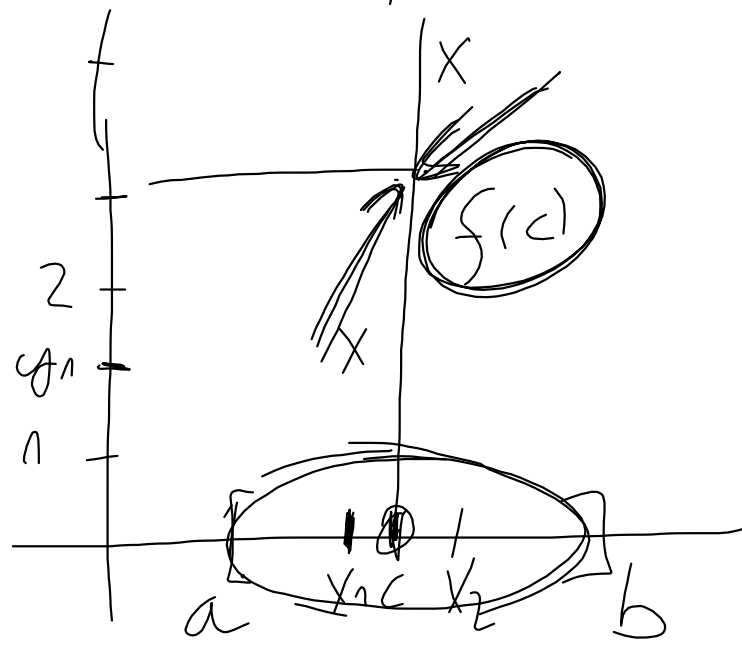
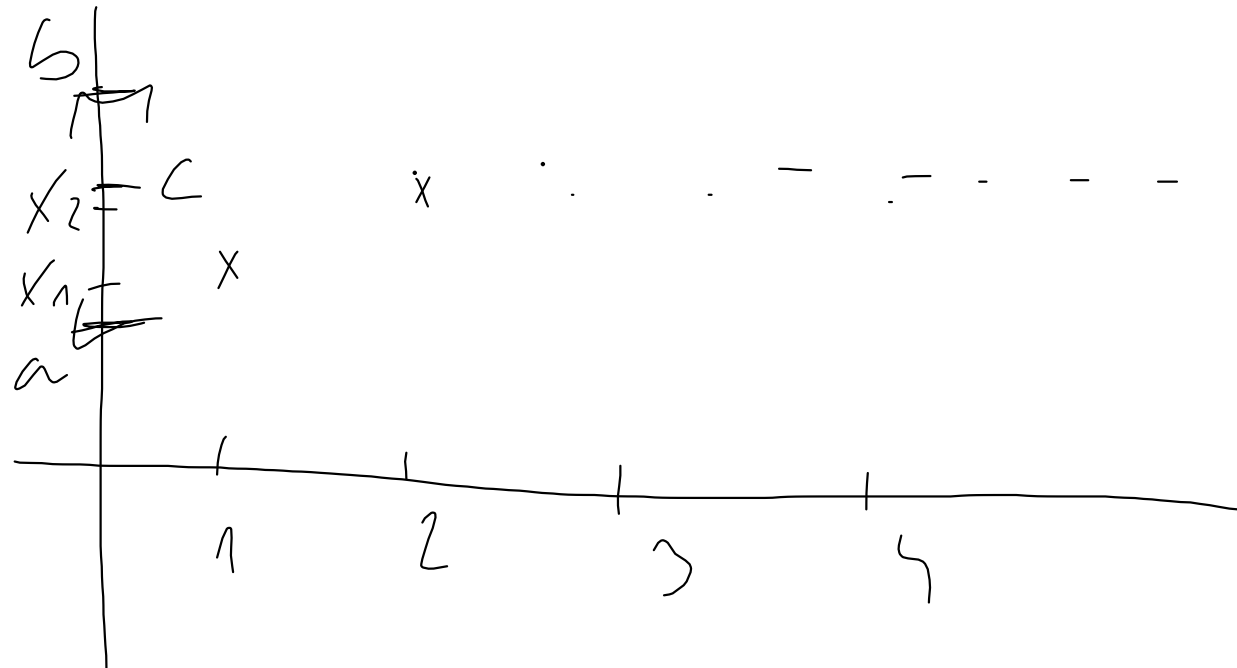


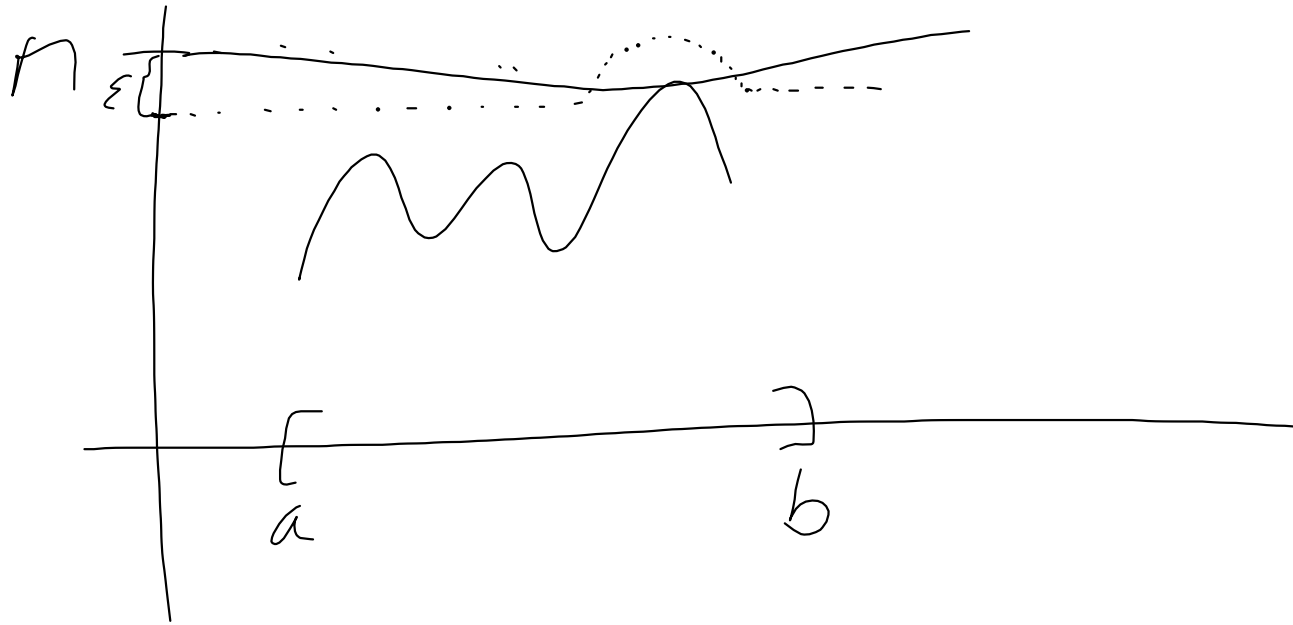
1 2 3 4 5 ... $\rightarrow f(x)$

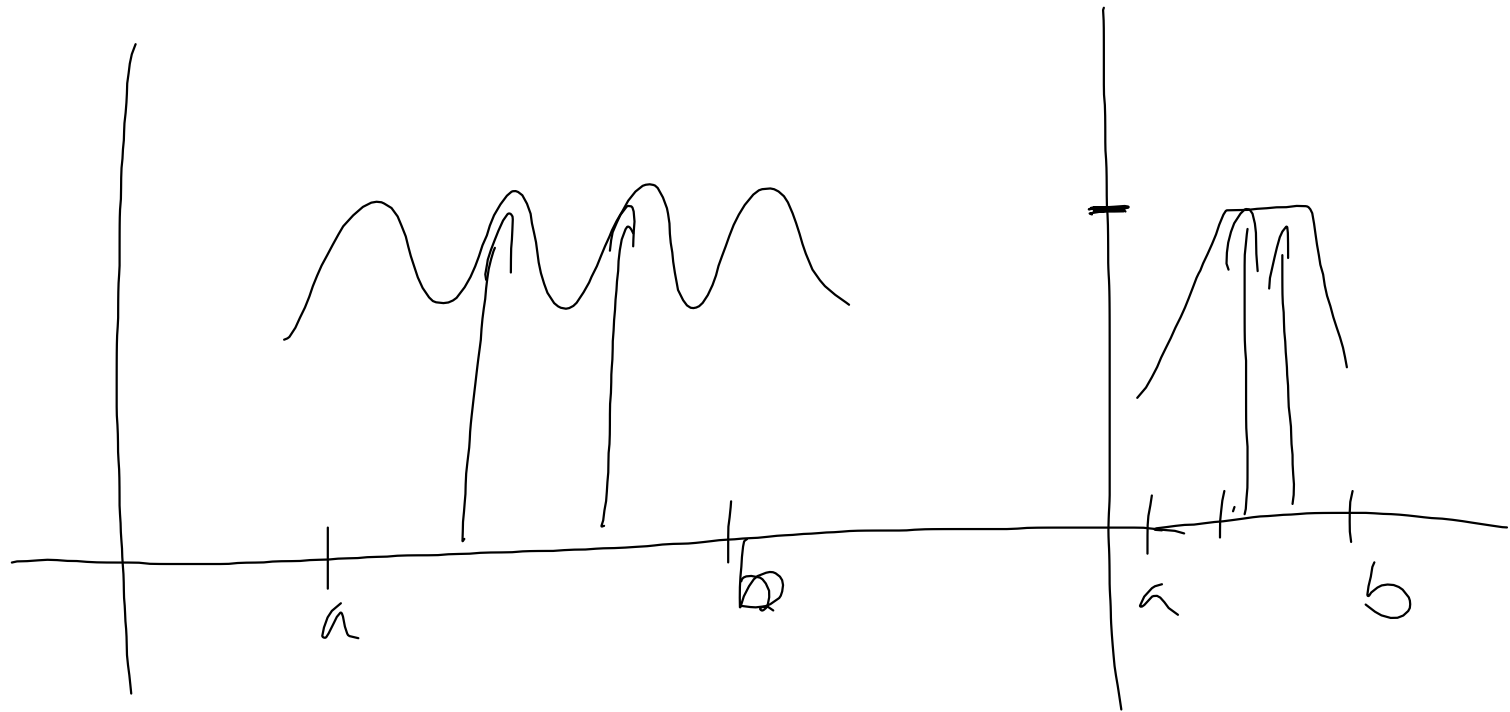
\downarrow \downarrow ...
 x_1 x_2 ...

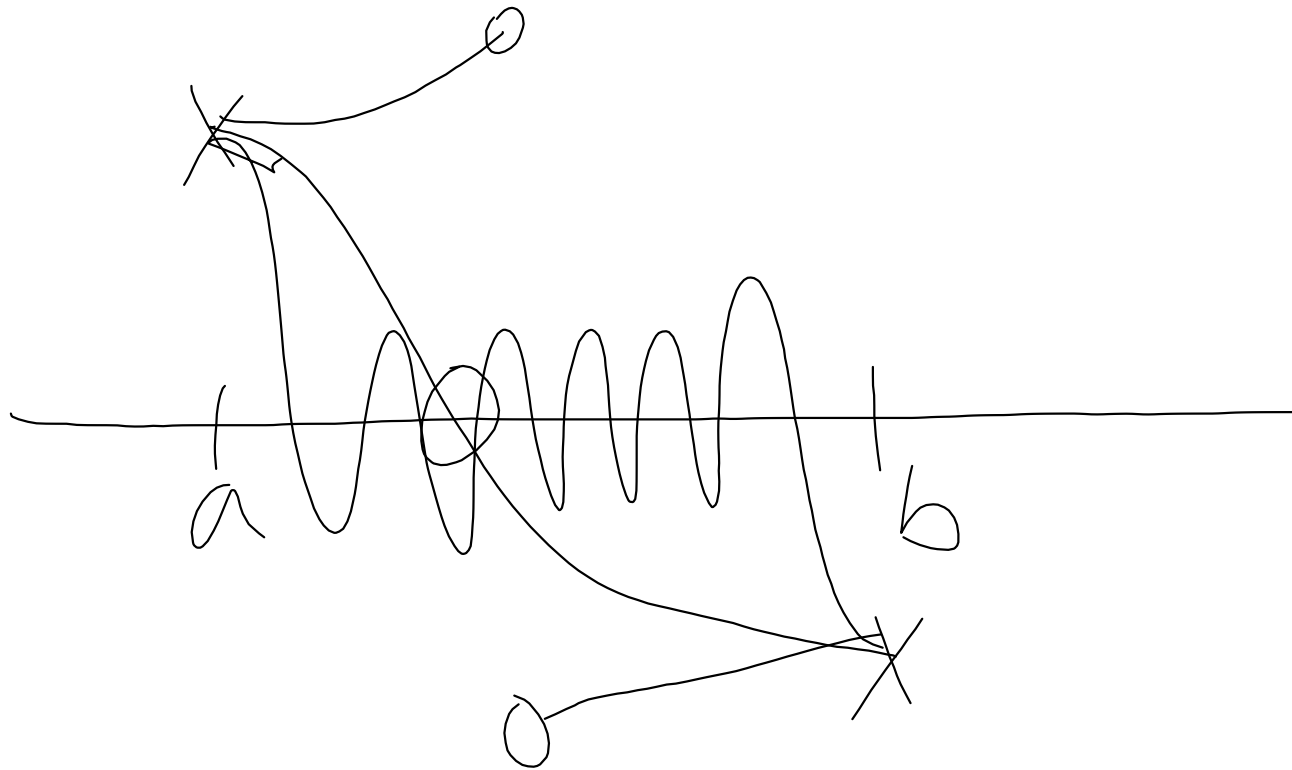
$y_1 > 1$ $y_2 > 2$ > 3 ...
 \parallel \parallel $\rightarrow \infty$
 $f(x_1)$ $f(x_2)$

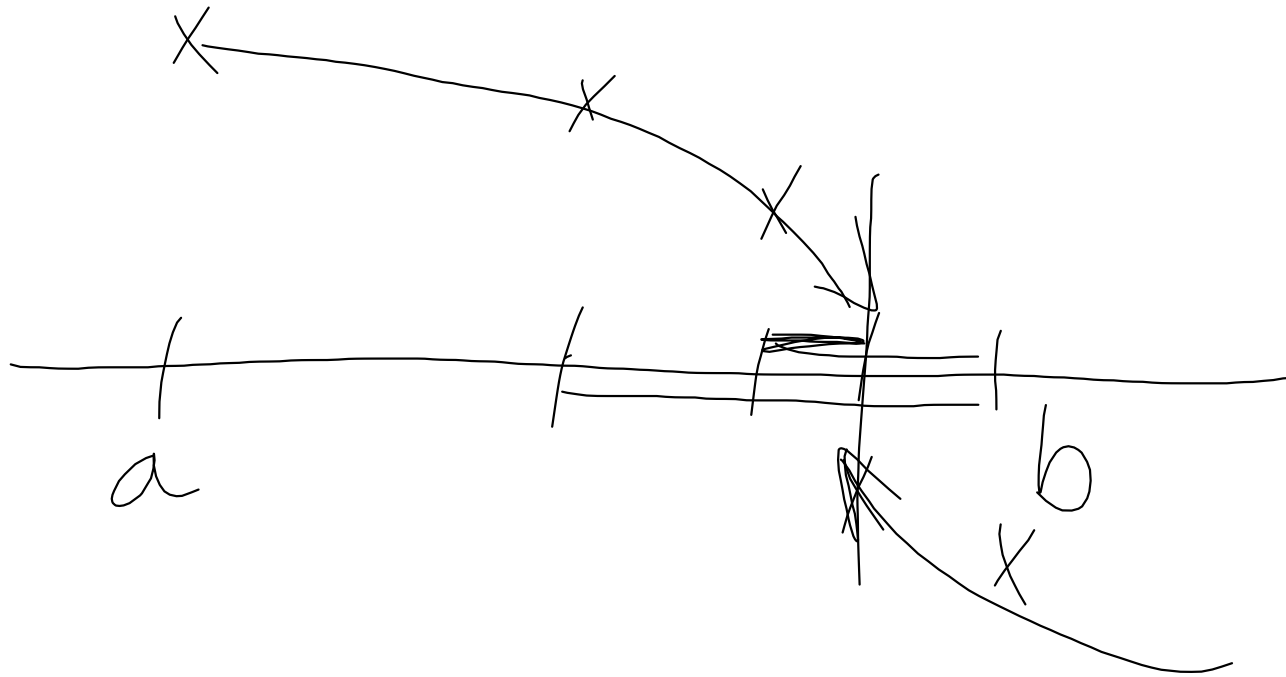




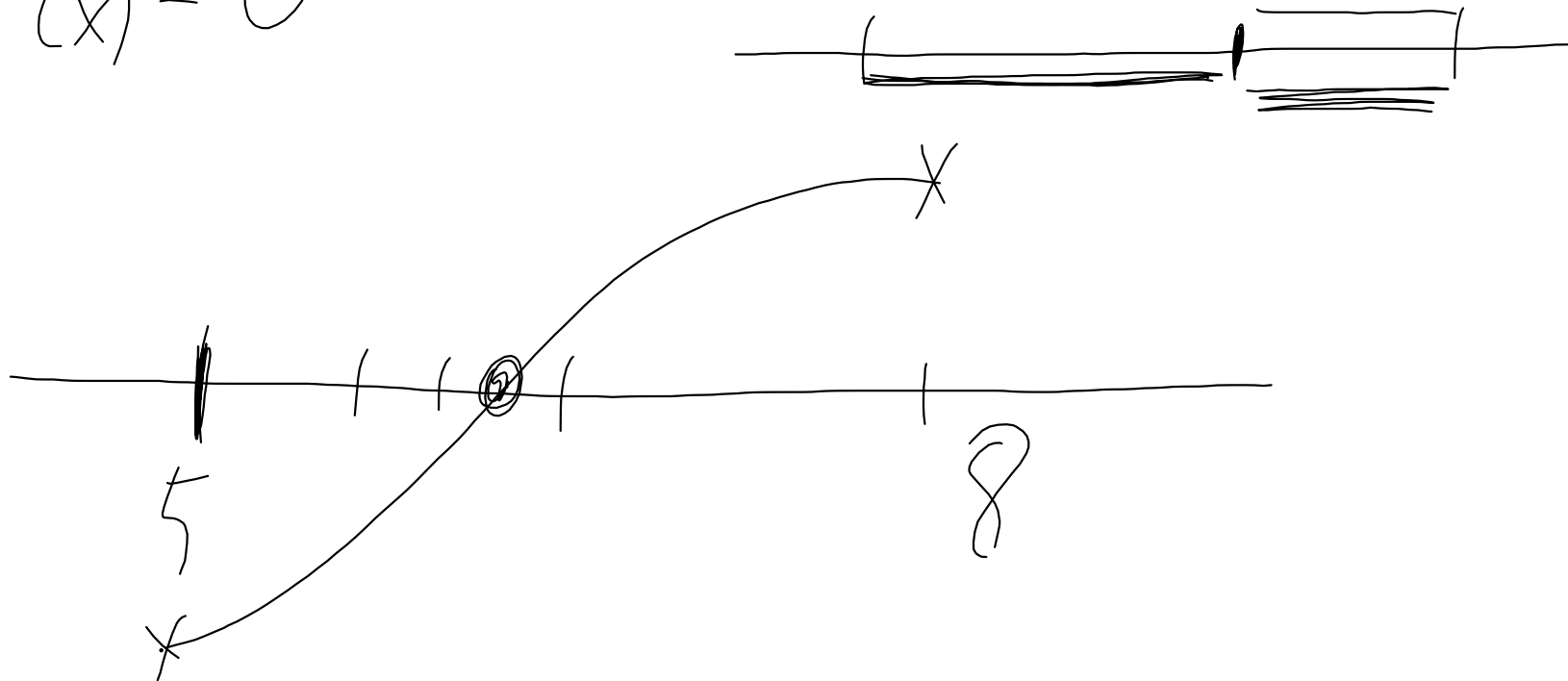


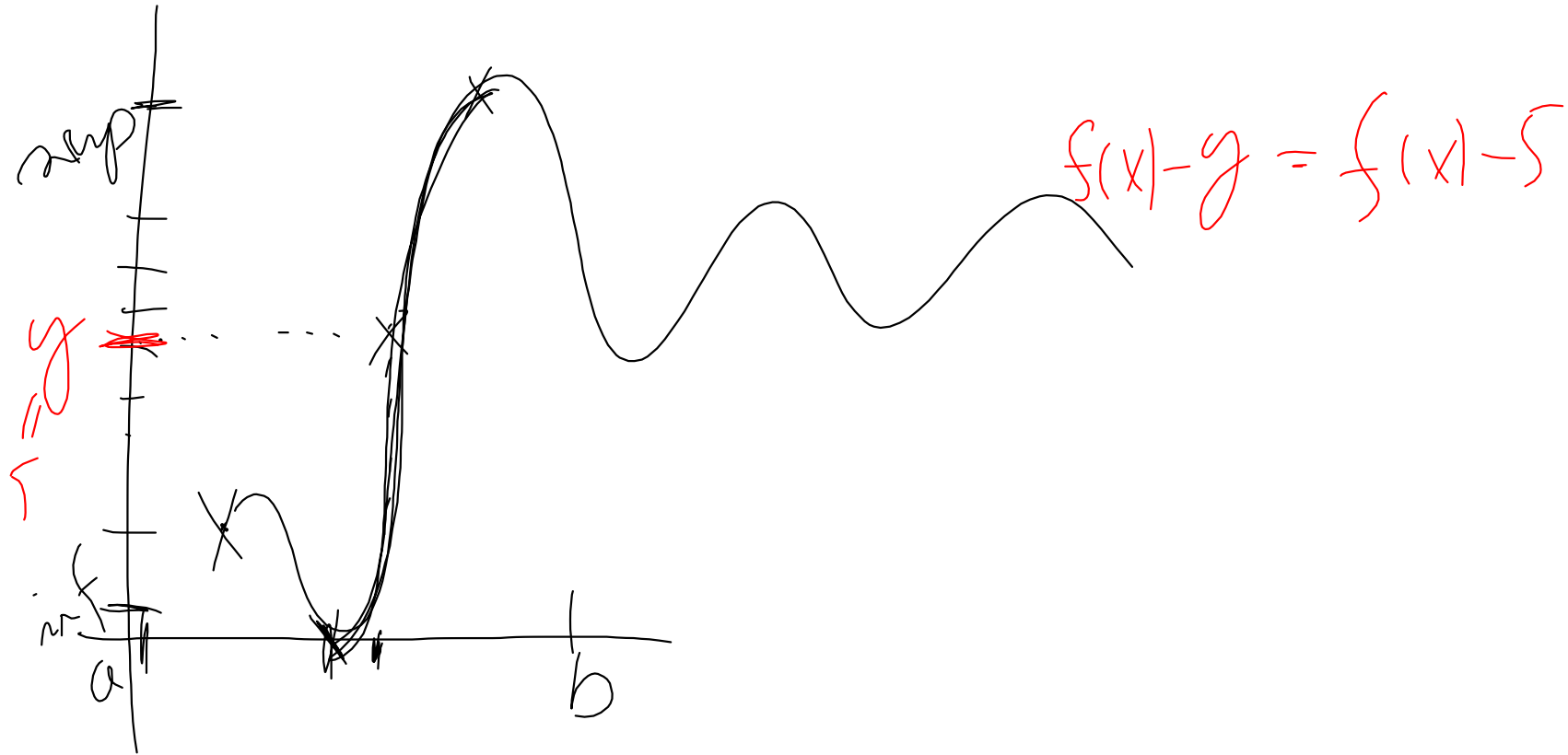


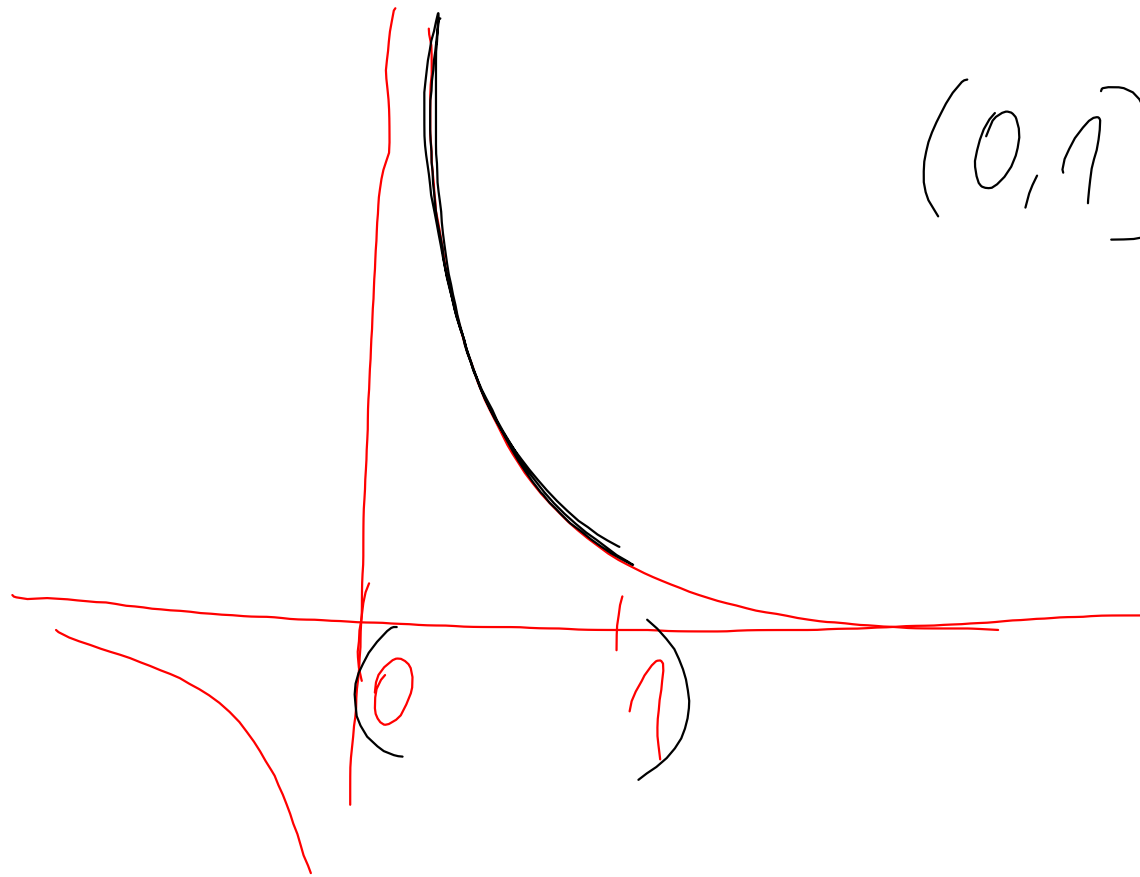




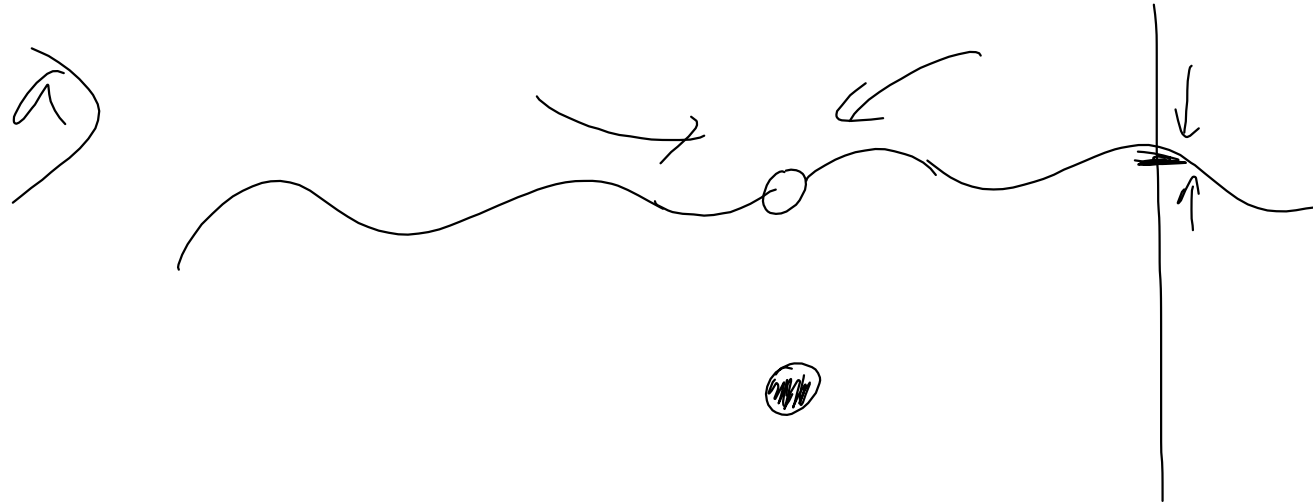
$$P(x) = 0$$

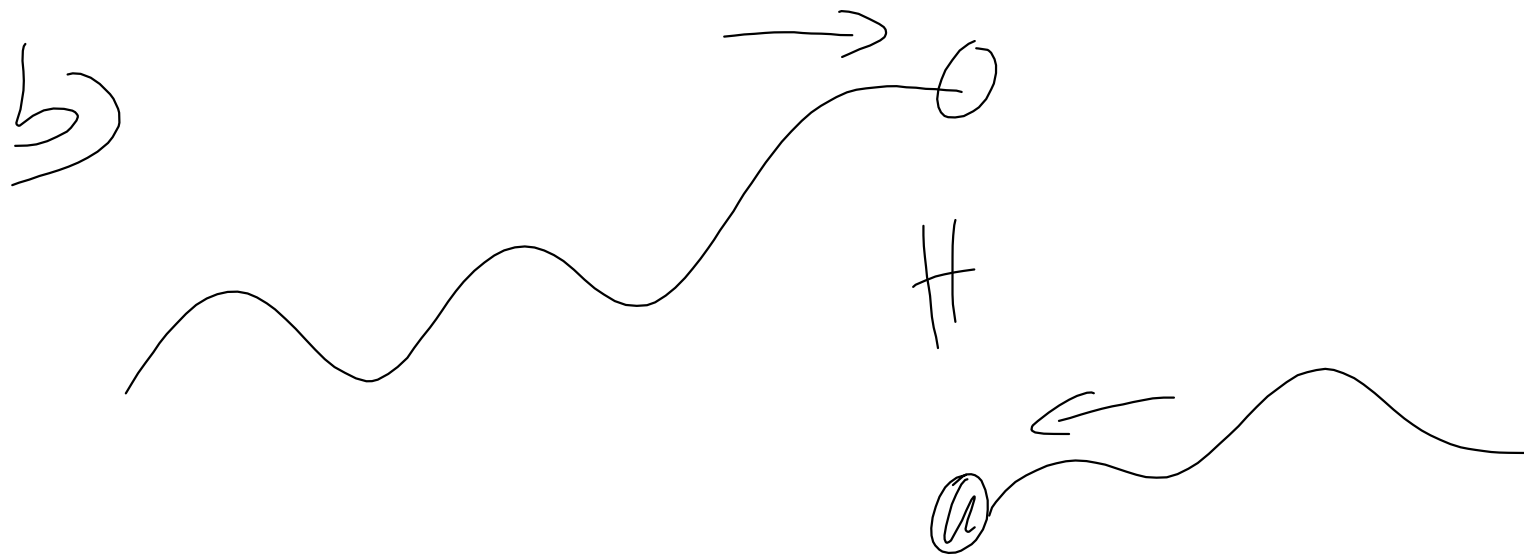




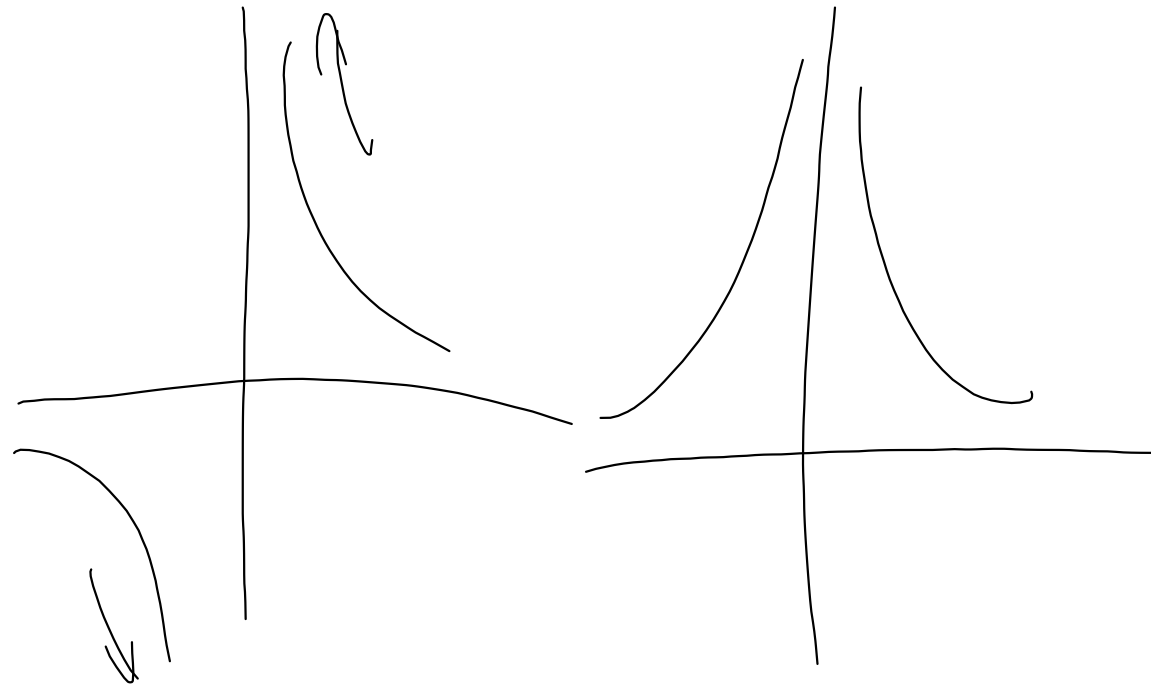






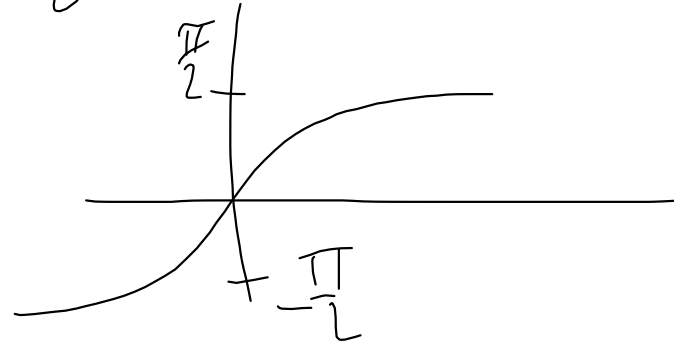


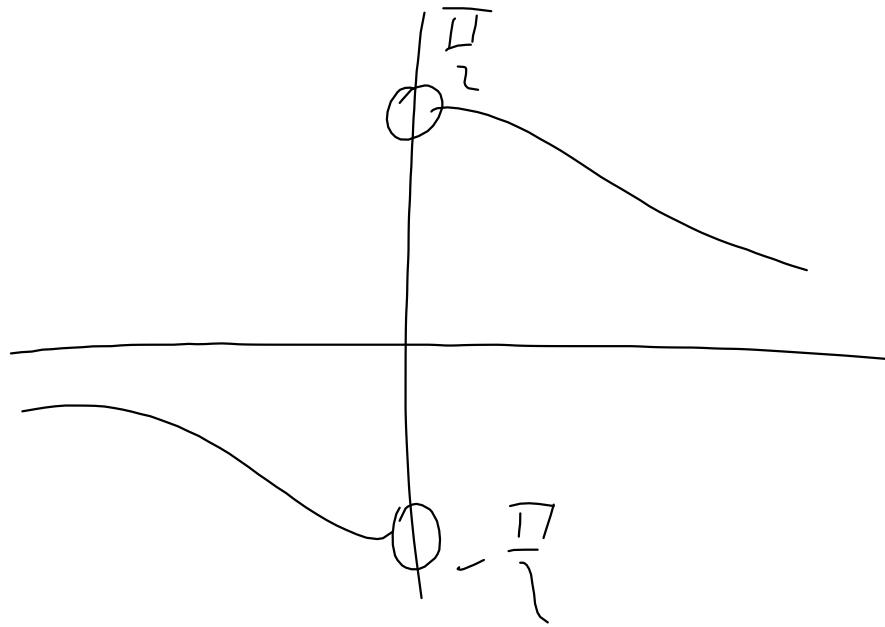
9

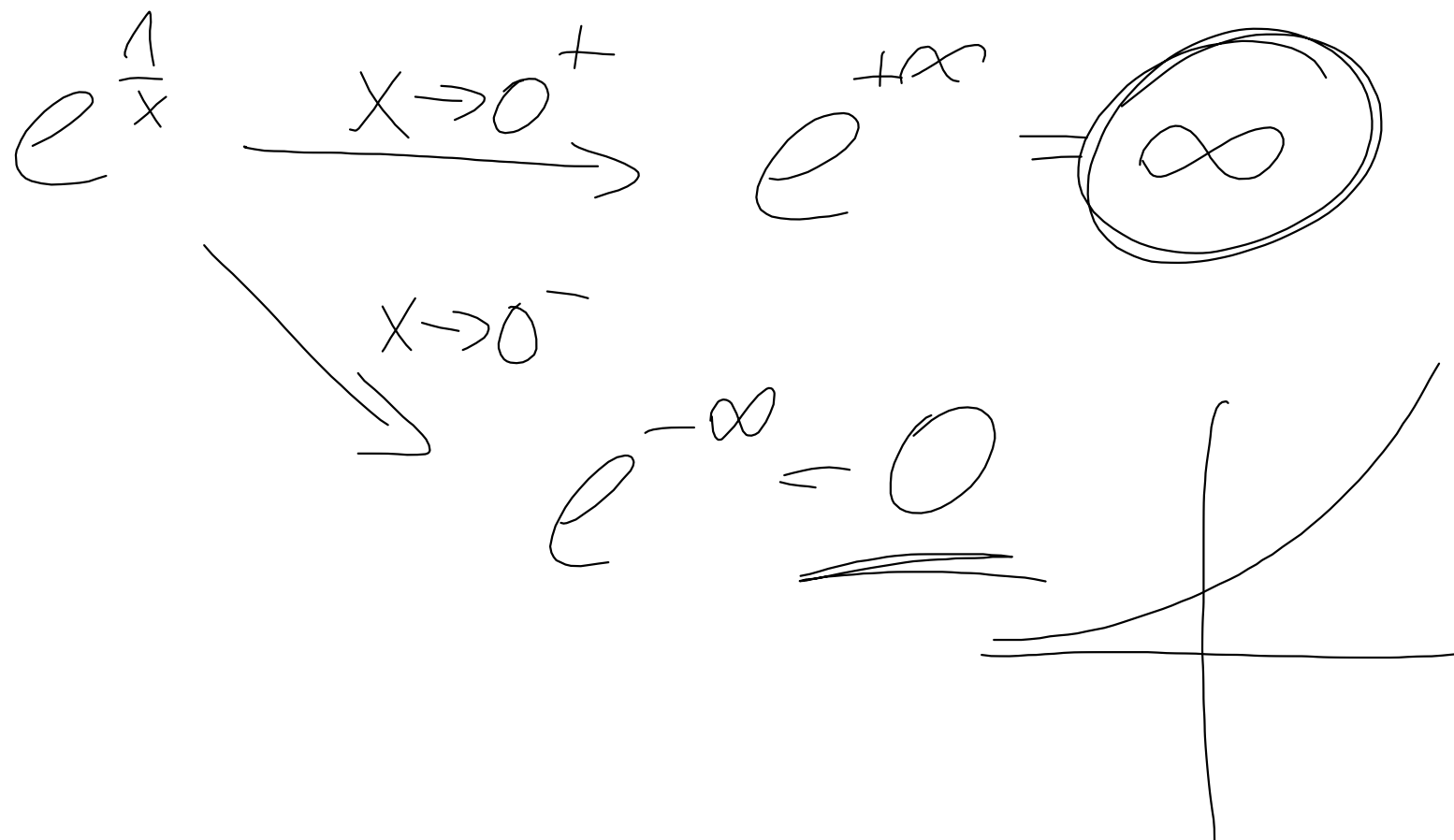


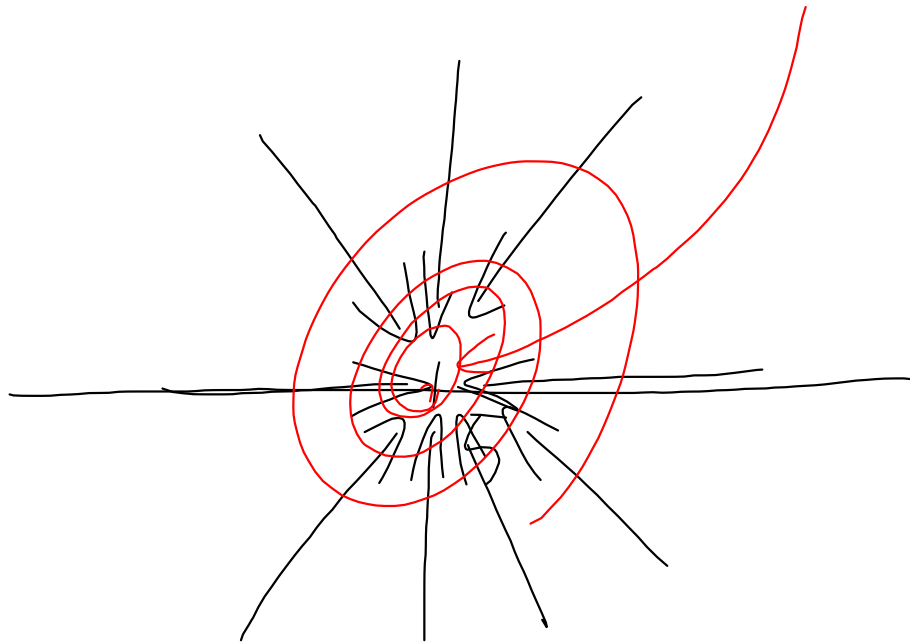
$$\arcsin \frac{1}{x} \xrightarrow{x \rightarrow 0^+} \arcsin(+\infty) = \frac{\pi}{2}$$

$$\searrow_{x \rightarrow 0^-} \arcsin(-\infty) = -\frac{\pi}{2}$$









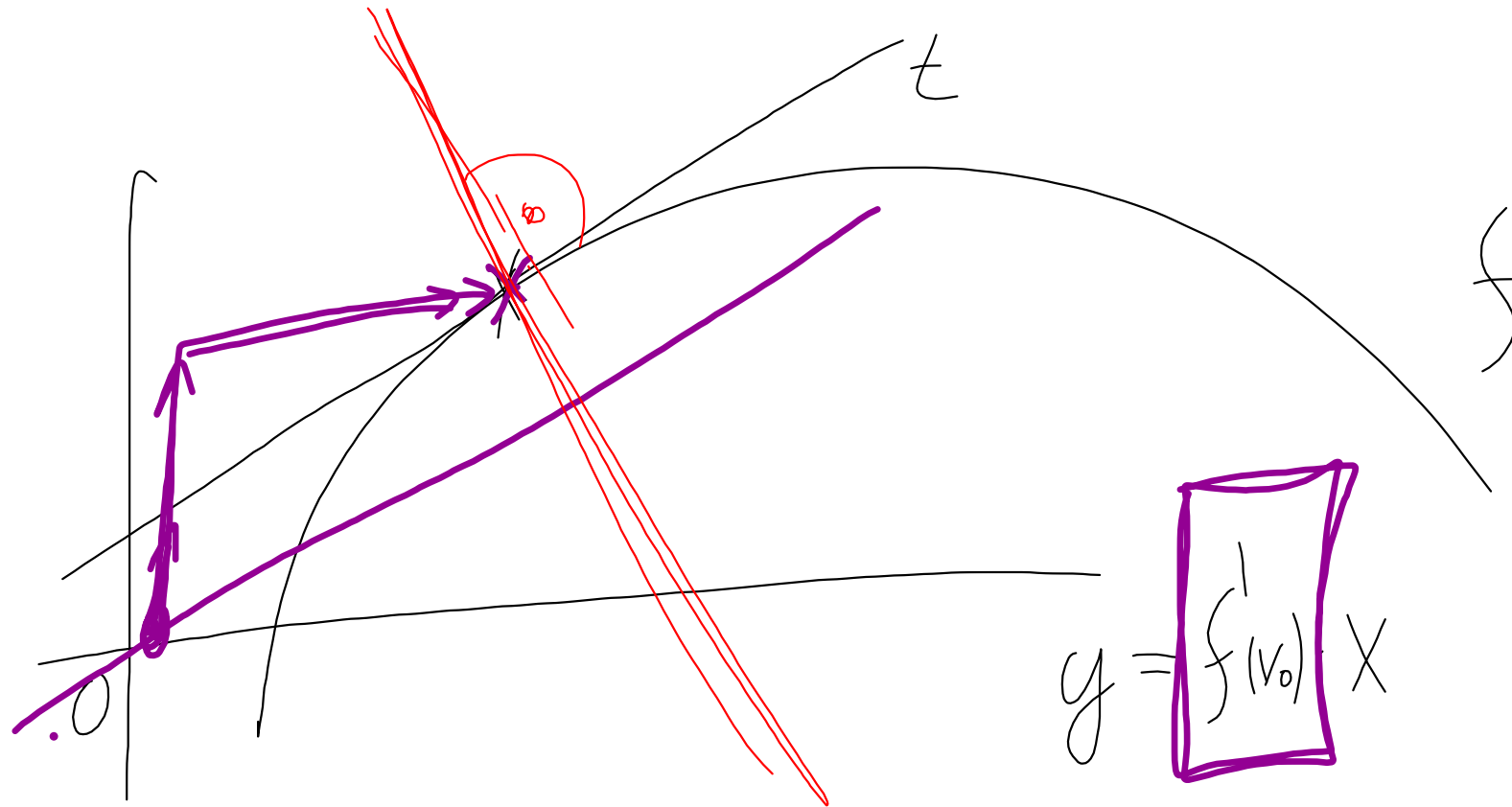
$$f(x, y, R, w) = \frac{x^2 \cdot R^3 \cdot \sin w}{\sqrt{y}}$$

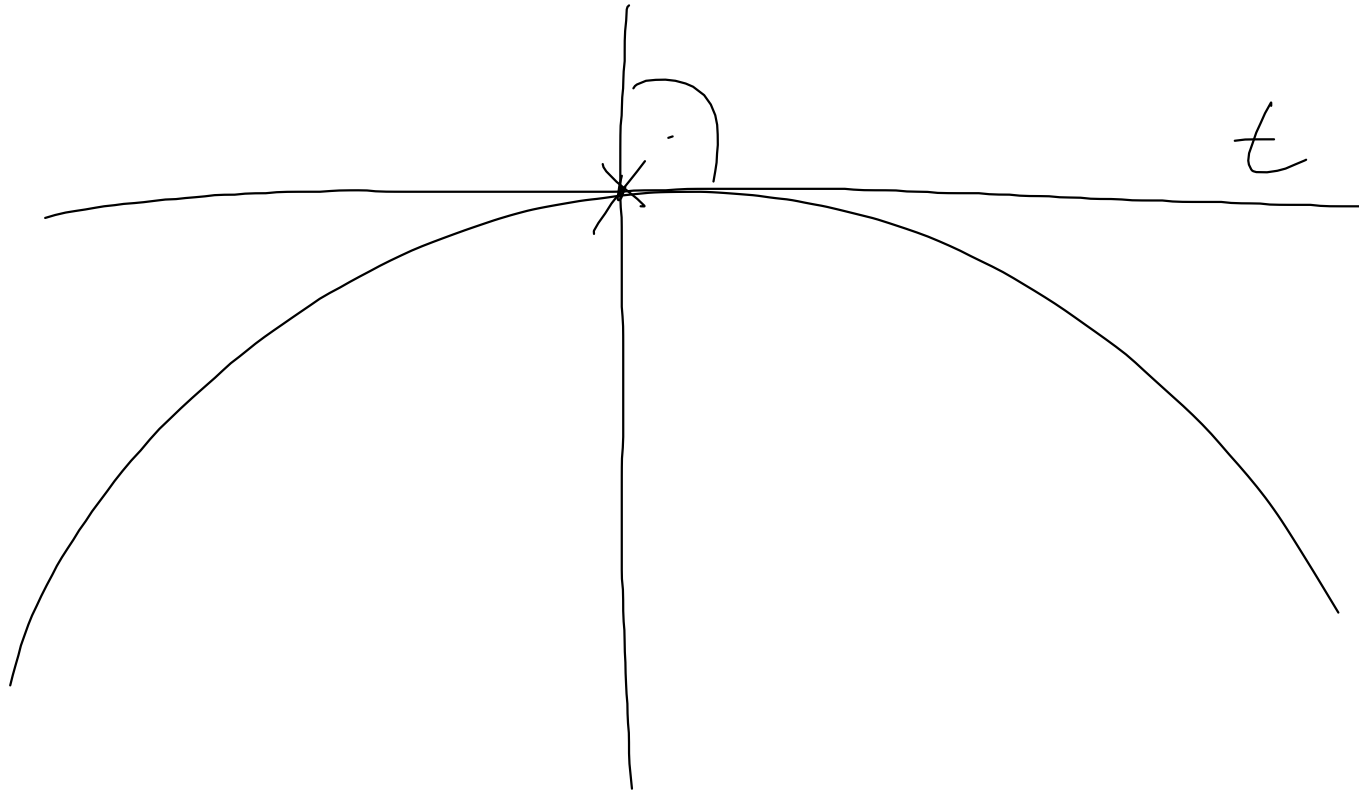
$$= \frac{x^2 \cdot \sin w}{\sqrt{y}} \cdot R^3$$

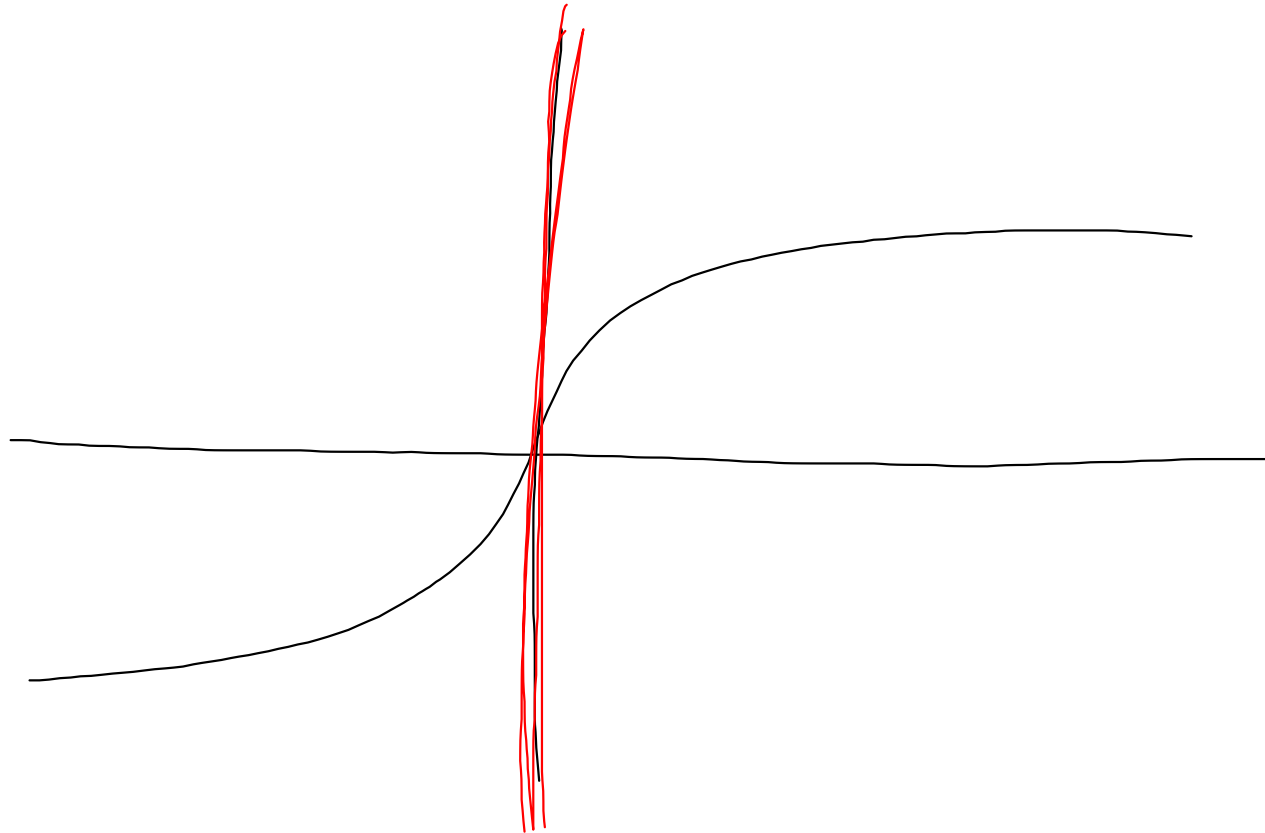
$$\left| \frac{\partial f}{\partial R} = \frac{x^2 \cdot \sin w}{\sqrt{y}} \cdot 3R^2 \right.$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \underbrace{f \cdot g}_{\quad} & \left| \frac{f(x) - f(x_0)}{x - x_0} \cdot \frac{g(x) - g(x_0)}{x - x_0} = \right. \\
 & = \frac{f(x) \cdot g(x) - f(x) \cdot g(x_0) - f(x_0) \cdot g(x) + f(x_0) \cdot g(x_0)}{(x - x_0)^2}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow x_0} \frac{f(x) \cdot g(x) - f(x_0) \cdot g(x_0)}{x - x_0} = \left(f \cdot g \right)'(x_0)$$







$$(f \cdot g)' = f' \cdot g + f \cdot g'$$