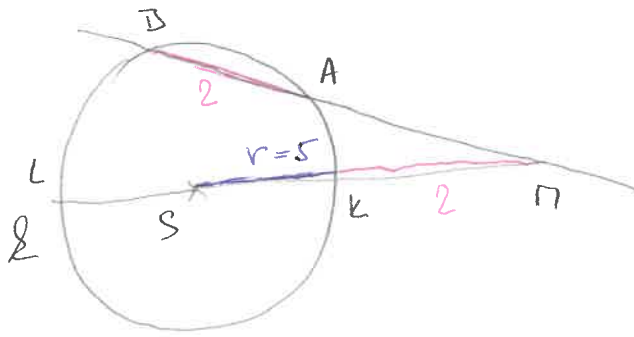


1)



$$|MB| = |MA| + 2$$

$$m_M(l) = |MA| \cdot |MB| = |MA| \cdot |MA| + 2|MA|$$

$$|MA| \cdot (|MA| + 2) = 2 \cdot 12$$

$$|MA|^2 + 2|MA| - 24 = 0$$

$$(|MA| + 6)(|MA| - 4) = 0$$

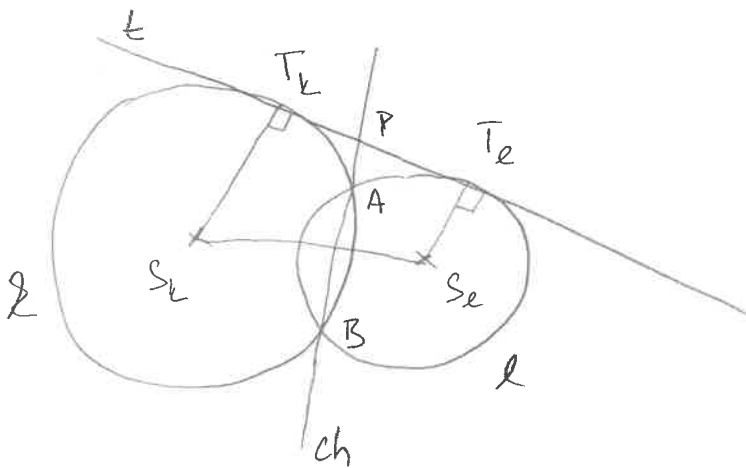
$$|MA| = -6$$

nelze

$$|MA| = 4 \Rightarrow$$

$$|MB| = 6 \text{ cm}$$

2)



Označme $P \in l \cap AB$.

Chceme dokázat, že $|PT_l| = |PT_e|$

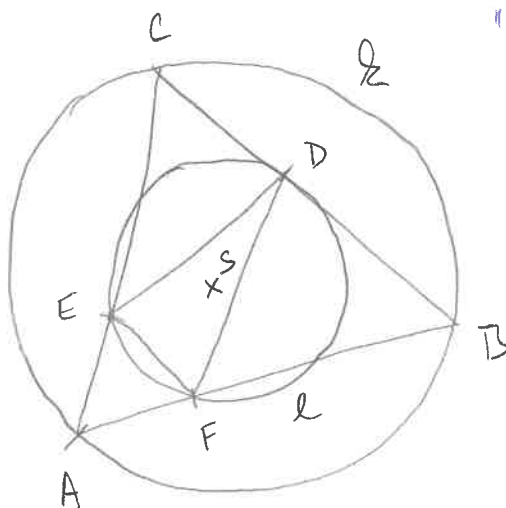
$$m_P(l) = |PA| \cdot |PB| = |PT_l|^2$$

$$m_P(l) = |PA| \cdot |PB| = |PT_e|^2$$

$$\Rightarrow |PT_l|^2 = |PT_e|^2 \Leftrightarrow |PT_l| = |PT_e|$$

3)

$\mathcal{K}(S; r)$...
kruž. opsaná
 ΔABC



$$\Rightarrow \text{Nechť } |DB| \cdot |DC| = |EC| \cdot |EA| =$$

$$= |FA| \cdot |FB| = m$$

$$m_D(l) = -|DB| \cdot |DC| = -(|DS| + r) \cdot (r - |DS|)$$

$$(r - |DS|) \Rightarrow |DB| \cdot |DC| = r^2 - |DS|^2$$

$$\Rightarrow |DS| = \sqrt{r^2 - m} \quad (1)$$

$$m_E(l) = -|EC| \cdot |EA| = -(|ES| + r) \cdot (r - |ES|)$$

$$(r - |ES|) \Rightarrow |EC| \cdot |EA| = r^2 - |ES|^2$$

$$\Rightarrow |ES| = \sqrt{r^2 - m} \quad (2)$$

$$m_F(l) = -|FA| \cdot |FB| = -(|FS| + r) \cdot (r - |FS|)$$

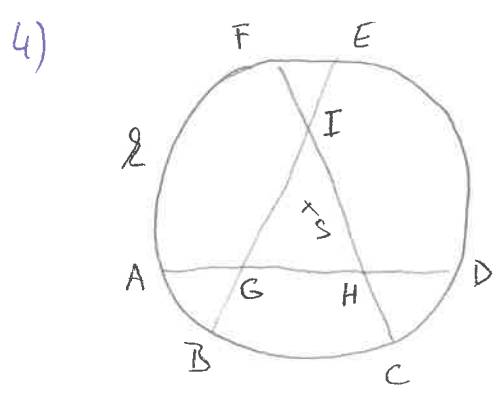
$$\Rightarrow |FA| \cdot |FB| = r^2 - |FS|^2 \Rightarrow |FS| = \sqrt{r^2 - m} \quad (3)$$

$\Rightarrow |DS| = |ES| = |FS| \Rightarrow S$ je střed kružnice opsané také ΔDEF .

" \Leftarrow " Necht $|DS| = |ES| = |FS| = \Delta \Rightarrow$

$$\left. \begin{aligned} (1): |BD| \cdot |DC| &= r^2 - \Delta^2 \\ (2): |EC| \cdot |EA| &= r^2 - \Delta^2 \\ (3): |FA| \cdot |FB| &= r^2 - \Delta^2 \end{aligned} \right\} \Rightarrow$$

$\Rightarrow |BD| \cdot |DC| = |EC| \cdot |EA| = |FA| \cdot |FB|$



$$m_G(l) = -|AG| \cdot |DG| = -|BC| \cdot |GE| =$$

$$\Rightarrow |AG| \cdot 2 \cdot |AG| = |BG| \cdot 2 \cdot |BG| \Rightarrow |AG| = |BG|$$

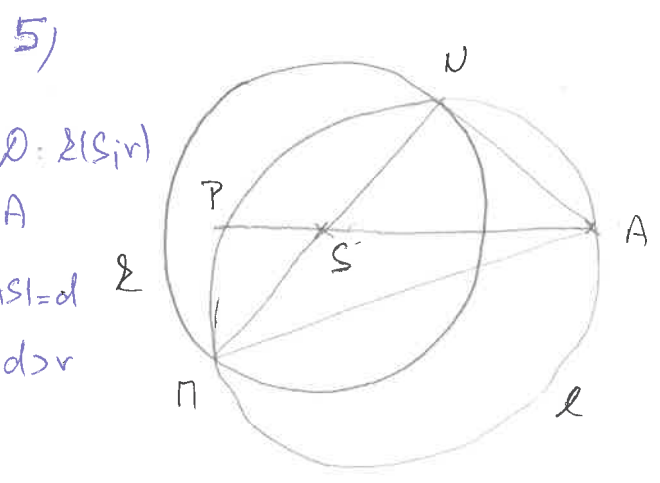
$$m_H(l) = -|CH| \cdot |HF| = -|DH| \cdot |AH| \Rightarrow |AD| = |BE|$$

$$\Rightarrow |CH| \cdot 2 \cdot |CH| = |DH| \cdot 2 \cdot |DH| \Rightarrow |CH| = |DH|$$

$$\Rightarrow |AD| = |CF|$$

Necht $|AG| = |GH| = |HD| \Rightarrow |DG| = 2|AG|, |AD| = 3|AG|, |AH| = 2|DH|,$
 $|BG| = |GI| = |IE| \Rightarrow |EG| = 2|BG|, |BE| = 3|BG|, |AD| = 3|DH|$
 $|CH| = |HI| = |IF| \Rightarrow |FH| = 2|CH|, |CF| = 3|CH|$

$\Rightarrow |AD| = |BE| = |CF|$



$\mathcal{O}: \mathcal{S}(S, r)$
 A
 $|AS| = d$
 $d > r$

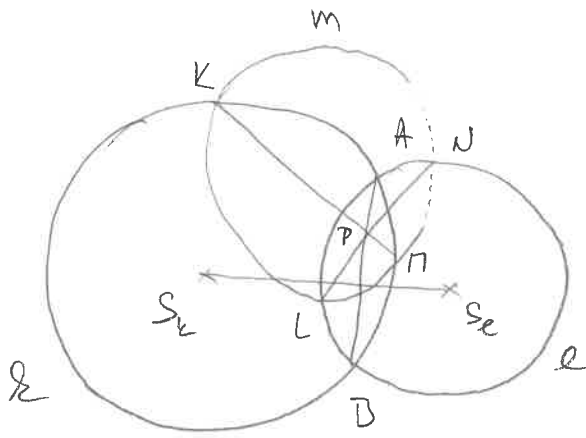
ozn. $P \in l \cap \overleftrightarrow{AS}, P \neq A$

$$m_S(l) = -\underbrace{|PS|}_r \cdot \underbrace{|NS|}_r = -\underbrace{|AS|}_d \cdot |PS|$$

$$\Rightarrow |PS| = \frac{r^2}{d} = \text{konst.} \Rightarrow$$

Poloha P se nezmení pri zmeně priemeru r

6)

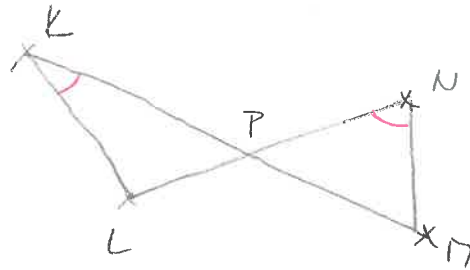


Ozvu. Δm šestiúhelníková ops.

ΔKLN

$$\left. \begin{aligned} m_P(S_L) &= -|AP| \cdot |BP| = -|KP| \cdot |PM| \\ m_P(S_R) &= -|AP| \cdot |BP| = -|LP| \cdot |PN| \end{aligned} \right\} \Rightarrow |KP| \cdot |PM| = |LP| \cdot |PN|$$

$\Rightarrow N \in m$



dt. $\Rightarrow \frac{|KP|}{|PN|} = \frac{|LP|}{|PM|}$

+ vrcholové úhly:
 $\angle KPL = \angle NPN$

$\Delta KPL \sim \Delta NPN$ (sas)

$$\Rightarrow \begin{aligned} \angle LKP &= \angle PNM \\ \parallel & \parallel \\ \angle LKN &= \angle MNL \end{aligned}$$

$\Rightarrow z$ K a N (ležících v téže polorovině s hran. přímkou \overleftrightarrow{LN} vidíme LN pod stejnými (obvodovými) úhly \Rightarrow body K, L, M, N leží na téže kružnici m