

# GB471

# Stabilita a dynamika přírodních systémů

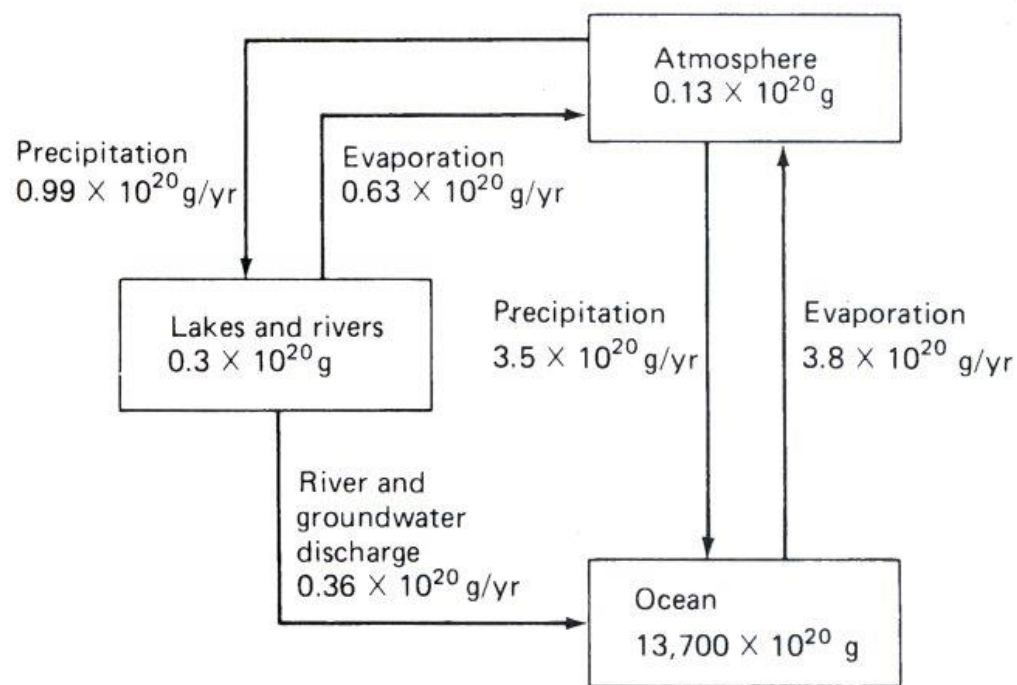
Josef Zeman

2020

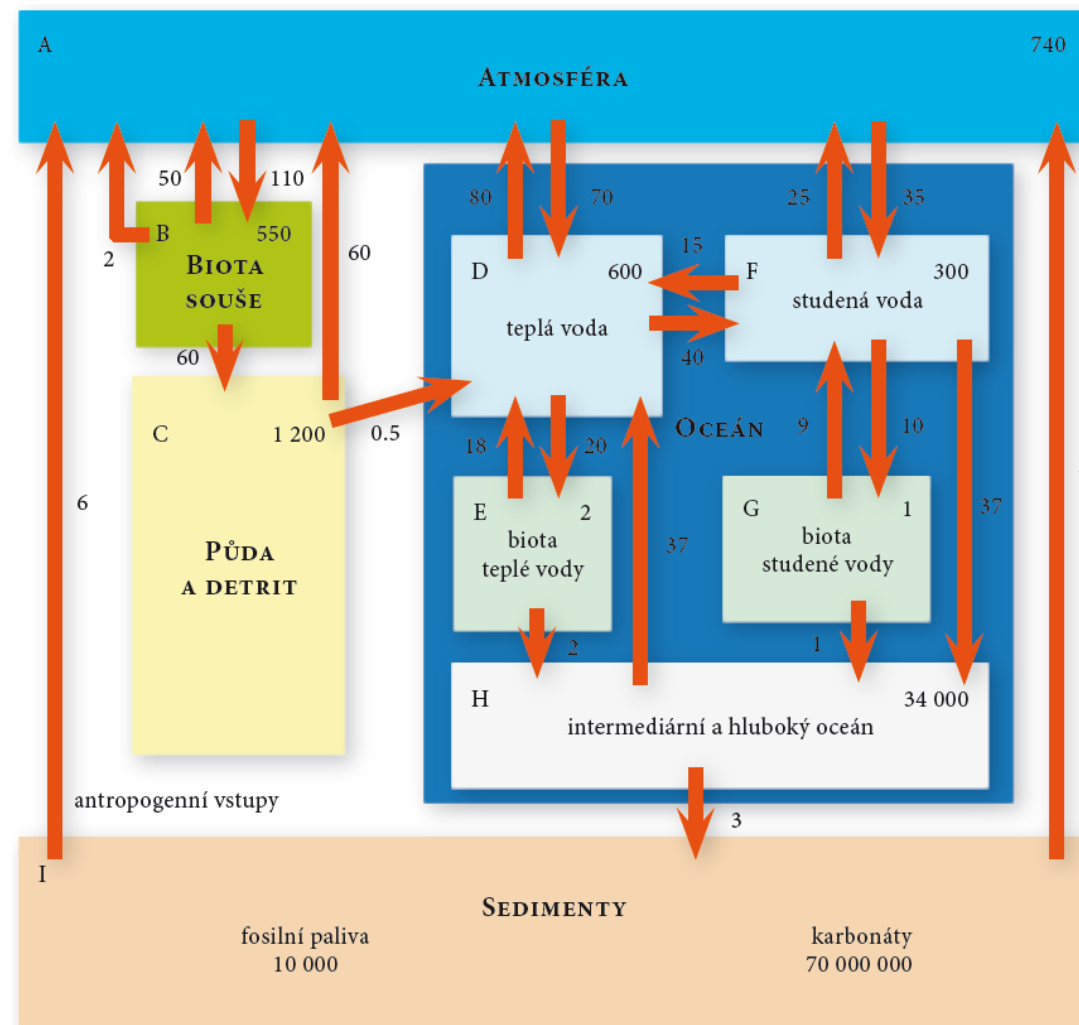
## 3 Dynamika

# Koncepce rezervoárů

## Zemský systém

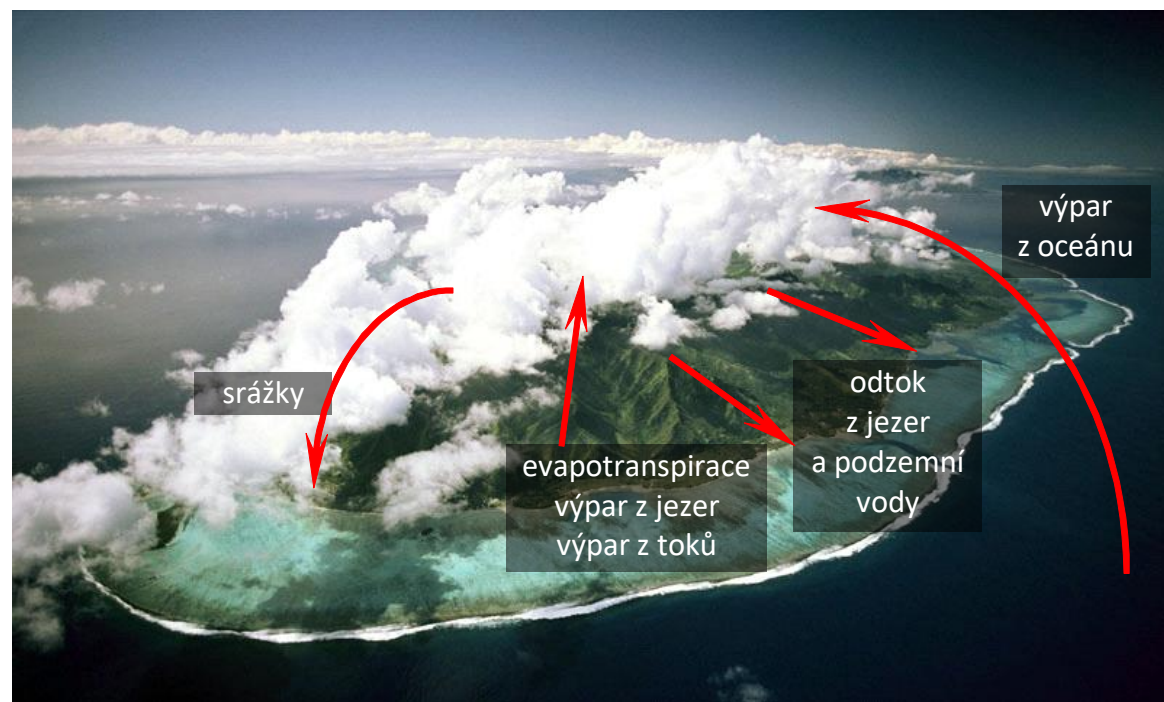


## Hydrogeologický systém

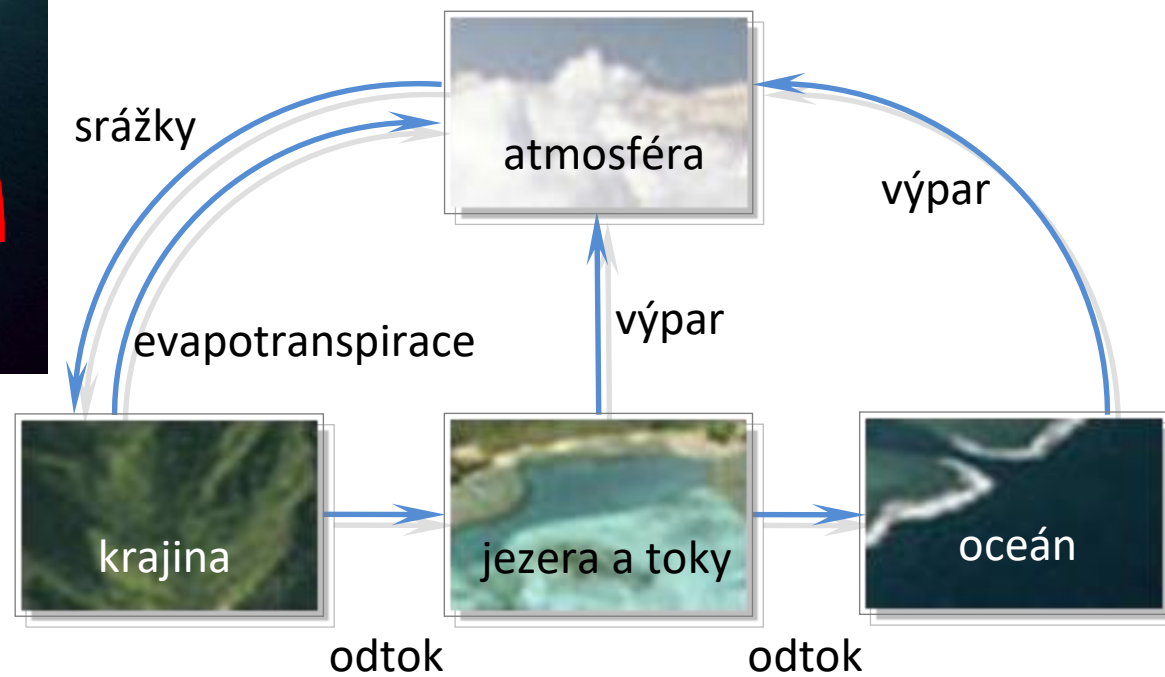


# Koncepce rezervoárů

Reálný systém

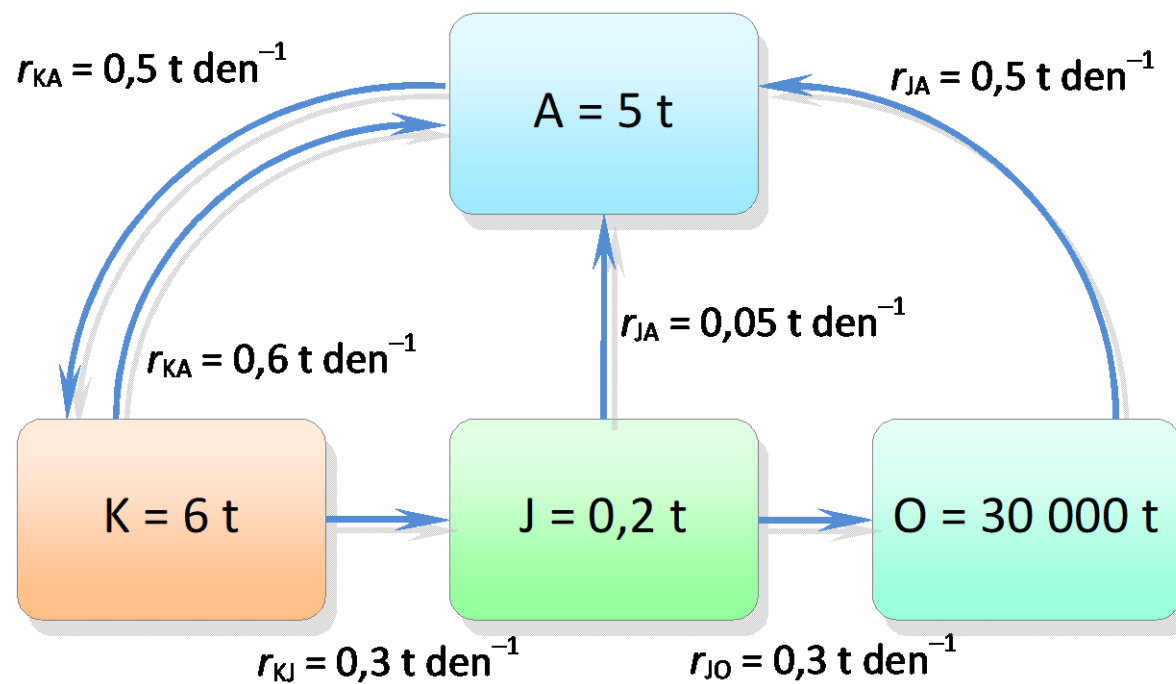
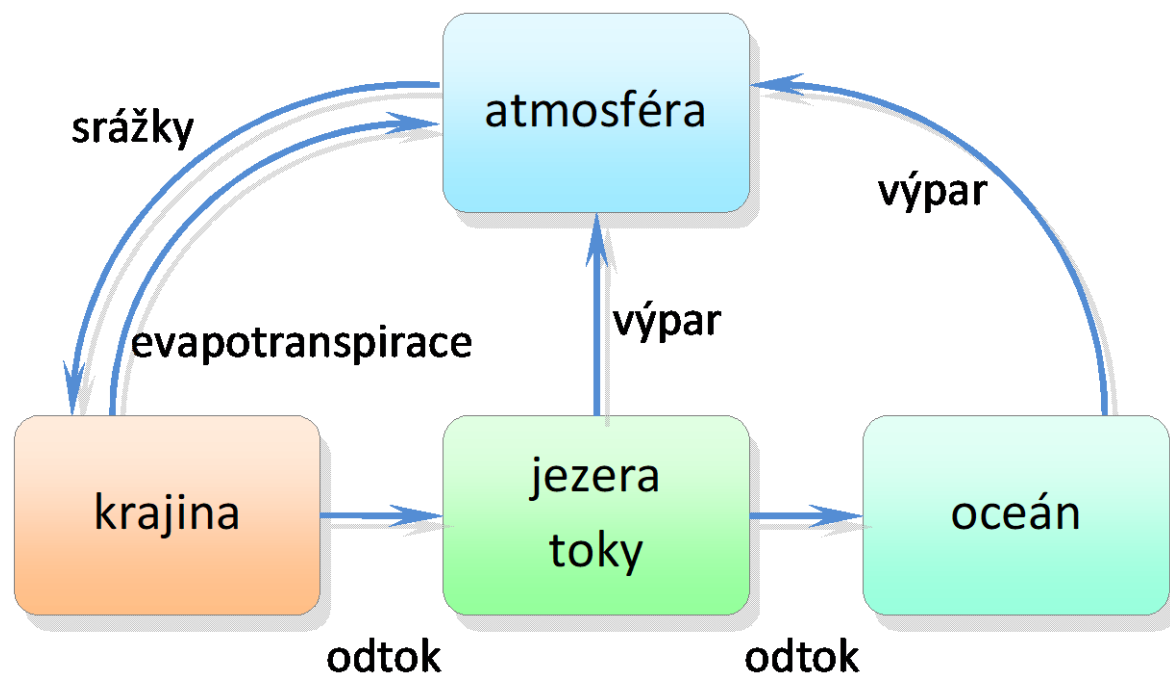


Rezervoárový model



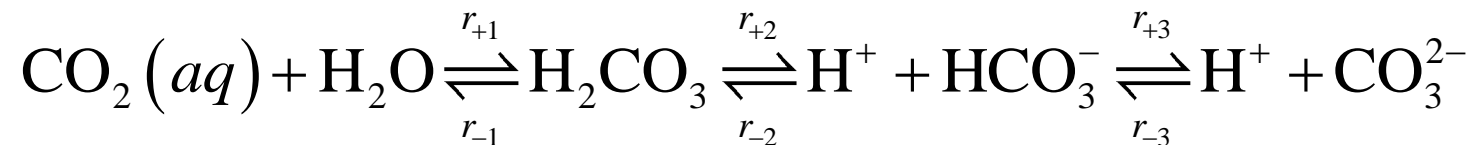
# Koncepce rezervoárů

Rezervoárový model



# Koncepce rezervoárů

Hranice – fyzická, ale také pouze virtuální



rychlost

$$r_Y = kX$$

$$r_{j0} = k_{j0} m_j$$

toky lineární

$$r_{+1} = k_{+1} a_{\text{CO}_2(aq)} a_{\text{H}_2\text{O}}$$

toky nelineární

$$r_Y = kX^2$$

výsledný tok

$$r_{\text{výsledný}} = \sum_i r_i - \sum_j r_j$$

časová změna  
obsahu rezervoáru

$$\frac{dm_C}{dt} = \sum_i r_i - \sum_j r_j$$

# Jednerezervoárový systém

Časový vývoj X

$$r_{vstup} = A$$

$$\int_{X_0}^X \frac{dX}{A - kX} = \int_0^t dt$$

$$r_{výstup} = kX$$

$$\ln(A - kX) - \ln(A - kX_0) = -k(t - 0)$$

$$r_{výsledný} = r_{vstup} - r_{výstup}$$

$$\ln \frac{A - kX}{A - kX_0} = -kt$$

$$\frac{dX}{dt} = r_{vstup} - r_{výstup}$$

$$\frac{A - kX}{A - kX_0} = e^{-kt}$$

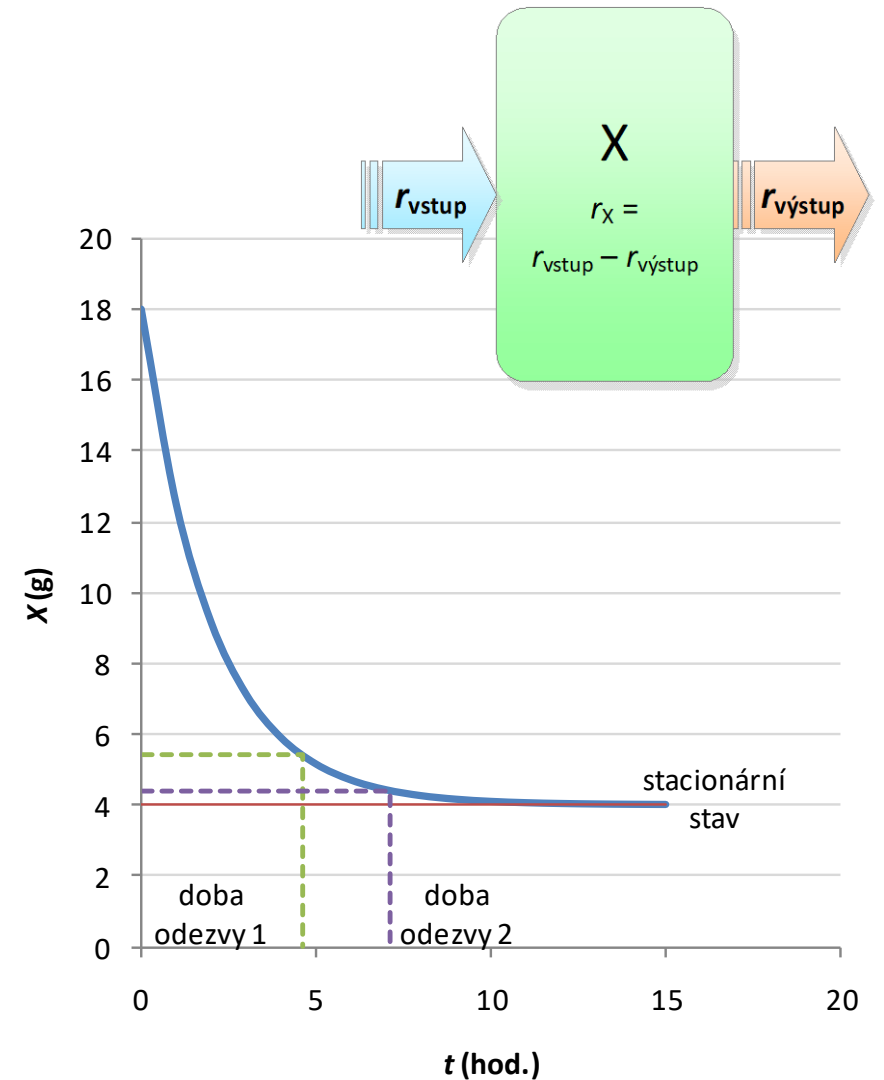
$$\frac{dX}{dt} = A - kX$$

$$A - kX = (A - kX_0)e^{-kt}$$

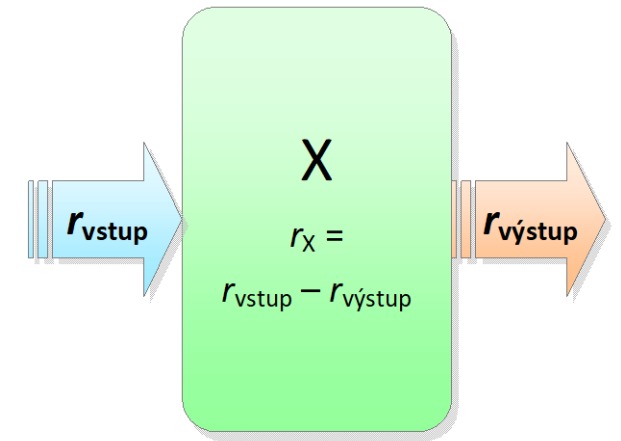
$$\frac{dX}{A - kX} = dt$$

$$-kX = (A - kX_0)e^{-kt} - A$$

$$X = \frac{A}{k} + \left( X_0 - \frac{A}{k} \right) e^{-kt}$$



# Jednerezervoárový systém



Stacionární stav

$$r_{vstup} = r_{vystup}$$

$$r_{vystup} = \frac{dX}{dt} = A - kX_S = 0$$

$$X_S = \frac{A}{k}$$

$$X = \frac{A}{k} + \left( X_0 - \frac{A}{k} \right) e^{-kt}$$

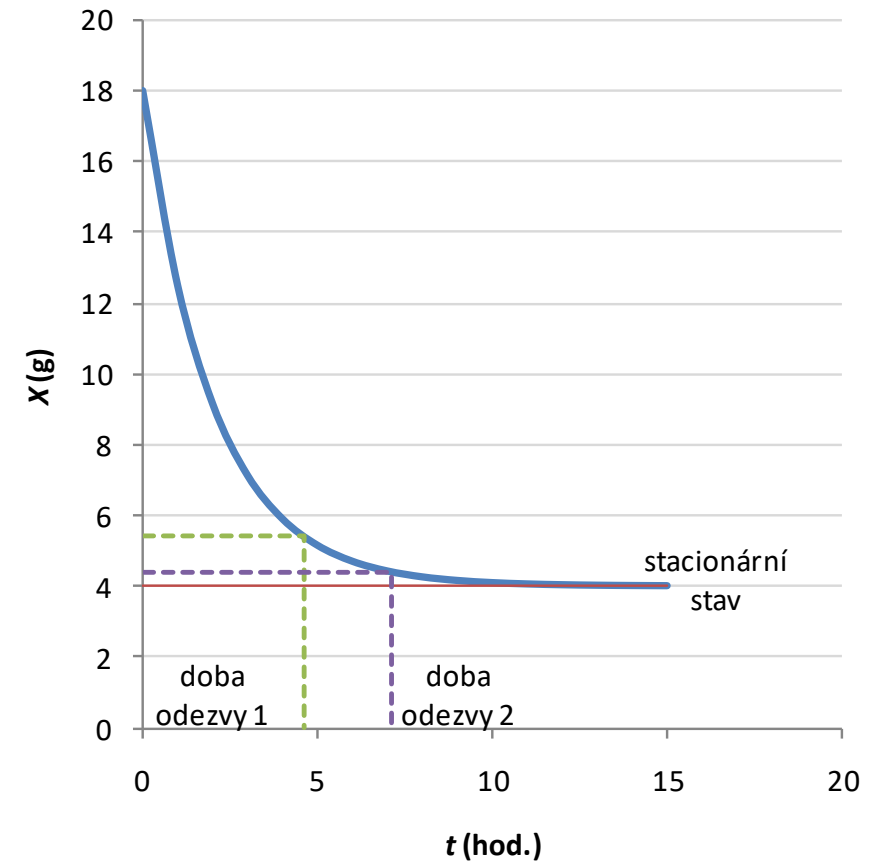
$$X = X_S + (X_0 - X_S) e^{-kt}$$

Doba zdržení

$$t_{zdrzeni} = \frac{X_S}{r_{vstup}} = \frac{X_S}{r_{vystup}}$$

$$t_{zdrzeni} = \frac{X_S}{A} = \frac{\frac{A}{k}}{A} = \frac{1}{k}$$

$$t_{zdrzeni} = \frac{X_S}{kX_S} = \frac{1}{k}$$



# Jednerezervoárový systém

Doba odezvy (response time)

absolutní

relativní

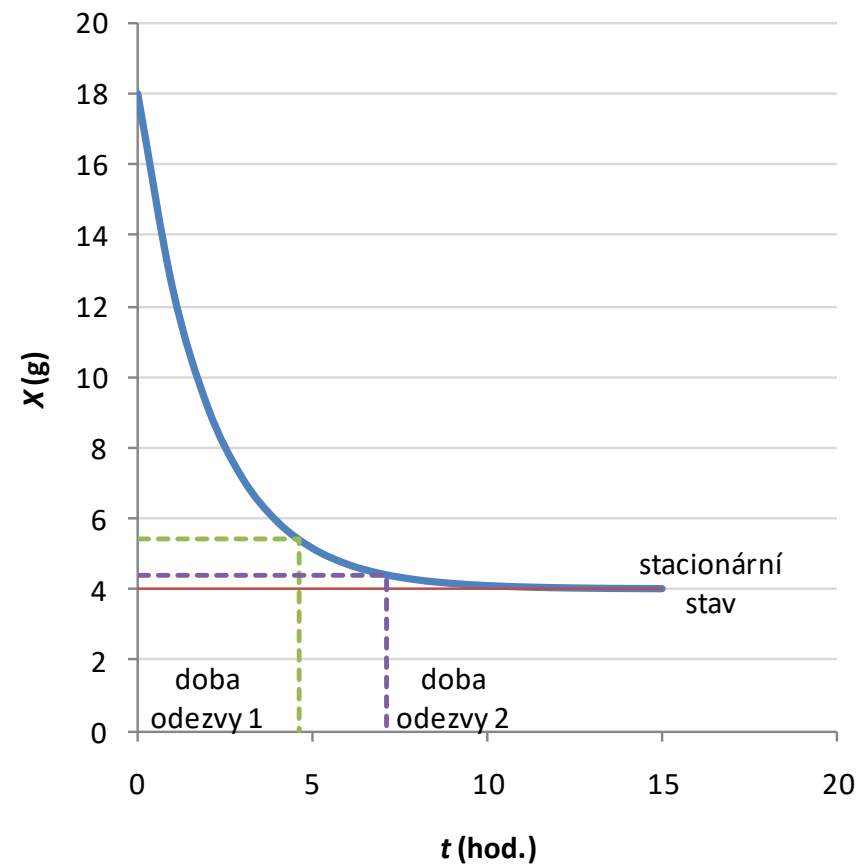
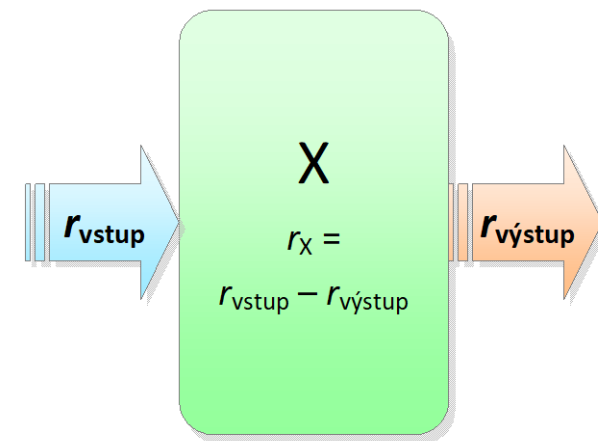
$$X = \frac{A}{k} + \left( X_0 - \frac{A}{k} \right) e^{-kt}$$

$$\left( X_0 - \frac{A}{k} \right) e^{-kt} = (X_0 - X_s) e^{-kt}$$

$$e^{-kt_{odezvy}} = 0,1$$

$$-kt_{odezvy} = \ln 0,1$$

$$t_{odezvy} = -\frac{\ln 0,1}{k} = \frac{2,303}{k}$$





# Jednerezervoárový systém

Doba odezvy (response time)

relativní

$$X = \frac{A}{k} + \left( X_0 - \frac{A}{k} \right) e^{-kt}$$

$$\Delta X_{rel} = \frac{\text{velikost odchylky}}{\text{stacionární stav}} = \frac{(X_0 - X_s) e^{-kt}}{X_s} = \left( \frac{X_0}{X_s} - 1 \right) e^{-kt}$$

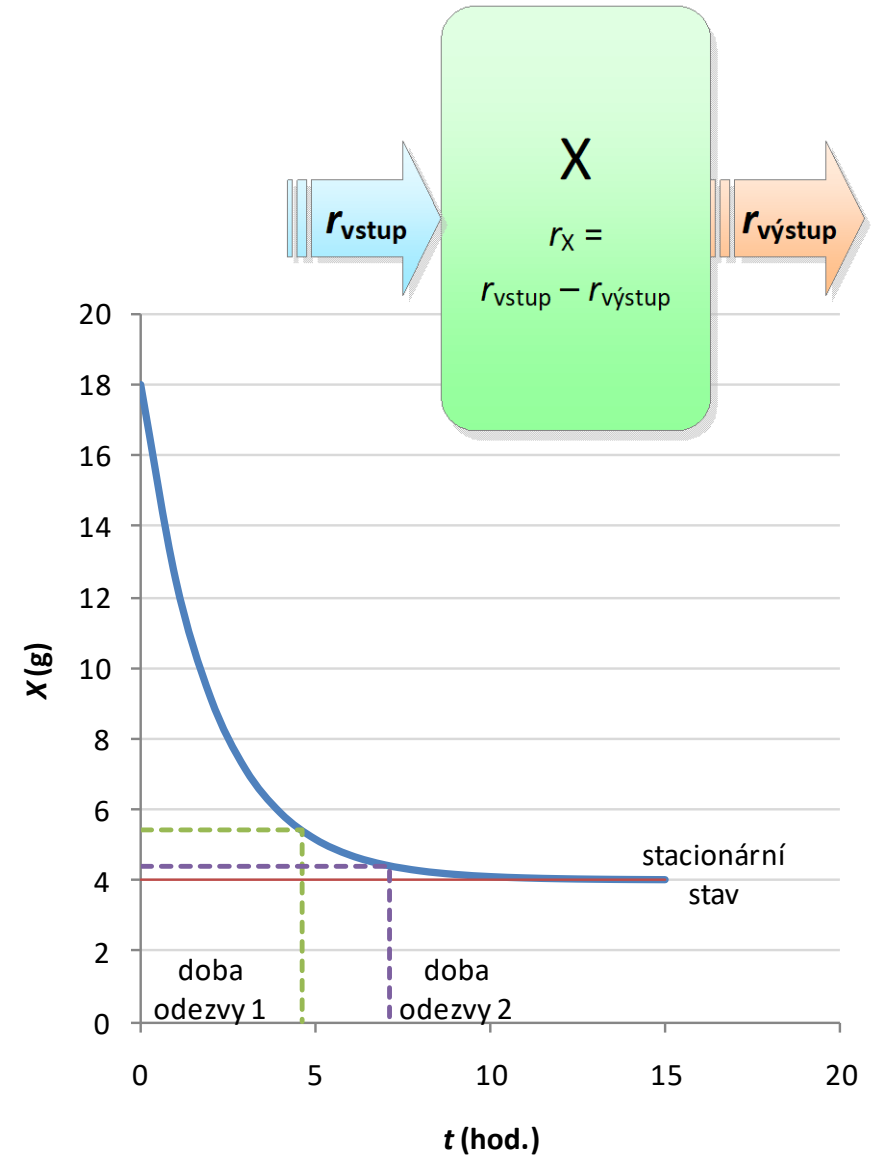
$$0,1 = \left( \frac{X_0}{X_s} - 1 \right) e^{-kt_{odezvy}}$$

$$\frac{0,1X_s}{X_0 - X_s} = e^{-kt_{odezvy}}$$

$$0,1 = \left( \frac{X_0 - X_s}{X_s} \right) e^{-kt_{odezvy}}$$

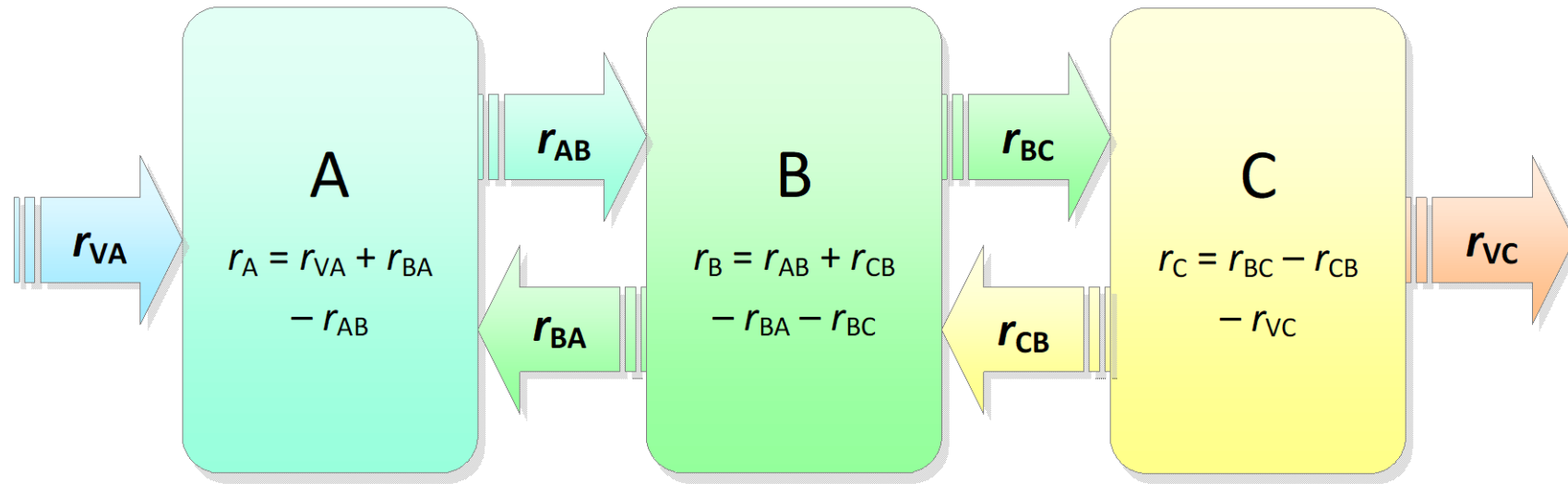
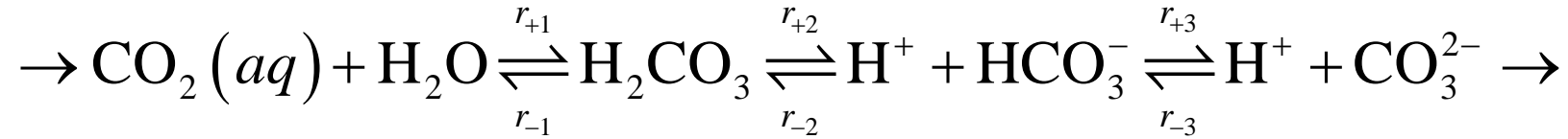
$$\ln \frac{0,1X_s}{X_0 - X_s} = -kt_{odezvy}$$

$$t_{odezvy} = \frac{1}{k} \ln \frac{X_0 - X_s}{0,1X_s}$$



# Třírezervoárový SYSTÉM

Vývoj koncentrací (obsahů)



$$r_{VA} = A$$

$$r_{BA} = k_{BA} m_B$$

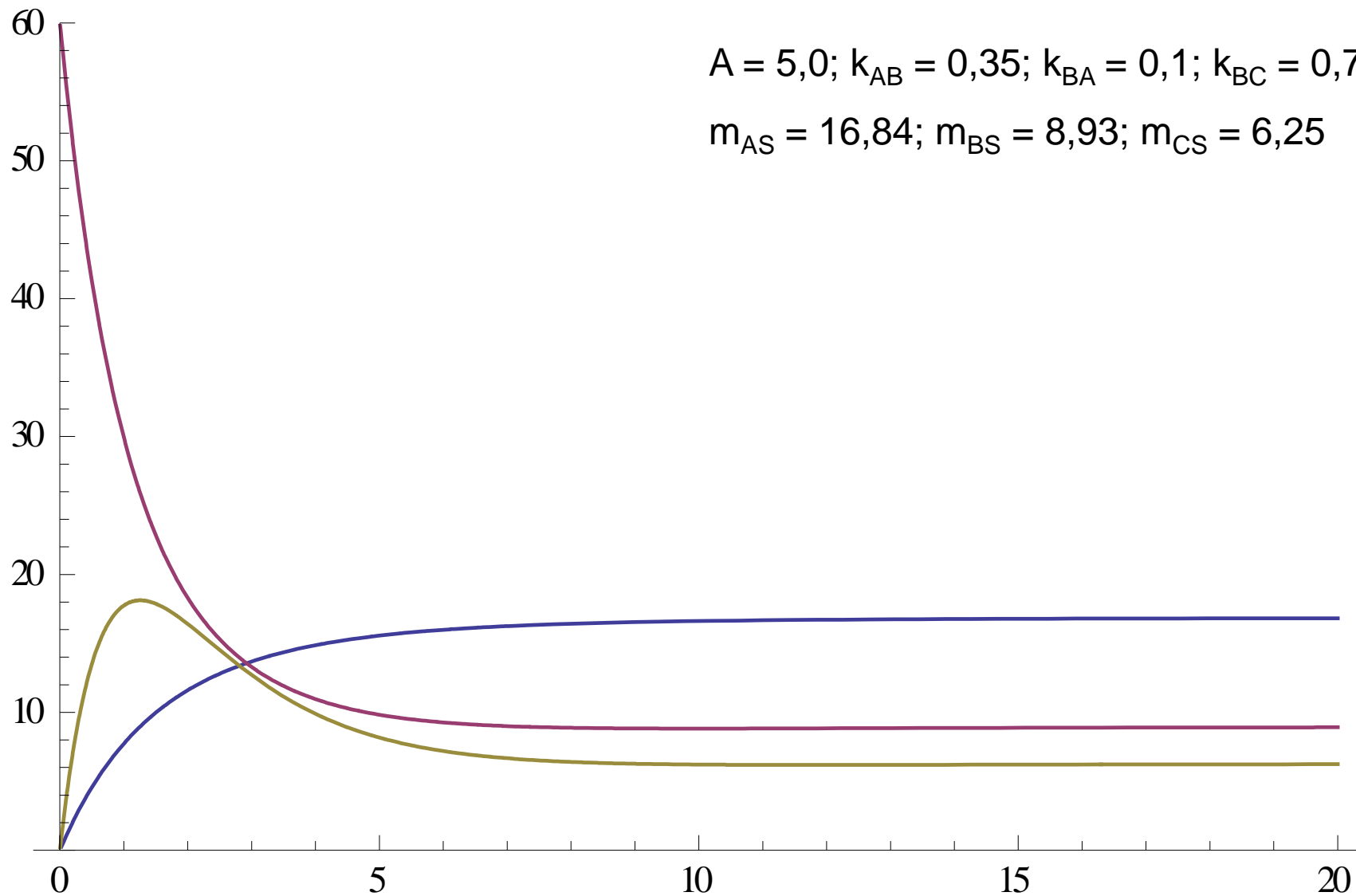
$$r_{CB} = k_{CB} m_C$$

$$r_{AB} = k_{AB} m_A$$

$$r_{BC} = k_{BC} m_B$$

$$r_{VC} = k_{VC} m_C$$

# Třírezervoárový systém



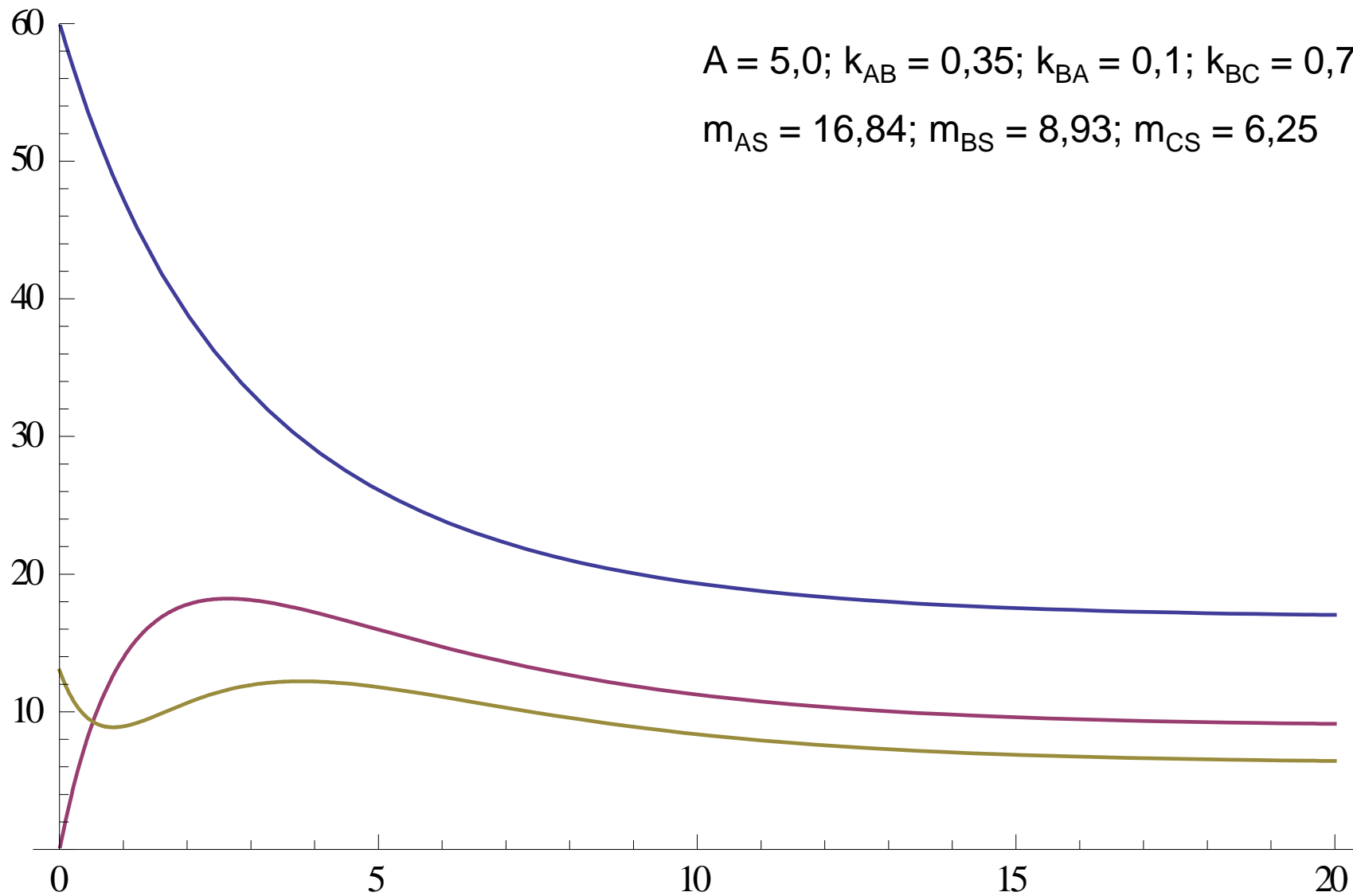
$A = 5,0; k_{AB} = 0,35; k_{BA} = 0,1; k_{BC} = 0,7; k_{CB} = 0,2; k_{VC} = 0,8$

$m_{AS} = 16,84; m_{BS} = 8,93; m_{CS} = 6,25 \quad m_{A0} = 0; m_{B0} = 60; m_{C0} = 0$

# Třírezervoárový systém

$A = 5,0; k_{AB} = 0,35; k_{BA} = 0,1; k_{BC} = 0,7; k_{CB} = 0,2; k_{VC} = 0,8$

$m_{AS} = 16,84; m_{BS} = 8,93; m_{CS} = 6,25 \quad m_{A0} = 0; m_{B0} = 60; m_{C0} = 0$



# Modelový příklad

viz Dynamika cyklu Ostrov