

D.V.1 1) $n=1$; $U_1 \sim N(0,1)$, $f_{U_1^2} = ?$

$$\begin{aligned} n \geq 0: F_{U_1^2}(\mu) &= P(U_1^2 \leq \mu) = P(|U_1| \leq \sqrt{\mu}) = P(-\sqrt{\mu} \leq U_1 \leq \sqrt{\mu}) \\ &= F_{U_1}(\sqrt{\mu}) - F_{U_1}(-\sqrt{\mu}) \end{aligned}$$

$$f_{U_1^2}(\mu) = f_{U_1}(\sqrt{\mu}) \cdot \frac{1}{2} \mu^{-\frac{1}{2}} + f_{U_1}(-\sqrt{\mu}) \cdot \frac{1}{2} \mu^{-\frac{1}{2}} = \frac{1}{2} \mu^{-\frac{1}{2}} (f_{U_1}(\sqrt{\mu}) + f_{U_1}(-\sqrt{\mu}))$$

$$f_{U_1}(\mu) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} e^{-\frac{1}{2}\mu^2}$$

$$\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}\right) = \sqrt{\pi}$$

$$\begin{aligned} f_{U_1^2}(\mu) &= \frac{1}{2} \mu^{-\frac{1}{2}} \left[\frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} e^{-\frac{1}{2}\mu} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} e^{-\frac{1}{2}\mu} \right] = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} \mu^{-\frac{1}{2}} e^{-\frac{1}{2}\mu} \\ &= \frac{1}{2^{\frac{1}{2}} \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)} \mu^{\frac{1}{2}-1} e^{-\frac{1}{2}\mu} \sim \chi^2(1) \end{aligned}$$

2) Předp. 1. je V. platí pro $n \geq 1$ a dokážeme pro $n+1$. $U_1, \dots, U_{n+1} \sim N(0,1)$, nezávisle,

$$f_{U_1^2 + \dots + U_n^2 + U_{n+1}^2}(\mu) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} f_{U_1^2 + \dots + U_n^2}(\mu - x) \cdot f_{U_{n+1}^2}(x) dx$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 x &\geq 0 \\
 \mu - x &\geq 0 \\
 \mu &\geq x
 \end{aligned}$$

$$= \int_0^{\mu} \frac{1}{2^{\frac{n}{2}} \Gamma(\frac{n}{2})} (\mu - x)^{\frac{n}{2} - 1} e^{-\frac{1}{2}(\mu - x)} \cdot \frac{1}{2^{\frac{1}{2}} \Gamma(\frac{1}{2})} x^{\frac{1}{2} - 1} e^{-\frac{1}{2}x} dx$$

$$= \int_0^{\mu} \frac{1}{2^{\frac{n+1}{2}} \Gamma(\frac{n}{2}) \Gamma(\frac{1}{2})} e^{-\frac{1}{2}\mu} (\mu - x)^{\frac{n}{2} - 1} x^{-\frac{1}{2}} dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{2^{\frac{n+1}{2}} \Gamma(\frac{n}{2}) \Gamma(\frac{1}{2})} e^{-\frac{1}{2}\mu} \int_0^{\mu} \mu^{\frac{n}{2} - 1} \left(1 - \frac{x}{\mu}\right)^{\frac{n}{2} - 1} \left(\frac{x}{\mu}\right)^{-\frac{1}{2}} dx$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 t &= \frac{x}{\mu} \\
 dt &= \frac{1}{\mu} dx
 \end{aligned}$$

$$= \frac{e^{-\frac{1}{2}\mu} \mu^{\frac{n-1}{2}} \cdot \mu}{2^{\frac{n+1}{2}} \Gamma(\frac{n}{2}) \Gamma(\frac{1}{2})} \int_0^1 (1-t)^{\frac{n}{2} - 1} t^{-\frac{1}{2}} dt$$

$$B(a, b) = \int_0^1 t^{a-1} (1-t)^{b-1} dt$$

$$B(a, b) = \frac{\Gamma(a) \cdot \Gamma(b)}{\Gamma(a+b)}$$

$$B\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{n}{2}\right) = \frac{\Gamma(\frac{1}{2}) \Gamma(\frac{n}{2})}{\Gamma(\frac{n+1}{2})}$$

$$= \frac{1}{2^{\frac{n+1}{2}} \Gamma(\frac{n+1}{2})} \mu^{\frac{n+1}{2} - 1} e^{-\frac{1}{2}\mu} \sim \chi^2(n+1)$$

D.V.S.

$$T = \frac{U}{\sqrt{\frac{k}{2}}} = \frac{\sqrt{2} U}{\sqrt{k}} \quad \text{v.12.10.}$$

$$\Rightarrow f_T(u) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \int_0^{\infty} f_U\left(\frac{ux}{\sqrt{2}}\right) \cdot f_{\sqrt{k}}(x) \cdot x dx$$

$$f_{\sqrt{k}}(x) = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{2^{\frac{\nu}{2}} \Gamma(\frac{\nu}{2})} x^{\frac{\nu}{2}-1} e^{-\frac{1}{2}x} & x \geq 0 \\ 0 & x < 0 \end{cases}$$

$$y \geq 0 \quad F_{\sqrt{k}}(y) = P(\sqrt{k} \leq y) = P(k \leq y^2) = \underbrace{F_k(y^2)}_{F_k(y^2)} = \int_0^{y^2} \frac{1}{2^{\frac{\nu}{2}} \Gamma(\frac{\nu}{2})} x^{\frac{\nu}{2}-1} e^{-\frac{1}{2}x} dx$$

$$x = t^2 \\ dx = 2t dt$$

$$= \int_0^y \frac{1}{2^{\frac{\nu}{2}-1} \Gamma(\frac{\nu}{2})} t^{\nu-2+1} e^{-\frac{1}{2}t^2} dt$$

$$f_T(u) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \int_0^{\infty} \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}t} e^{-\frac{1}{2} \frac{u^2 x^2}{2}} \cdot \frac{1}{2^{\frac{\nu}{2}-1} \Gamma(\frac{\nu}{2})} x^{\nu} e^{-\frac{1}{2}x^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{\sqrt{2} \nu \Gamma(\frac{\nu}{2}) 2^{\frac{\nu-1}{2}}} \int_0^{\infty} e^{-\frac{x^2}{2} (\frac{u^2}{2} + 1)} x^{\nu} dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{\sqrt{\pi} \gamma} \frac{\Gamma(\frac{\gamma}{2}) 2^{\frac{\gamma-1}{2}}}{\int_0^{\infty} e^{-\frac{x^2}{2} (\frac{\mu^2}{\gamma} + 1)} x^{\gamma} dx} x^{\nu} dx$$

$$t = \frac{x^2}{2} \left(\frac{\mu^2}{\gamma} + 1 \right)$$

$$dt = x dx \left(\frac{\mu^2}{\gamma} + 1 \right)$$

$$x = \frac{(2t)^{\frac{1}{2}}}{\left(\frac{\mu^2}{\gamma} + 1 \right)^{\frac{1}{2}}}$$

$$\frac{2^{\frac{\gamma-1}{2}}}{\Gamma(\frac{\gamma}{2}) \Gamma(\frac{\gamma}{2}) \sqrt{2} 2^{\frac{\gamma-1}{2}} \left(\frac{\mu^2}{\gamma} + 1 \right)^{\frac{\gamma-1}{2}} + 1} \int_0^{\infty} e^{-t} t^{\frac{\gamma+1}{2} - 1} dt \underbrace{\Gamma\left(\frac{\gamma+1}{2}\right)}$$

$$= \frac{\Gamma\left(\frac{\gamma+1}{2}\right)}{\Gamma(\frac{\gamma}{2}) \Gamma(\frac{\gamma}{2})} \gamma^{-\frac{1}{2}} \left(\frac{\mu^2}{\gamma} + 1 \right)^{-\frac{\gamma+1}{2}} \sim t^{(\gamma+1)}$$

$$D.V.F. \quad F = \frac{\frac{\nu_1}{\gamma_1} \frac{\nu_2}{\gamma_2}}{\frac{\nu_1}{\gamma_1} \frac{\nu_2}{\gamma_2} + 1} = \frac{\frac{\nu_1}{\gamma_1} \cdot \frac{\nu_2}{\gamma_2}}{\frac{\nu_1}{\gamma_1} \frac{\nu_2}{\gamma_2} + 1} ; f(x_i) = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{2^{\frac{\nu_i}{2}} \Gamma(\frac{\nu_i}{2})} x_i^{\frac{\nu_i}{2} - 1} e^{-\frac{1}{2} x_i} & x_i \geq 0 \\ 0 & x_i < 0 \end{cases}$$

$$f_F(u) = \frac{\nu_1}{\gamma_1} \frac{\nu_2}{\gamma_2} \int_0^{\infty} \int_0^{\infty} f_{\gamma_1} \left(\frac{\mu x \nu_1}{\gamma_1} \right) f_{\gamma_2}(x) x dx$$

$$f_F(n) = \int_0^{\infty} \frac{2^{\frac{2}{\nu_1}} \Gamma(\frac{2}{\nu_1})}{2^{\frac{2}{\nu_1}} \Gamma(\frac{2}{\nu_1})} e^{-\frac{2}{\nu_1} x} \left(\frac{2}{\nu_1} x\right)^{\frac{2}{\nu_1}-1} \frac{1}{2^{\frac{2}{\nu_2}} \Gamma(\frac{2}{\nu_2})} x^{\frac{\nu_2}{2}-1} e^{-\frac{1}{2} x} dx$$

$$= \frac{2^{\frac{2}{\nu_1}} \Gamma(\frac{2}{\nu_1})}{2^{1-\frac{2}{\nu_1}} \nu_1} \int_0^{\infty} x^{\frac{\nu_1+\nu_2}{2}-1} e^{-\frac{1}{2} x \left(\frac{\nu_1 \nu_2}{\nu_2} + 1\right)} dx$$

$$t = \frac{x}{2} \left(\frac{\nu_1 \nu_2}{\nu_2} + 1\right) \Rightarrow x = \frac{2t}{\left(\frac{\nu_1 \nu_2}{\nu_2} + 1\right)}$$

$$dx = \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{\nu_1 \nu_2}{\nu_2} + 1\right) dt$$

$$= \left(\frac{\nu_1}{\nu_2}\right)^{\frac{2}{\nu_1}} \frac{2^{\frac{\nu_1+\nu_2}{2}}}{2^{\frac{2}{\nu_1}} \Gamma(\frac{2}{\nu_1})} \int_0^{\infty} \frac{t^{\frac{\nu_1+\nu_2}{2}-1} e^{-t}}{\left(\frac{2}{\nu_1+\nu_2}\right)^{\frac{\nu_1+\nu_2}{2}} \Gamma(\frac{\nu_1+\nu_2}{2})} dt$$

$$= \frac{\left(\frac{2}{\nu_1}\right)^{\frac{2}{\nu_1}} \Gamma(\frac{2}{\nu_1})}{\left(\frac{2}{\nu_1+\nu_2}\right)^{\frac{\nu_1+\nu_2}{2}} \Gamma(\frac{\nu_1+\nu_2}{2})} \left(1 + \frac{\nu_1}{\nu_2}\right)^{-\frac{\nu_1+\nu_2}{2}} \left(\frac{2}{\nu_1}\right)^{\frac{\nu_1+\nu_2}{2}} \nu_1^{-\frac{\nu_1+\nu_2}{2}}$$