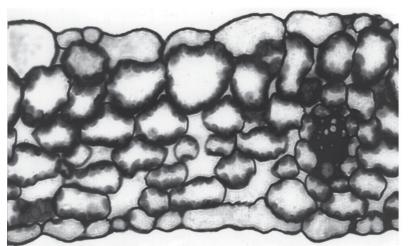






Actin filaments in plant epidermis (A) and leaf veins (B).

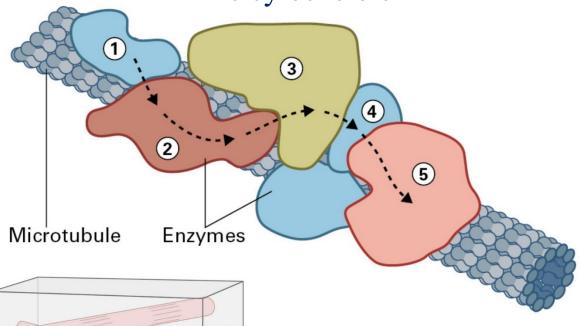
Dim light

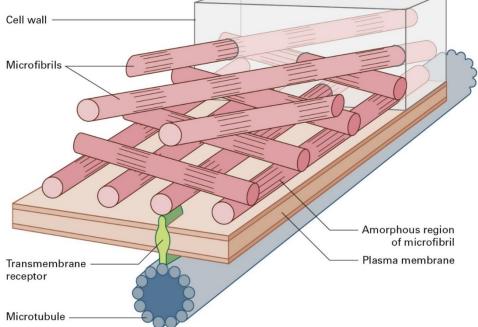


Bright light

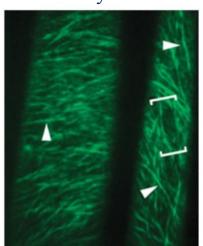




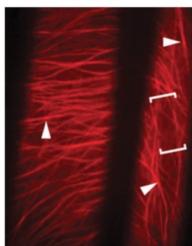




Trajectories of motion of cellulose synthase



Cortical microtubules





#### Plant cell division

