

PRIKLAD 4.1

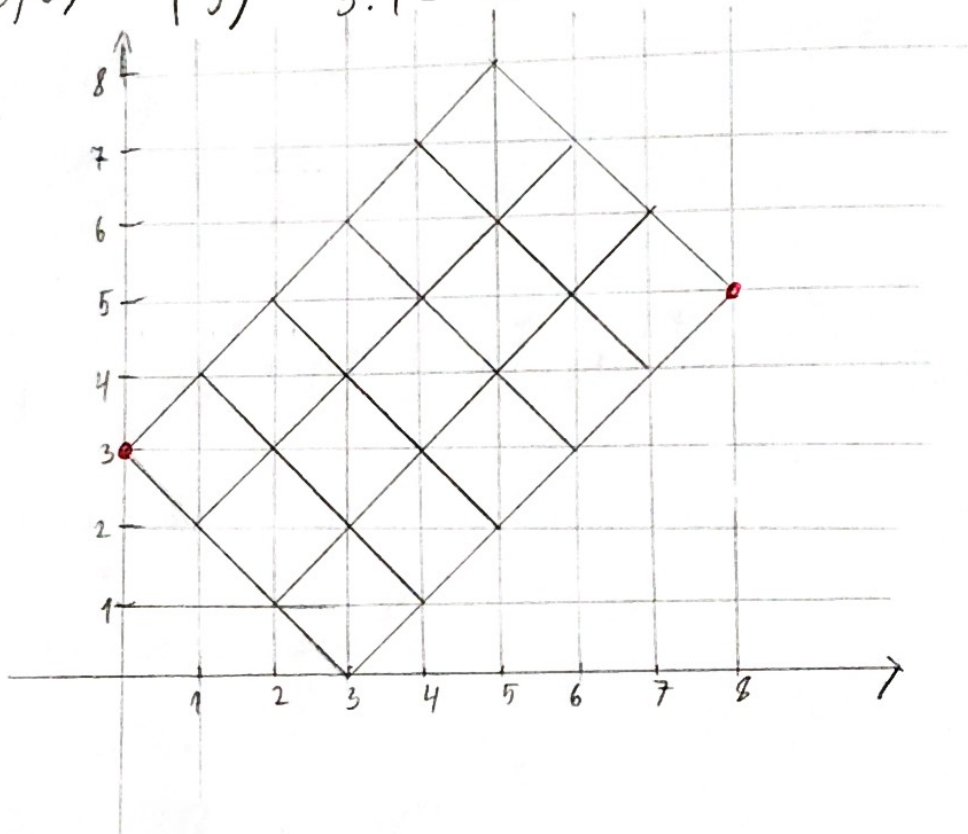
najdište počet ciest n bodov $(100, 3)$ do bodov $(108, 5)$ a
súradnice graficky.

\rightarrow posuneme do počiatku
 $[0, 3]$ a $[8, 5]$
 a n b

$$n = \frac{n+b-a}{2} = \frac{8+5-3}{2} = 5$$

$$b = \frac{n-b+a}{2} = \frac{8-5+3}{2} = 3$$

$$\binom{n}{b} = N_8(3, 5) = \binom{8}{5} = \frac{8!}{5!(8-5)!} = \underline{\underline{56}}$$



PRIKLAD 4.2

najdište počet ciest n bodov $(30, 200)$ do bodov $(36, 202)$.

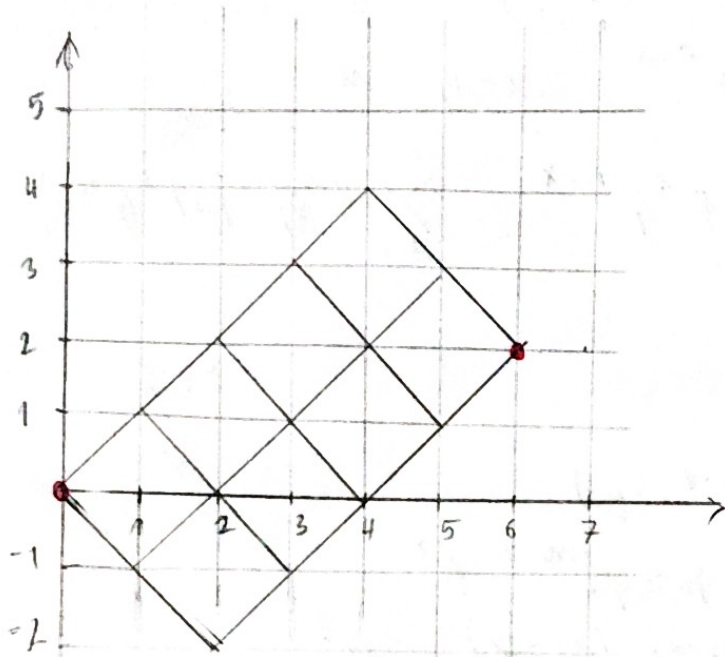
\rightarrow posuneme do počiatku

$$[0, 0] \text{ a } [6, 2]$$

$$n = \frac{n+b-a}{2} = \frac{6+2-0}{2} = 4$$

$$b = \frac{n-b+a}{2} = \frac{6-2+0}{2} = 2$$

$$\binom{n}{b} = \binom{6}{4} = \frac{6!}{4!2!} = 15$$



PRÍKLAD 4.3

Kandidát A získal vo voľbách 52% hlasov, kandidát B 48% hlasov. Vypočítajte pravdepodobnosť, že kandidát A vo voľbách stále víťazí.

kandidát A \rightsquigarrow 52% \rightsquigarrow 0,52

kandidát B \rightsquigarrow 48% \rightsquigarrow 0,48

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} a = 0,52 \\ b = 0,48 \end{array} \right\} \begin{array}{l} n = 1 = a + b \\ n > b \end{array}$$

$x_i = 1$ \rightsquigarrow i -ty hlas pre A

$x_i = -1$ \rightsquigarrow i -ty hlas pre B

n bodov (0,0) do bodov (a+b, a-b)

$$w = \frac{\binom{n-b}{n+b} (0, a-b)}{\binom{n+b}{n+b} (0, a-b)} = \frac{\binom{n-b}{n+b}}{\binom{n+b}{n+b}} = \frac{0,52 - 0,48}{0,52 + 0,48} =$$

$$= 0,04 = \underline{\underline{4\%}}$$

PRÍKLAD 4.4

pomocou generujúcej funkcie nájdite 3. obecný moment náhodnej veličiny s binomickým rozdelením $B(n, \frac{1}{2})$.

$$P(X=x) = \binom{n}{x} p^x q^{n-x} \quad x=0, \dots, n$$

$$\begin{aligned} G_X(s) &= \sum_{x=0}^n s^x \binom{n}{x} p^x q^{n-x} = \sum_{x=0}^n \binom{n}{x} (ps)^x q^{n-x} \\ &= \underline{\underline{(ps+q)^n}} \end{aligned}$$

$$G_X'(s) = n(ps+q)^{n-1} (p)$$

$$G_X''(s) = n \cdot (n-1) (ps+q)^{n-2} p^2$$

$$G_X'''(s) = n(n-1)(n-2) (ps+q)^{n-3} p^3$$

3. obecný moment

$$E[X^3] = E[X(X-1)(X-2) + 3X^2 - 2X]$$

$$= E[X(X-1)(X-2)] + 3E[X^2] - 2EX$$

$$= G_X'''(1) + 3E[X(X-1)+X] - 2G_X'(1)$$

$$= G_X'''(1) + 3G_X''(1) + 3G_X'(1) - 2G_X'(1)$$

$$= G_X'''(1) + 3G_X''(1) + 1G_X'(1)$$

$$= n(n-1)(n-2) (p+q)^{n-3} p^3 + 3 [n(n-1) (p+q)^{n-2} p^2] + n(p+q)^{n-1} (p)$$

na dosadzujeme

$$n = 10$$

$$p = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$q = 1-p = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$= 10 \cdot 9 \cdot 8 \cdot \frac{1}{2}^3 + 3 [10 \cdot 9 \cdot \frac{1}{2}^2] + 10 \cdot \frac{1}{2}$$

$$= \underline{\underline{162,5}}$$

PRÍKLAD 4.5

nech $P(X=3) = \frac{1}{2}$, $P(X=5) = \frac{1}{3}$ a $P(X=1) = \frac{1}{6}$. Pomocou generujúcej funkcie vypočítajte očakávanie a rozptyl X .

$$E_X(s) = \frac{1}{2}s^3 + \frac{1}{3}s^5 + \frac{1}{6}s$$

$$E_X(s) = \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} P(X=k) \cdot s^k$$

$$E_X'(s) = \frac{3}{2}s^2 + \frac{5}{3}s^4 + \frac{1}{6} \quad \text{nebo} \quad E_X'(1) = \underline{\underline{EX}} = \frac{9+10+1}{6} = \underline{\underline{\frac{10}{3}}}$$

$$E_X''(s) = \frac{6}{2}s + \frac{20}{3}s^3$$

$$\underline{\underline{\text{Var}(X)}} = E_X''(1) + E_X'(1) - (E_X'(1))^2 = \frac{6}{2} + \frac{20}{3} + \frac{10}{3} - \frac{100}{9} = \frac{39}{3} - \frac{100}{9} = \underline{\underline{\frac{14}{9}}}$$

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